Altivar 71

Programming manual

Retain for future use

Variable speed drives for synchronous and asynchronous motors

Software V2.5





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Read and understand these instructions before performing any procedure on this drive.

▲ DANGER

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE

- Read and understand the Installation Manual before installing or operating the ATV71 drive. Installation, adjustment, repair, and maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel.
- The user is responsible for compliance with all international and national electrical standards in force concerning protective grounding of all equipment.
- Many parts of this variable speed drive, including the printed circuit boards, operate at the line voltage. DO NOT TOUCH.

Use only electrically insulated tools.

- · DO NOT touch unshielded components or terminal strip screw connections with voltage present.
- DO NOT short across terminals PA/+ and PC/- or across the DC bus capacitors.
- Install and close all the covers before applying power or starting and stopping the drive.
- · Before servicing the variable speed drive
 - Disconnect all power.
 - Place a "DO NOT TURN ON" label on the variable speed drive disconnect.
 - Lock the disconnect in the open position.
- Disconnect all power including external control power that may be present before servicing the drive. WAIT 15
 MINUTES to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge. Then follow the DC bus voltage measurement procedure
 given in the Installation Manual to verify that the DC voltage is less than 45 V. The drive LEDs are not accurate
 indicators of the absence of DC bus voltage.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

DAMAGED EQUIPMENT

Do not operate or install any drive that appears damaged.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Documentation structure

The following Altivar 71 technical documents are available on the Telemecanique website (www.telemecanique.com) as well as on the CD-ROM supplied with the drive.

Installation Manual

This bulletin contains complete mounting and wiring instructions.

Programming manual

This describes the functions, parameters and use of the drive terminal (integrated display terminal and graphic display terminal). The communication functions are not described in this manual, but in the manual for the bus or network used.

Communication Parameters Manual

This manual describes:

- The drive parameters with specific information for use via a bus or communication network.
- The operating modes specific to communication (state chart).
- The interaction between communication and local control.

Manuals for Modbus, CANopen, Ethernet, Profibus, INTERBUS, Uni-Telway, FIPIO and Modbus Plus, etc.

These manuals describe the assembly, connection to the bus or network, signaling, diagnostics, and configuration of the communication-specific parameters via the integrated display terminal or the graphic display terminal.

They also describe the communication services of the protocols.

ATV 58-58F/ATV 71 Migration Manual

This manual describes the differences between the Altivar 71 and the Altivar 58/58F and explains how to replace an Altivar 58 or 58F, including how to replace drives communicating on a bus or a network.

ATV 78/ATV 61/71 Migration Manual

This manual describes the differences between the Altivar 61/71 and Altivar 78 and explains how to replace an Altivar 78.

Software enhancements

Since the Altivar ATV 71 was first launched, it has benefited from the addition of several new functions. The software version has been updated to V2.5. The old versions can be replaced by this new one without any modifications.

Although this documentation relates to version V2.5, it can still be used with earlier versions, as the updates merely involve the addition of values and parameters, and none of the parameters of the previous versions have been modified or removed.

Enhancements made to version V1.2 in comparison to V1.1

Factory setting



Note 1: In version V1.1, the analog input was 0 ± 10 V. For safety reasons, in the new version this input has been set to 0 + 10 V. Note 2: In version V1.1, analog output AO1 was assigned to the motor frequency. In the new version, this output is not assigned at all

With the exception of these two parameters, the factory settings of version V1.1 remain the same in the new version. The new functions are factory-set to disabled.

Motor frequency range

The maximum output frequency has been extended from 1000 to 1600 Hz (depending on the drive rating and control profile).

New parameters and functions

Menu [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-)

Addition of internal states and values relating to the new functions described below.

Menu [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)

- [High torque thd.] (ttH) page 65.
- [Low torque thd.] (ttL) page 65.
- [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page 66.
- [Freewheel stop Thd.] (FFt) page66.

Menu[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

- [rpm increment] (InSP) page 68.
- Extension of the following configurations to all drive ratings; previously limited to 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV71•••M3X and to 75 kW (100 HP) for ATV71•••N4:synchronous motor[Sync. mot.] (SYn) page 70, sinus filter [Sinus filter] (OFI) page 81, noise reduction [Noise reduction] (nrd) page 82, braking balance [Braking balance] (bbA) page 84.

Menu [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)

- Input Al1 can now be configured to 0 +10 V or 0 ± 10 V via [Al1 Type] (Al1t) page 93.
- [Al net. channel] (AIC1) page 97.
- New methods of assigning relays and logic outputs page 102: rope slack, high torque threshold, low torque threshold, motor in forward rotation, motor in reverse rotation, measured speed threshold reached, load variation detection.
- Analog output AO1 can now be used as a logic output and assigned to relay functions and logic outputs, page 107.
- New method of modifying the scale of analog outputs page 109 using the parameters [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) and [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx).
- New methods of assigning logic outputs page 110: signed motor torque and measured motor speed.
- New methods of assigning alarm groups page <u>114</u>: rope slack, high torque threshold, low torque threshold, measured speed threshold reached, load variation detection.

Software enhancements

Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

- The summing, subtraction and multiplication reference functions can now be assigned to virtual input [Network AI] (AIU1) page 135.
- New parameter [Freewheel stop Thd.] (FFt) page 140 used to set a threshold for switching to freewheel at the end of a stop on ramp or fast stop.
- Brake engage at regulated zero speed [Brake engage at 0] (bECd) page 161.
- Weight [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) page 166 can now be assigned to virtual input [Network AI] (AIU1).
- New "rope slack" function page 170, with the parameters [Rope slack config.] (rSd) and [Rope slack trq level] (rStL).
- Use of the ramp [Acceleration 2] (AC2) page 178 when starting and "waking up" the PID function.
- The torque limitation [TORQUE LIMITATION] (tOL-) page 185 can now be configured in whole % or in 0.1% increments using [Torque increment] (IntP) and assigned to virtual input [Network AI] (AIU1).
- New "stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch" function page 194, with the parameters [Stop distance] (Std), [Rated linear speed] (nLS) and [Stop corrector] (SFd).
- Positioning by sensors or limit switch [POSITIONING BY SENSORS] (LPO-) page 195 can now be configured in positive logic or negative logic using [Stop limit config. (SAL) and [Slowdown limit cfg.] (dAL).
- Parameter set switching [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) page 198 can now be assigned to the frequency thresholds attained [Freq. Th. att.] (FtA) and [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A).
- New half-floor: menu [HALF FLOOR] (HFF-) page 212.

Menu [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt)

- Possibility of reinitializing the drive without turning it off, via [Product reset] (rP) page 217.
- Possibility of reinitializing the drive via a logic input without turning it off, using [Product reset assig.] (rPA) page 217.
- The possibility of configuring the "output phase loss" fault [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) page 221 to [Output cut] (OAC) has been extended to all drive ratings (previously limited to 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV71•••M3X and 75 kW (100HP) for ATV71•••N4).
- The external fault [EXTERNAL FAULT] (EtF-) page 224 can now be configured in positive or negative logic via [External fault config.]
 (LEt).
- New monitoring function based on speed measurement via "Pulse input" page <a>231, via the <a>[FREQUENCY METER] menu (FqF-).
- New function for detecting load variation page 233, via the [DYNAMIC LOAD DETECT] menu (dLd-).
- Short-circuit faults on the braking unit can now be configured via[Brake res. fault Mgt] bUb) page 235.

Menu [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]

• In [7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS] page 262, the [KEYPAD CONTRAST] and [KEYPAD STAND-BY] parameters to adjust the contrast and stand-by mode of the graphic display unit.

Enhancements made to version V1.6 in comparison to V1.2

Extension of the range with the addition of ATV71••••Y drives for 500 to 690 V supplies.

There are no new parameters, but the adjustment ranges and factory settings of some parameters have been adapted to the new voltages.

[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu

Increased adjustment range for the relay and logic output delay parameters: 0 to 60000 ms instead of 0 to 9999 ms.

Enhancements made to version V2.5 in comparison to V1.6

[1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu

- New parameters [Skip Frequency] (JPF), [Skip Frequency 2] (JF2) and [3rd Skip Frequency] (JF3) page 66 allow to avoid critical speed which generate resonances.
- New parameter [Skip.Freq.Hysteresis] (JFH) page 66 to adjust the range of skip frequency.
- Possibility to adjust the parameter [Torque ratio] (trt) page 66 (visible too in [TORQUE CONTROL] (tOr-) menu page 182).

Important:

For V2.5 version, the behaviour of the following functions is different from the previous version when type of stop "freewheel" is selected (factory value):

- [LIMIT SWITCHES] (LSt-) function,
- [POSITIONING BY SENSORS] (LPO-) function,
- "shutdown" command by communication (see CiA402 state chart in communication parameters manual).

Actually, on previous versions, type of stop "freewheel" was not well done.

INSTALLATION

□ 1 Consult the Installation Manual



Tips:

- Before you start programming, complete the user setting tables, page 271.
- Perform an auto-tuning operation to optimize performance, page 42.
- If you get lost, return to the factory settings, page 247.
- Note: Check that the wiring of the drive is compatible with its configuration.

PROGRAMMING

Procedure applicable if the factory configuration, page 9, and use of the [SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu only are sufficient for the application.

- 2 Power up without run command
 - □ If you are using a separate power supply for the control section, follow the instructions on page 14.
 - 3 Select the language, if the drive has a graphic display terminal
 - 4 Configure the [SIMPLY START]

(5 / *□* -) menu

- □ 2-wire or 3-wire control
- Macro configuration
- □ Motor parameters
 - Perform an auto-tuning operation
- Motor thermal current
- □ Acceleration and deceleration ramps
- □ Speed variation range
- 5 Start

Factory configuration

Drive factory settings

The Altivar 71 is factory-set for the most common operating conditions:

- Macro configuration: Start/Stop
- Motor frequency: 50 Hz
- · Constant torque application with asynchronous motor and sensorless flux vector control
- · Normal stop mode on deceleration ramp
- · Stop mode in the event of a fault: freewheel
- · Linear, acceleration and deceleration ramps: 3 seconds
- Low speed: 0 Hz
- · High speed: 50 Hz
- Motor thermal current = rated drive current
- Standstill injection braking current = 0.7 x rated drive current, for 0.5 seconds
- · No automatic starts after a fault
- Switching frequency 2.5 kHz or 4 kHz depending on drive rating
- Logic inputs:
 - LI1: forward, LI2: Forward (2 operating direction), 2-wire control on transition
 - L13, L14, LI5, LI6: inactive (not assigned)
- · Analog inputs:
 - Al1: speed reference 0 +10 V
 - Al2: 0-20 mA, inactive (not assigned)
- Relay R1: The contact opens in the event of a fault (or drive off).
- Relay R2: Inactive (not assigned)
- Analog output AO1: 0-20 mA, inactive (not assigned)

If the above values are compatible with the application, the drive can be used without changing the settings.

Option card factory settings

The option card inputs/outputs are not factory-set.

The tables on the following pages show the most common combinations of functions and applications, in order to guide your selection. The applications in these tables relate to the following machines in particular:

- · Hoisting: cranes, overhead cranes, gantries (vertical hoisting, translation, slewing), lifting platforms
- Elevators: elevators in retrofit up to 1.2 m/s
- Handling: palletizers/depalletizers, conveyors, roller tables
- Packing: carton packers, labeling machines
- Textiles: weaving looms, carding frames, washing machines, spinners, drawing frames
- · Wood: automatic lathes, saws, milling
- High inertia: centrifuges, mixers, unbalanced machines (beam pumps, presses)
- Process

Each machine has its own special features, and the combinations listed here are neither mandatory nor exhaustive.

Some functions are designed specifically for a particular application. In this case, the application is identified by a tab in the margin on the relevant programming pages.

Motor control functions

					Applic	ations			
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process
V/f ratio	<u>70</u>								
Sensorless flux vector control	<u>70</u>								
Flux vector control with sensor	<u>70</u>								
2-point vector control	<u>70</u>								
Open-loop synchronous motor	<u>70</u>								
Output frequency of up to 1600 Hz	<u>68</u>								
Motor overvoltage limiting	<u>82</u>								
DC bus connection (see User's Manual)	-								
Motor fluxing using a logic input	<u>153</u>								
Switching frequency of up to 16 kHz	<u>81</u>								
Auto-tuning	<u>69</u>								

Functions on speed references

		Applications							
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process
Differential bipolar reference	90								
Reference delinearization (magnifying glass effect)	<u>92</u>								
Frequency control input	<u>124</u>								
Reference switching	<u>125</u> - <u>134</u>								
Reference summing	<u>133</u>								
Reference subtraction	<u>133</u>								
Reference multiplication	<u>133</u>								
S ramps	<u>136</u>								
Jog operation	144								
Preset speeds	<u>145</u>								
+ speed / - speed using single action pushbuttons (1 step)	148								
+ speed / - speed using double action pushbuttons (2 steps)	148	•							
+/- speed around a reference	<u>150</u>								
Save reference	<u>152</u>								

Application-specific functions

		Applications							
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process
Fast stop	<u>140</u>								
Limit switch management	<u>154</u>								
Brake control	<u>156</u>								
Load measurement	<u>165</u>								
High-speed hoisting	<u>167</u>								
Rope slack	<u>170</u>								
PID regulator	<u>172</u>								
Torque monitoring	<u>181</u>								
Motor/generator torque limit	<u>184</u>								
Load sharing	<u>84</u>								
Line contactor control	<u>188</u>								
Output contactor control	<u>190</u>								
Positioning by limit switches or sensors	<u>192</u>								
Stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch	<u>194</u>								
ENA system (mechanical with unbalanced load)	<u>79</u>								
Parameter switching	<u>197</u>								
Motor or configuration switching	200								
Traverse control	<u>204</u>								
Stop configuration	<u>140</u>								
Evacuation	<u>211</u>								
Half floor	<u>212</u>								

Safety functions/fault management

		Applications							
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process
Power Removal (safety function, see User's Manual)	-	•						•	
Deferred stop on thermal alarm	223								
Alarm handling	114								
Fault management	215 to 237								
IGBT tests	226								
Catch a spinning load	<u>219</u>								
Braking resistor thermal protection	<u>235</u>								
Motor protection with PTC probes	<u>215</u>								
Undervoltage management	<u>225</u>								
4-20mA loss	227								•
Uncontrolled output cut (output phase loss)	<u>221</u>								
Automatic restart	<u>218</u>								
Use of the "Pulse input" input to measure the speed of rotation of the motor.	231	•							
Load variation detection	233	•							

Turning on and configuring the drive

▲ DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Before turning on and configuring the Altivar 71, check that the PWR (POWER REMOVAL) input is deactivated (at state 0) in order to prevent unintended operation.
- Before turning on the drive, or when exiting the configuration menus, check that the inputs assigned to the run command are deactivated (at state 0) since they can cause the motor to start immediately.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



INCOMPATIBLE LINE VOLTAGE

Before turning on and configuring the drive, ensure that the line voltage is compatible with the supply voltage range shown on the drive nameplate. The drive may be damaged if the line voltage is not compatible.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Separate control section power supply

Only supply power to the power section the next time the drive is powered up when:

- A) The drive control section is powered independently of the power section (P24 and 0V terminals).
- B) Whenever an option card is added or replaced.

Power switching via line contactor



RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

- · Avoid operating the contactor frequently (premature ageing of the filter capacitors).
- Cycle times < 60 s may result in damage to the pre-charge resistor.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

User adjustment and extension of functions

- The display unit and buttons can be used to modify the settings and to extend the functions described in the following pages.
- Return to factory settings is made easy by the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu, see page 245.
- There are three types of parameter:
 - Display: Values displayed by the drive
 - Adjustment: Can be changed during operation or when stopped
 - Configuration: Can only be modified when stopped and no braking is taking place. Can be displayed during operation.

DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Check that changes made to the settings during operation do not present any danger.
- · We recommend stopping the drive before making any changes.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Setup - Preliminary recommendations

Starting

Important:

- In factory settings mode, the motor can only be supplied with power once the "forward", "reverse" and "DC injection stop" commands have been reset:
 - On power-up or a manual fault reset or after a stop command If they have not been reset, the drive will display "nSt" but will not start.
- If the automatic restart function has been configured ([Automatic restart] (Atr) parameter in the [1.8-FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-)
 menu, see page 218), these commands are taken into account without a reset being necessary.

Test on a low power motor or without a motor

- In factory settings mode, [Output Phase Loss] detection (OPL) page 221 is active (OPL = YES). To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment without having to switch to a motor with the same rating as the drive (particularly useful in the case of high power drives), deactivate [Output Phase Loss] (OPL = no).
- Configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page 70)



UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Motor thermal protection will not be provided by the drive if the motor current is less than 0.2 times the rated drive current. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Using motors in parallel

Configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page 70)



UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Motor thermal protection is no longer provided by the drive. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection on every motor.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Setup - Preliminary recommendations

ATV71 • • • Y - Network which presents often under voltage

To assure an optimal running of an ATV71•••Y used on network which presents often under voltage (network voltage contained between 425 V and 446 V), it is necessary to adjust [Prevention level] (UPL) = 383 V ([1.8-FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu, see page 226).

Using motor with nominal voltage lower than drive supply voltage

• Configure [Vector Control 2pt] (UC2) = [Yes] (YES) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page 72)

A CAUTION

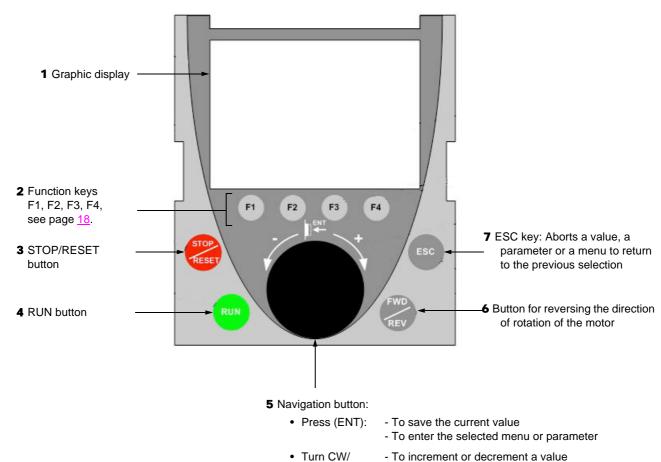
UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- To protect a motor which has a nominal voltage lower than drive supply voltage, it is mandatory to use [Vector Control 2pt] (UC2) function in order to limit maximal voltage of the motor lower than network voltage.
- Nevertheless, it is necessary to check that instantaneous voltage applied to the motor (link to DC bus voltage) are compatible with characteristics of this one.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Although the graphic display terminal is optional for low-power drives, it is a standard component on high-power drives (see catalog). The graphic display terminal can be disconnected and connected remotely (on the door of an enclosure for example) using the cables and accessories available as options (see catalog).

Description of terminal



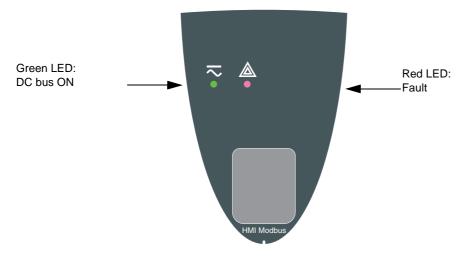
CCW:

- To increment or decrement a value
- To go to the next or previous line
- To increase or decrease the reference if control via the terminal is activated

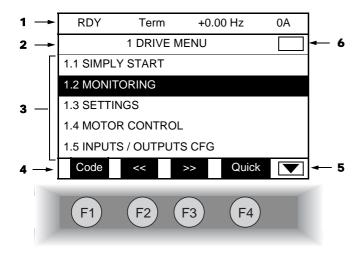
Note: Buttons 3, 4, 5 and 6 can be used to control the drive directly, if control via the terminal is activated.

Disconnected terminal

When the terminal is disconnected, 2 LEDs become visible:



Description of the graphic screen



- 1. Display line. Its content can be configured; the factory settings show:
 - The drive state (see page 19)
 - The active control channel:
 - Term: Terminals
 - HMI: Graphic display terminal
 - MDB: Integrated Modbus
 - CAN: Integrated CANopen
 - NET: Communication card
 - APP: Controller Inside card
 - · Frequency reference
 - Current in the motor
- 2. Menu line. Indicates the name of the current menu or submenu.
- **3.** Menus, submenus, parameters, values, bar charts, etc., are displayed in drop-down window format on a maximum of 5 lines. The line or value selected by the navigation button is displayed in reverse video.
- 4. Section displaying the functions assigned to the F1 to F4 keys and aligned with them, for example:
 - Code (F1): Displays the code of the selected parameter, i.e., the code corresponding to the 7-segment display.
 - HELP F1 : Contextual help
 - << F2 : Navigate horizontally to the left, or go to previous menu/submenu or, for a value, go to the next digit up, displayed in reverse video (see the example on page 20).
 - >> F3 : Navigate horizontally to the right or go to next menu/submenu (going to the [2 ACCESS LEVEL] menu in this example) or, for a value, go to the next digit down, displayed in reverse video (see the example on page 20).
 - Quick F4 : Quick navigation, see page <u>24</u>.

The function keys are dynamic and contextual.

Other functions (application functions) can be assigned to these keys via the [1.6 COMMAND] menu.

- Indicates that there are no more levels below this display window.Indicates that there are more levels below this display window.
- 6. Indicates that this display window does not scroll further up.
 Indicates that there are more levels above this display window.

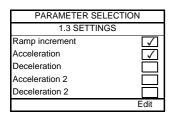
Drive state codes:

- ACC: Acceleration
- CLI: Current limit
- CTL: Controlled stop on input phase loss
- DCB: DC injection braking in progress
- DEC: Deceleration
- FLU: Motor fluxing in progress
- FST: Fast stop
- NLP: No line power (no line supply on L1, L2, L3)
- NST: Freewheel stop
- OBR: Auto-adapted deceleration
- PRA: Power Removal function active (drive locked)
- RDY: Drive ready
- RUN: Drive running
- SOC: Controlled output cut in progress
- TUN: Auto-tuning in progress
- USA: Undervoltage alarm

Example configuration windows:

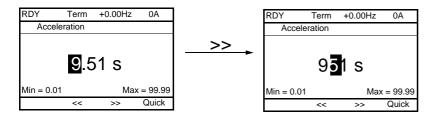
RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A
	5 LAN	GUAGE	
English			
Français			✓
Deutsch			
Español			
Italiano			
	<<	>>	Quick
Chinese			

When only one selection is possible, the selection made is indicated by \checkmark Example: Only one language can be chosen.



When multiple selection is possible, the selections made are indicated by **Solution** Example: A number of parameters can be chosen to form the [USER MENU].

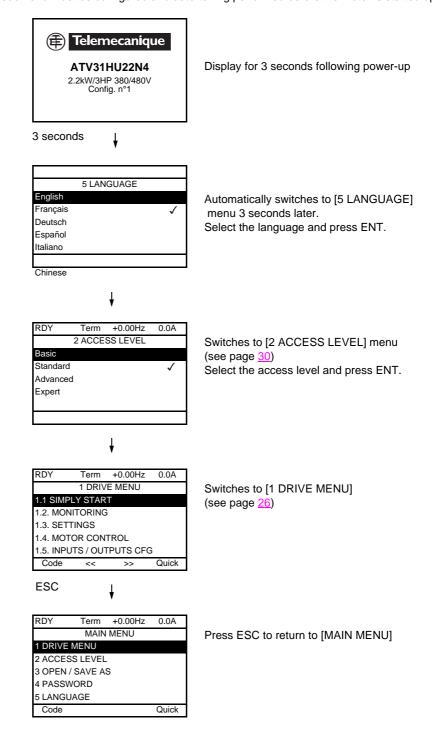
Example configuration window for one value:



The << and >> arrows (keys F2 and F3) are used to select the digit to be modified, and the navigation button is rotated to increase or decrease this number.

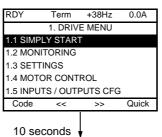
First power-up - [5. LANGUAGE] menu

The first time the drive is powered up, the user will automatically be guided through the menus as far as [1. DRIVE MENU]. The parameters in the [1.1 SIMPLY START] submenu must be configured and auto-tuning performed before the motor is started up.

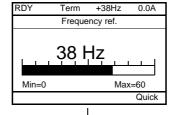


Subsequent power ups

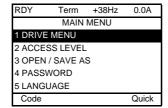




Switches to [1. DRIVE MENU] 3 seconds later.



If no operator inputs are made, switches to "Display" automatically 10 seconds later (the display will vary depending on the selected configuration).

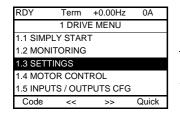


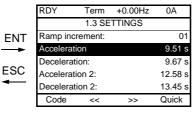
ENT or ESC

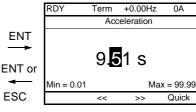
Users can return to [MAIN MENU] by pressing ENT or FSC

Programming: Example of accessing a parameter

Accessing the acceleration ramp







Quick

Note:

- To select a parameter:
 - Turn the navigation button to scroll vertically.
- · To modify a parameter:
 - Use the << and >> keys (F2 and F3) to scroll horizontally and select the digit to be modified (the selected digit changes to white on a black background).
 - Turn the navigation button to modify the digit.
- To cancel the modification:
 - Press ESC.
- To save the modification:
 - Press the navigation button (ENT).

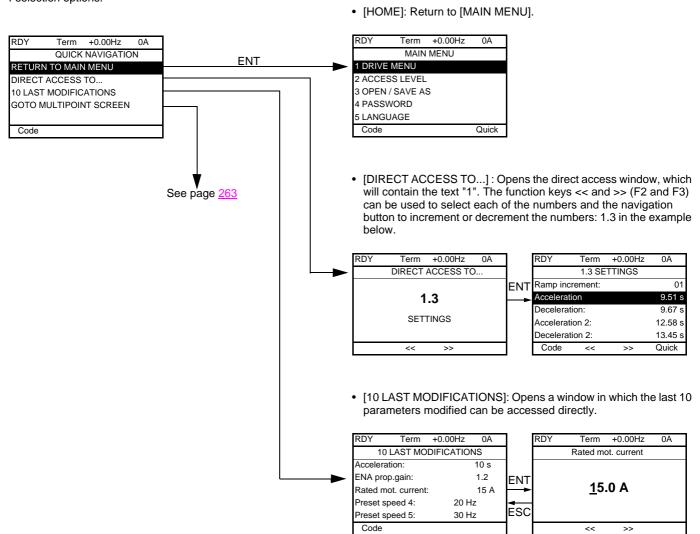
Quick navigation

If the "Quick" function is displayed above the F4 key, you can gain quick access to a parameter from any screen.

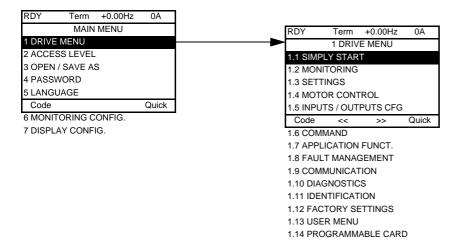
Example:

RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A					
1.4 N	1.4 MOTOR CONTROL							
Standard	l mot. freq:	5 (Hz IEC					
Rated mo	otor power:	0.37 k\	0.37 kW (0.5 HP)					
Rated me	otor volt.:		206 V					
Rated me	ot. current:		1.0 A					
Rated me	otor freq.:		50.0 Hz					
Code	<<	>>	Quick					

Press F4 to access the Quick screen, which contains 4 selection options.



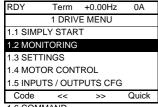
[MAIN MENU] - Menu mapping



Content of [MAIN MENU] menus

[1 DRIVE MENU]	See next page
[2 ACCESS LEVEL]	Defines which menus can be accessed (level of complexity)
[3 OPEN / SAVE AS]	Can be used to save and recover drive configuration files
[4 PASSWORD]	Provides password protection for the configuration
[5 LANGUAGE]	Language selection
[6 MONITORING CONFIG.]	Customization of information displayed on the graphic display terminal during operation
[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]	 Customization of parameters Creation of a customized user menu Customization of the visibility and protection mechanisms for menus and parameters

[1 DRIVE MENU]



- 1.6 COMMAND
- 1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.
- 1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT
- 1.9 COMMUNICATION
- 1.10 DIAGNOSTICS
- 1.11 IDENTIFICATION
- 1 12 FACTORY SETTINGS
- 1.13 USER MENU
- 1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD

Content of [1. DRIVE MENU] menus:

[1.1 SIMPLY START]: Simplified menu for a quick start

[1.2 MONITORING]: Visualization of current, motor and input/output values

[1.3 SETTINGS]: Accesses the adjustment parameters, which can be modified during operation

[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL]: Motor parameters (motor nameplate, auto-tuning, switching frequency, control algorithms, etc.)

[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]: I/O configuration (scaling, filtering, 2-wire control, 3-wire control, etc.)

[1.6 COMMAND]: Configuration of command and reference channels (graphic display terminal, terminals, bus, etc.)

[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]: Configuration of application functions (e.g., preset speeds, PID, brake logic control, etc.)

[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]: Configuration of fault management [1.9 COMMUNICATION]: Communication parameters (fieldbus)

[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]: Motor/drive diagnostics

[1.11 IDENTIFICATION]: Identifies the drive and the internal options

[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS]: Access to configuration files and return to factory settings

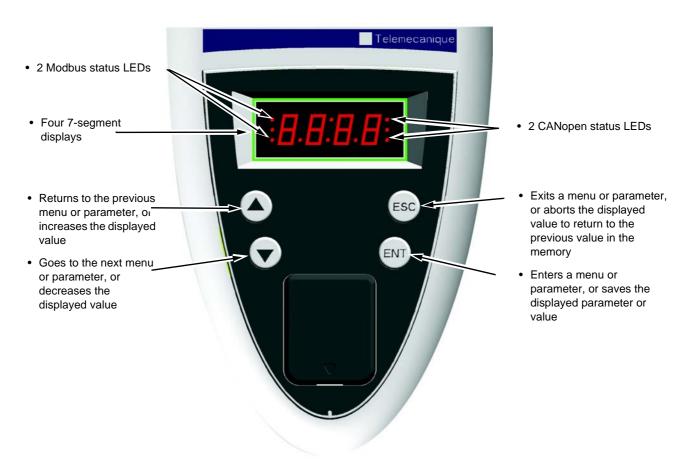
Specific menu set up by the user in the [7. DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu [1.13 USER MENU]:

[1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD]:: Configuration of optional Controller Inside card

Integrated display terminal

Low-power Altivar 71 drives (see catalog) feature an integrated display terminal with a 7-segment 4-digit display. The graphic display terminal described on the previous pages can also be connected to these drives as an option.

Functions of the display and the keys



Note:

- Pressing ▲ or ▼ does not store the selection.
- Press and hold down (>2 s) (or) to scroll through the data quickly.

Save and store the selection: ENT

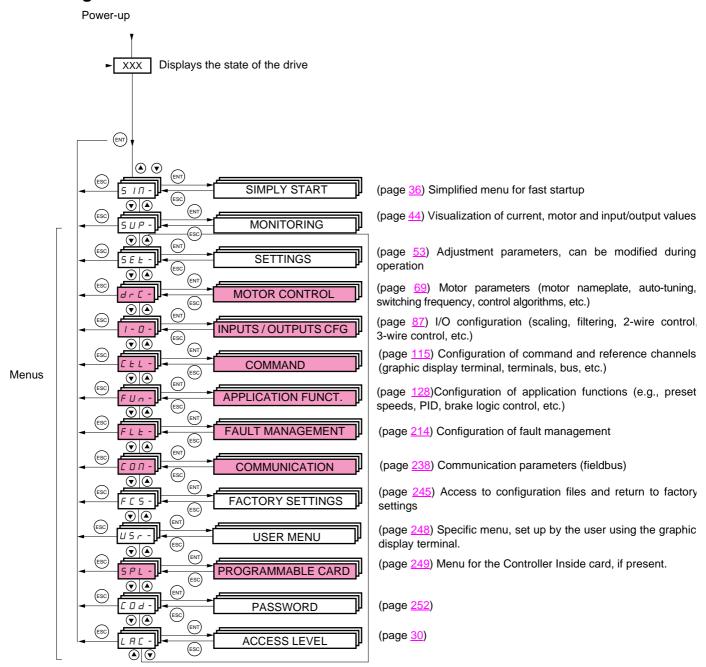
The display flashes when a value is stored.

Normal display, with no fault present and no startup:

- 43.0 : Display of the parameter selected in the SUP menu (default selection: motor frequency)
- CLI: Current limit
- CtL: Controlled stop on input phase loss
- dCb: DC injection braking in progress
- FLU: Motor fluxing in progress
- FSt: Fast stop.
- nLP: No line power (no line supply on L1, L2, L3)
- nSt: Freewheel stop
- Obr: Auto-adapted deceleration
- PrA: Power Removal function active (drive locked)
- rdY = Drive ready
- SOC: Controlled output cut in progress
- tUn: Auto-tuning in progress
- USA: Undervoltage alarm

The display flashes to indicate the presence of a fault.

Accessing menus



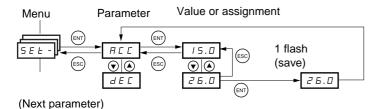
A dash appears after menu and submenu codes to differentiate them from parameter codes. Examples: FUn- menu, ACC parameter.

The grayed-out menus may not be accessible depending on the control access (LAC) configuration.

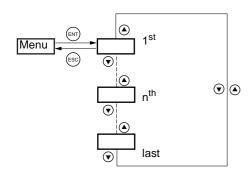
Integrated display terminal

Accessing menu parameters

Save and store the displayed selection : ENT

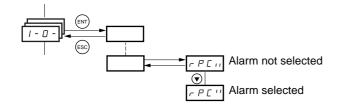


The display flashes when a value is stored.



All the menus are "drop-down" type menus, which means that after the last parameter, if you continue to press ∇ , you will return to the first parameter and, conversely, you can switch from the first parameter to the last parameter by pressing \triangle .

Selection of multiple assignments for one parameter



Example: List of group 1 alarms in [INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] menu (I-O-)

A number of alarms can be selected by "checking" them as follows.

The digit on the right indicates:

not selected.

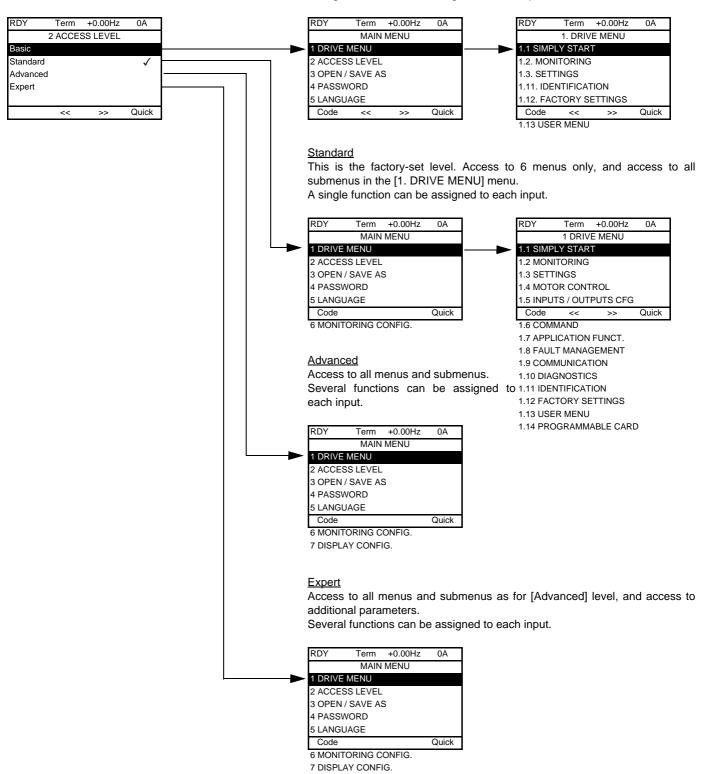
The same principle is used for all multiple selections.

With graphic display terminal

Basic

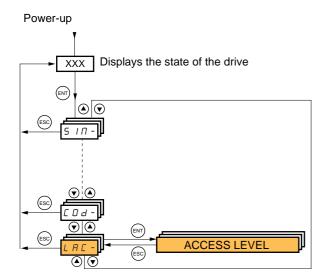
Access to 5 menus only, and access to 6 submenus only in the [1. DRIVE MENU] menu.

A single function can be assigned to each input.



[2. ACCESS LEVEL] (LAC-)

With integrated display terminal:



Code	Name/Description	Factory setting					
LAC-		Std					
Ь Я S	• bAS: Limited access to SIM, SUP, SEt, FCS, USr, COd and LAC menus. Only one function can be assigned to each input.						
5 E d	 Std: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal. Only one function can be assig 	ned to each input.					
Rdu							
EPr	 EPr: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal and access to additional parame can be assigned to each input. 	ters. Several function					

Comparison of the menus that can be accessed on the graphic display terminal/integrated display terminal

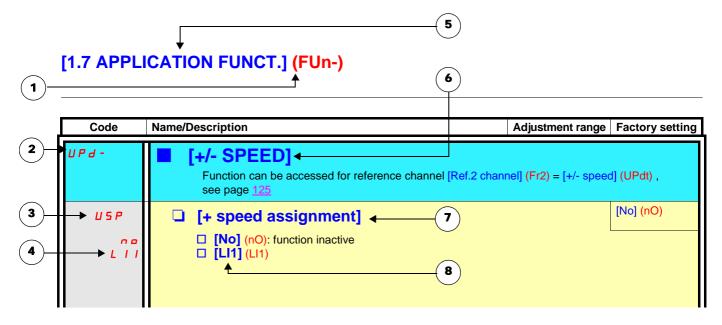
Graphic display termina	I	Integrated display terminal		Acces	s level	
[2 ACCESS LEVEL]		L R C - (Access level)				
[3 OPEN/SAVE AS]		-				
[4 PASSWORD]		Г□ d - (Password)				
[5 LANGUAGE]		-				
[1 DRIVE MENU]	[1.1 SIMPLY START]	5 IΠ - (Simply start)	A 5			
	[1.2 MONITORING]	5 UP - (Monitoring)	9			
	[1.3 SETTINGS]	5 E L - (Settings)	Basic	Œ		
	[1.11 IDENTIFICATION]	-	ä	tting		
	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS]	F E 5 - (Factory settings)		se.		
	[1.13 USER MENU]	IJ5r - (User menu)		tory		
A single function can be a	assigned to each input.	A single function can be assigned to each input.		d (factory setting)	ПРН	
	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL]	dr [- (Motor control)		F		L
	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	ו - ם - (I/O configuration)		Б	Advanced	E P
	[1.6 COMMAND]	[E L - (Command)		Standard	evb	Expert <i>E</i>
	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	FUn - (Application functions)		Star	¥	dxii
	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	F L E - (Fault management)		0,		_
	[1.9 COMMUNICATION]	г □ п - (Communication)				
	[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]	-				
	[1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] (1)	PL C - (Controller Inside card) (1)				
[6 MONITORING CONFIG	3.]	-				
A single function can be a	assigned to each input.	A single function can be assigned to each input.				
[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]		-			π	
Several functions can be	assigned to each input.	Several functions can be assigned to each input.				
Expert parameters		Expert parameters				_
Several functions can be	assigned to each input.	Several functions can be assigned to each input.				

⁽¹⁾ Can be accessed if the Controller Inside card is present.

Structure of parameter tables

The parameter tables in the descriptions of the various menus can be used with both the graphic display terminal and the integrated display terminal. They, therefore, contain information for these two terminals in accordance with the description below.

Example:



- 1. Name of menu on 4-digit 7-segment display.
- 2. Submenu code on 4-digit 7-segment display.
- 3. Parameter code on 4-digit 7-segment display.
- 4. Parameter value on 4-digit 7-segment display.

- 5. Name of menu on graphic display terminal.
- 6. Name of submenu on graphic display terminal.
- 7. Name of parameter on graphic display terminal.
- **8.** Value of parameter on graphic display terminal.



Note:

- The text in square brackets [] indicates what you will see on the graphic display terminal.
- The factory settings correspond to [Macro configuration] (CFG) = [Start/Stop] (StS). This is the macro configuration set at the factory.

Interdependence of parameter values

The configuration of certain parameters modifies the adjustment range of other parameters, in order to reduce the risk of errors. **This may result in the modification of a factory setting or a value you have already selected.**

Example:

- 1. [Current Limitation] (CLI) page 60 set to 1.6 In or left at its factory setting, 1.5 In
- 2. [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 60 set to 1 kHz (and confirmed with "ENT") restricts [Current Limitation] (CLI) to 1.36 ln
- 3. If [Switching freq.] (SFr) is increased to 4 kHz, [Current limitation] (CLI) is no longer restricted, but remains at 1.36 In. If you require 1.6 In, you must reset [Current Limitation] (CLI).

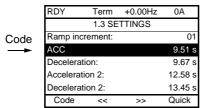
Finding a parameter in this document

The following assistance with finding explanations on a parameter is provided:

- With the integrated display terminal: Direct use of the parameter code index, page <u>274</u>, to find the page giving details of the displayed parameter.
- With the graphic display terminal: Select the required parameter and press F1: [Code]. The parameter code is displayed instead of its name while the key is held down.

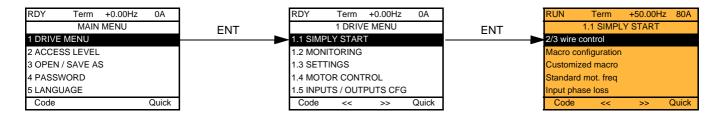
Example: ACC

RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A			
	1.3 SE	TTINGS				
Ramp inc	rement:		01			
Accelerat	Acceleration					
Decelera	tion:		9.67 s			
Accelerat	Acceleration 2:					
Decelera	13.45 s					
Code	<<	>>	Quick			

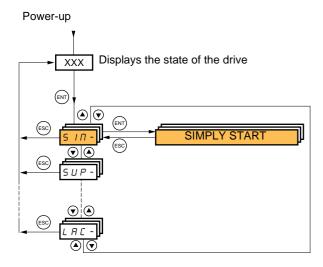


Then use the parameter code index, page 274, to find the page giving details of the displayed parameter.

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



The [1.1-SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu can be used for fast startup, which is sufficient for the majority of applications.

The parameters in this menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present, with the following exceptions:

- Auto-tuning, which causes the motor to start up
- The adjustment parameters on page 43



Note: The parameters of the [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu must be entered in the order in which they appear, as the later ones are dependent on the first ones.

For example [2/3 wire control] (tCC) must be configured before any other parameters.

The [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu should be configured **on its own or before the other drive configuration menus**. If a modification has previously been made to any of them, in particular in [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-), some [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) parameters may be changed, for example, the motor parameters, if a synchronous motor has been selected. Returning to the [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu after modifying another drive configuration menu **is unnecessary** but does not pose any risk. Changes following modification of another configuration menu **are not described**, to avoid unnecessary complication in this section.

Macro configuration

Macro configuration provides a means of speeding up the configuration of functions for a specific field of application. 7 macro configurations are available:

- Start/stop (factory configuration)
- Handling
- General use
- Hoisting
- PID regulator
- Communication bus
- · Master/slave

Selecting a macro configuration assigns the parameters in this macro configuration.

Each macro configuration can still be modified in the other menus.

[1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Macro configuration parameters Assignment of the inputs/outputs

Input/ output	[Start/Stop]	[M. handling]	[Gen. Use]	[Hoisting]	[PID regul.]	[Network C.]	[Mast./ slave]
Al1	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]		[Ref.2 channel] ([Ref.1 channel] = integrated Modbus) (1)	[Ref.1 channel]
Al2	[No]	[Summing ref. 2]	[Summing ref. 2]	[No]	[PID feedback]	[No]	[Torque reference]
AO1	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
R1	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]
R2	[No]	[No]	[No]	[Brk control]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LI1 (2-wire)	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]
LI2 (2-wire)	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]
LI3 (2-wire)	[No]	[2 preset speeds]	[Jog]	[Fault reset]	[PID integral reset]	[Ref. 2 switching]	[Trq/spd switching]
LI4 (2-wire)	[No]	[4 preset speeds]	[Fault reset]	[External fault]	[2 preset PID ref.]	[Fault reset]	[Fault reset]
LI5 (2-wire)	[No]	[8 preset speeds]	[Torque limitation]	[No]	[4 preset PID ref.]	[No]	[No]
LI6 (2-wire)	[No]	[Fault reset]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LI1 (3-wire)	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
LI2 (3-wire)	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]
LI3 (3-wire)	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]
LI4 (3-wire)	[No]	[2 preset speeds]	[Jog]	[Fault reset]	[PID integral reset]	[Ref. 2 switching]	[Trq/spd switching]
LI5 (3-wire)	[No]	[4 preset speeds]	[Fault reset]	[External fault]	[2 preset PID ref.]	[Fault reset]	[Fault reset]
LI6 (3-wire)	[No]	[8 preset speeds]	[Torque limitation]	[No]	[4 preset PID ref.]	[No]	[No]
			Optio	n cards	+		
LI7 to LI14	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LO1 to LO4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
R3/R4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
Al3, Al4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
RP	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
AO2	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]
AO3	[No]	[Sign. torque]	[No]	[Sign. torque]	[PID Output]	[No]	[Motor freq.]
	ı	I	Graphic displa	ay terminal keys	I	I	ı
F1 key	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	Control via graphic display terminal	[No]
F2, F3, F4 keys	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]

In 3-wire control, the assignment of inputs LI1 to LI6 shifts.

Note: These assignments are reinitialized every time the macro configuration changes.

⁽¹⁾ To start with integrated Modbus [Modbus Address] (Add) must first be configured, page $\underline{240}$.

[1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Macro configuration parameters

Other configurations and settings

In addition to the assignment of inputs/outputs, other parameters are assigned only in the Hoisting and Mast./slave macro configurations.

Hoisting

- [Movement type] (bSt) = [Hoisting] (UEr) page 160
- [Brake contact] (bCl) = [No] (nO) page 160
- [Brake impulse] (bIP) = [No] (nO) page 160
- [Brake release I FW] (lbr) = [Rated mot. current] (nCr) page 160
- [Brake Release time] (brt) = 0.5 s page 161
- [Brake release freq] (blr) = [Auto] (AUtO) page 161
- [Brake engage freq] (bEn) = [Auto] (AUto) page 161
- [Brake engage time] (bEt) = 0.5 s page 161
- [Engage at reversal] (bEd) = [No] (nO) page 162
- [Jump at reversal] (JdC) = [Auto] (AUtO) page 162
- [Time to restart] (ttr) = 0 s page 162
- [Current ramp time] (brr) = 0 s page 164
- [Low speed] (LSP) = Rated motor slip calculated by the drive, page 43
- [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Yes] (YES) page 221. No further modifications can be made to this parameter.
- [Catch on the fly] (FLr) = [No] (nO) page 219. No further modifications can be made to this parameter.

Mast./slave:

• [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC I] (CUC) page 70

Note: These assignments are forced every time the macro configuration changes, except for [Motor control type] (Ctt) for the Mast./slave macro configuration, if it is configured in [FVC] (FUC).

Return to factory settings:

Returning to factory settings with [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf] (InI) page 247 will return the drive to the selected macro configuration. The [Macro configuration] (CFG) parameter does not change, although [Customized macro] (CCFG) disappears.



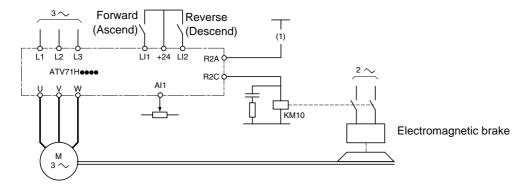
Note:

• The factory settings that appear in the parameter tables correspond to [Macro configuration] (CFG) = [Start/Stop] (StS). This is the macro configuration set at the factory.

[1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

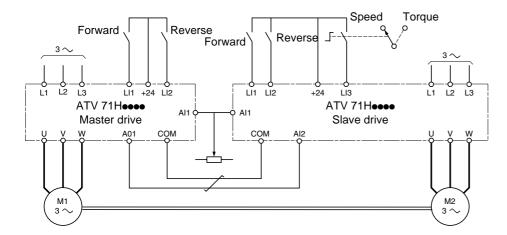
Example diagrams for use with the macro configurations

[Hoisting] (HSt) diagram

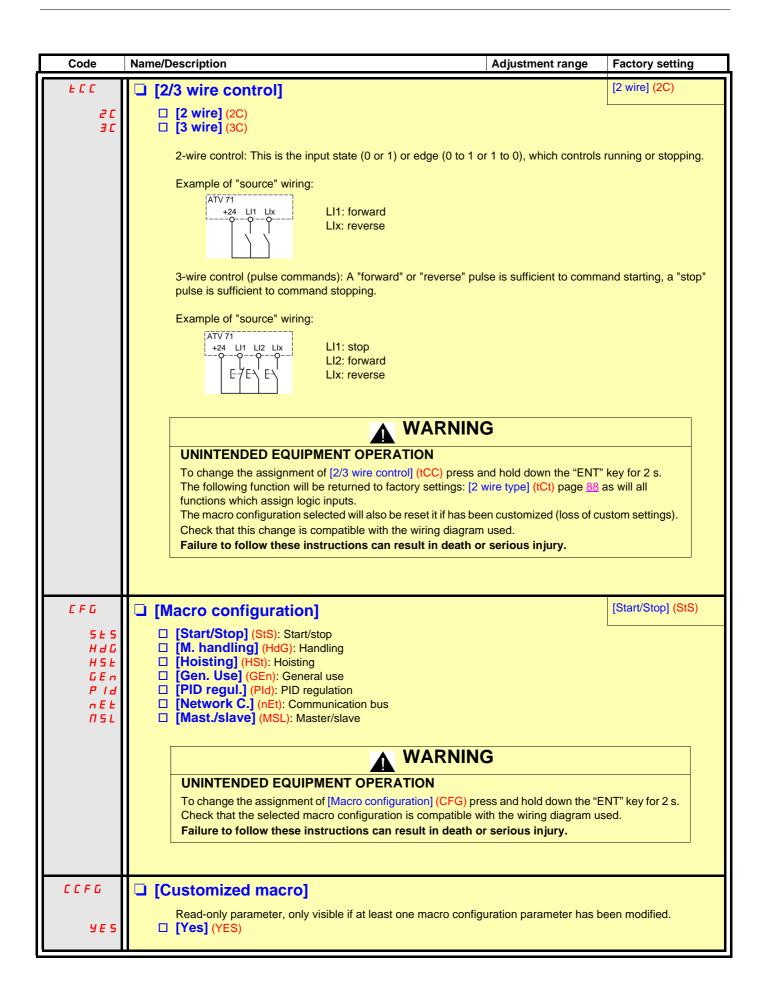


(1) A contact on the Preventa module must be inserted in the brake control circuit to engage it safely when the "Power Removal" safety function is activated (see connection diagrams in the Installation Manual).

[Mast./slave] (MSL) diagram



When the two motors are mechanically connected, the Speed/torque contact closing results in operation in Mast./slave mode. The master drive regulates the speed and controls the slave drive in torque mode to ensure distribution of the load.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
ЬFr	☐ [Standard mot. freq]		[50Hz IEC] (50)		
5 0 6 0	☐ [50Hz IEC] (50): IEC ☐ [60Hz NEMA] (60): NEMA This parameter modifies the presets of the following parameters:[Rated motor volt.] (UnS) below, [High speed] (HSP) page 43, [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 66, [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) and [Max frequency] (tFr).				
IPL	☐ [Input phase loss]		According to drive rating		
n 0 4 E S	 ☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored, to be used when the drive in DC bus. ☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Fault, with freewheel stop. 				
	If one phase disappears, the drive switches to fault mode disappear, the drive continues to operate until it trips on a This parameter is only accessible in this menu on ATV71F phase supply).	n undervoltage fault.			
n P r	☐ [Rated motor power]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating		
	Rated motor power given on the nameplate, in kW if [Standar [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60Hz NEMA] (60).	d mot. freq] (bFr) = [50H	z IEC] (50), in HP if		
U n 5	☐ [Rated motor volt.]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)		
	Rated motor voltage given on the nameplate. ATV71●●●M3: 100 to 240 V - ATV71●●●N4: 200 to 480 V - AT	√71•••Y: 400 to 690 V			
nEr	☐ [Rated mot. current]	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)		
	Rated motor current given on the nameplate.				
F r 5	☐ [Rated motor freq.]	10 to 500 Hz	50 Hz		
	Rated motor frequency given on the nameplate. The factory setting is 50 Hz, or preset to 60 Hz if [Standard m	ot. freq] (bFr) is set to 60) Hz.		
n 5 P	☐ [Rated motor speed]	0 to 60000 RPM	According to drive rating		
	Rated motor speed given on the nameplate. 0 to 9999 rpm then 10.00 to 60.00 krpm on the integrated display terminal. If, rather than the rated speed, the nameplate indicates the synchronous speed and the slip in Hz or as a %, calculate the rated speed as follows:				
	 Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x				
	• Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x $\frac{60 - \text{slip in Hz}}{60}$	— (60 Hz motors)			
E F r	☐ [Max frequency]	10 to 1600 Hz	60 Hz		
	The factory setting is 60 Hz, or preset to 72 Hz if [Standard m The maximum value is limited by the following conditions:) Hz.		
	 It must not exceed 10 times the value of [Rated motor freq.] It must not exceed 500 Hz for ATV71 ••• Y drives or those r 500 Hz and 1600 Hz are only possible for powers limited to 	ated higher than ATV711	HD37 (values between		

⁽¹⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting			
ЕUn	☐ [Auto tuning]	[No] (nO)			
n 0 4 E S	 □ [No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed. □ [Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automati (dOnE). □ [Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed. Caution: It is essential that all motor parameters ([Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor free current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP), [Rated motor power] (nPr)) are configured starting auto-tuning. If at least one of these parameters is modified after auto-tuning has been performed, return to [No] (nO) and must be repeated. Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewheet treation has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0). 	[Auto tuning] (tUn) will			
	 function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0). Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be taken into account after the auto-tuning sequence. If auto-tuning fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and, depending on the configuration of [Autotune fault mgt] (tnL) page 235, may switch to [Auto-tuning] (tnF) fault mode. Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the display to change to "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)". Note: During auto-tuning the motor operates at rated current. 				
E U 5	□ [Auto tuning status]	[Not done] (tAb)			
E A b P E n d P r O G F A I L d O n E	(for information only, cannot be modified) □ [Not done] (tAb): The default stator resistance value is used to control the motor. □ [Pending] (PEnd): Auto-tuning has been requested but not yet performed. □ [In Progress] (PrOG): Auto-tuning in progress. □ [Failed] (FAIL): Auto-tuning has failed. □ [Done] (dOnE): The stator resistance measured by the auto-tuning function is used to control the motor.				
PHr	☐ [Output Ph rotation]	[ABC] (AbC)			
A P C	□ [ABC] (AbC): Forward □ [ACB] (ACb): Reverse This parameter can be used to reverse the direction of rotation of the motor without rev	versing the wiring.			

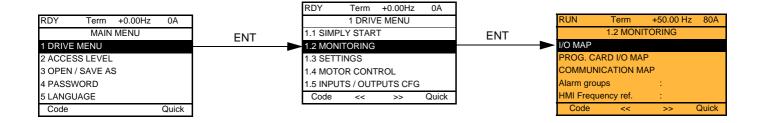
Parameters that can be changed during operation or when stopped

Code	Name/Description		Factory setting	
I E H	☐ [Mot. therm. current]	0.2 to 1.5 ln (1)	According to drive rating	
	Motor thermal protection current, to be set to the rated current	indicated on the namep	late.	
ACC	☐ [Acceleration]	0.1 to 999.9 s	3.0 s	
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page 41). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.			
d E C	☐ [Deceleration]	0.1 to 999.9 s	3.0 s	
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page $\underline{4}$ with the inertia being driven.	1) to 0. Make sure that the	nis value is compatible	
L 5 P	□ [Low speed]		0	
	Motor frequency at minimum reference, can be set between 0 and [High speed] (HSP).			
H 5 P	☐ [High speed]		50 Hz	
	Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between [L factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) =		ax frequency] (tFr). The	

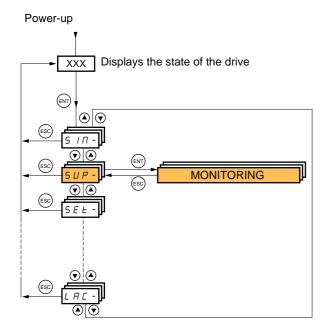
⁽¹⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

[1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-)

With graphic display terminal:



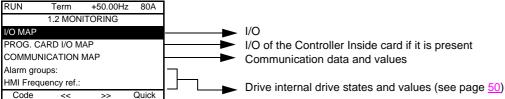
With integrated display terminal:

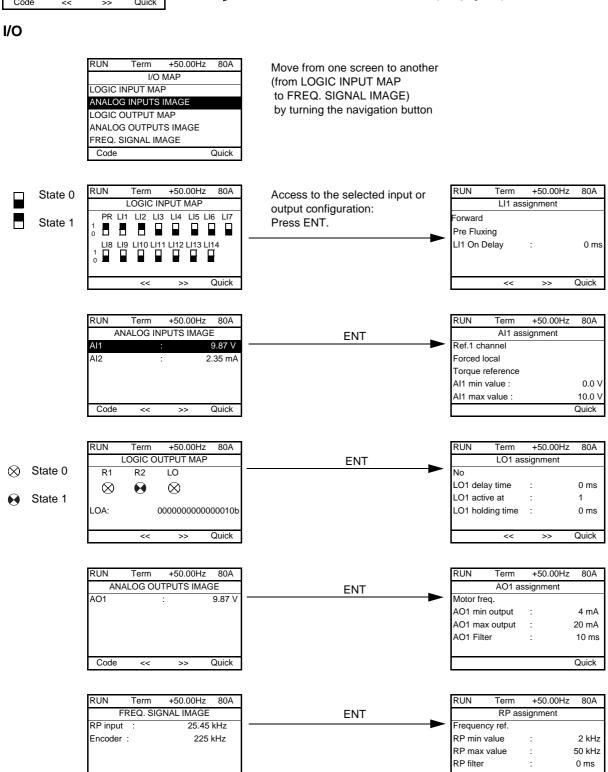


Code

Quick

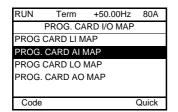
This menu can be used to display the inputs/outputs, the drive internal states and values, and the communication data and values.





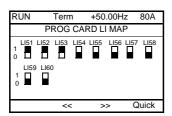
Quick

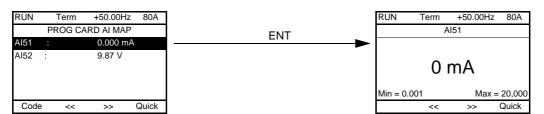
Controller Inside card I/O



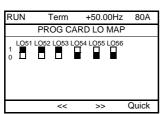
Move from one screen to another (from PROG CARD LI MAP to PROG. CARD AO MAP) by turning the navigation button

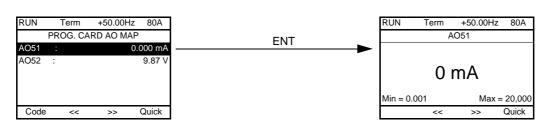




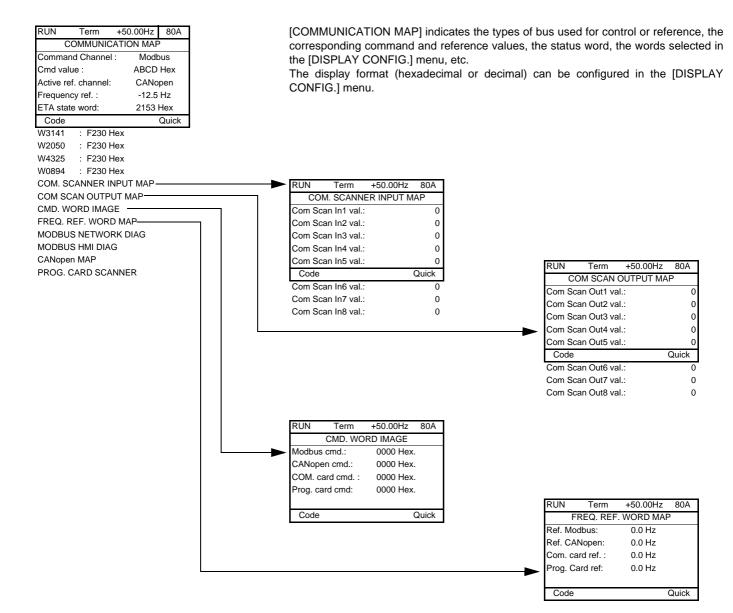








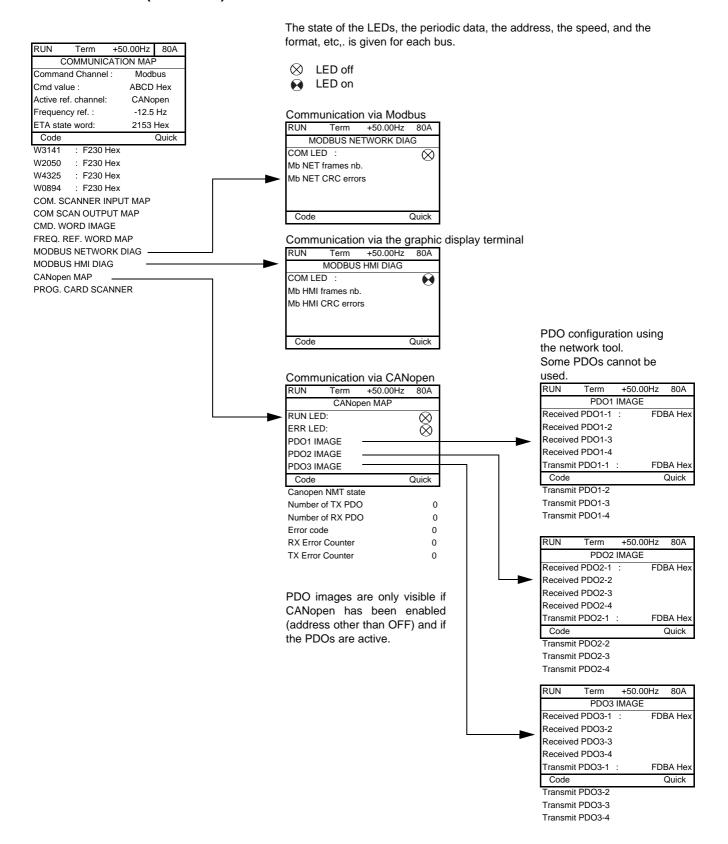
Communication



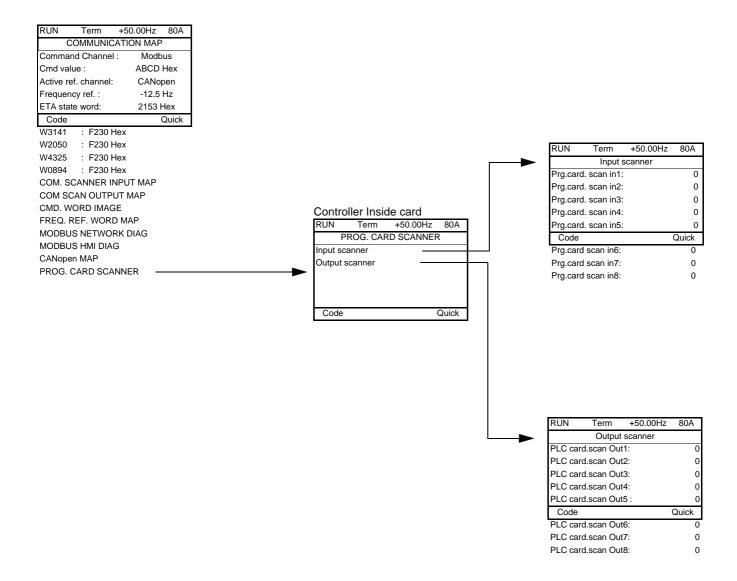
[COM. SCANNER INPUT MAP] and [COM SCAN OUTPUT MAP]:

Visualization of registers exchanged periodically (8 input and 8 output) for integrated Modbus and for fieldbus cards.

Communication (continued)



Communication (continued)



[Input scanner] and [Output scanner]:

Visualization of registers exchanged periodically (8 input and 8 output).

With graphic display terminal: Drive-internal states and values

```
Name/Description
[Alarm groups] (ALGr)
                              Current alarm group numbers
[HMI Frequency ref.] (LFr)
                              in Hz. Frequency reference via the graphic display terminal (can be accessed if the function has been
                              configured).
[Internal PID ref.] (rPI)
                              as a process value. PID reference via graphic display terminal (can be accessed if the function has been
                              configured).
[HMI torque ref.] (Ltr)
                              as a % of the rated torque. Torque reference via graphic display terminal.
[Multiplying coeff.] (MFr)
                              as a % (can be accessed if [Multiplier ref. -] (MA2,MA3) page 135 has been assigned)
[Frequency ref.] (FrH)
                              in Hz
[Torque reference] (trr)
                              as a % of the rated torque (can be accessed if the function has been configured)
[Output frequency] (rFr)
                              in Hz
[Measured output fr.] (MMF)
                              in Hz: The measured motor speed is displayed if an encoder card has been inserted, otherwise 0 appears.
[Pulse in. work. freq.] (FqS)
                              in Hz: Frequency of the "Pulse input" input used by the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) function, page 232.
[Motor current] (LCr)
[ENA avg speed] (AUS)
                              in Hz: The parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA) = [Yes] (YES) (see page 80)
[Motor speed] (SPd)
                              in rpm
[Motor voltage] (UOP)
                              in V
[Motor power] (OPr)
                              as a % of the rated power
                              as a % of the rated torque
[Motor torque] (Otr)
[Mains voltage] (ULn)
                              in V. Line voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor running or stopped.
[Motor thermal state] (tHr)
                              as a %
[Drv.thermal state] (tHd)
                              as a %
[DBR thermal state] (tHb)
                              as a % (can only be accessed on high rating drives)
[Consumption] (APH)
                              in Wh, kWh or MWh (accumulated consumption)
[Run time] (rtH)
                              in seconds, minutes or hours (length of time the motor has been switched on)
[Power on time] (PtH)
                              in seconds, minutes or hours (length of time the drive has been switched on)
[IGBT alarm counter] (tAC)
                              in seconds (length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm has been active)
                              as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
[PID reference] (rPC)
[PID feedback] (rPF)
                              as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
[PID error] (rPE)
                              as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
[PID Output] (rPO)
                              in Hz (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
                              Current date and time generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been
[Date/Time] (CLO)
                              inserted)
[- - - - -] (o02)
                              Words generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)
[- - - - -] (o06)
[Config. active] (CnFS)
                              Active configuration [Config. n°0, 1 or 2]
[Utilised param. set] (CFPS)
                              [Set n°1, 2 or 3] (can be accessed if parameter switching has been enabled, see page 198)
[ALARMS] (ALr-)
                              List of current alarms. If an alarm is present, a \checkmark appears.
[OTHER STATE] (SSt-)
                              List of secondary states:
                                   [In motor fluxing] (FLX): In motor fluxing
                                                                                             [HSP attained] (FLA): High speed attained
                                   [PTC1 alarm] (PtC1): Probe alarm 1
                                                                                             [Load slipping] (AnA): Slipping alarm
                                  [PTC2 alarm] (PtC2): Probe alarm 2
                                                                                             [Set 1 active] (CFP1): Parameter set 1
                                  [LI6=PTC alarm] (PtC3): LI6 = PTC probe alarm
                                                                                             active
                                  [Fast stop in prog.] (FSt): Fast stop in progress
                                                                                             [Set 2 active] (CFP2): Parameter set 2
                                  [Current Th. attained] (CtA): Current threshold
                                                                                             active
                                   attained ([Current threshold] (Ctd) page 65)
                                                                                             [Set 3 active] (CFP3): Parameter set 3
                                   [Freq. Th. attained] (FtA): Frequency threshold
                                                                                             active
                                   attained ([Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 66)
                                                                                             [In braking] (brS): Drive braking
                                   [Freq. Th. 2 attained] (F2A): 2<sup>nd</sup> frequency threshold
                                                                                             [DC bus loading] (dbL): DC bus loading
                                                                                             [Forward] (MFrd): Motor running forward
                                   attained ([Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page 66)
                                   [Frequency ref. att.] (SrA): Frequency reference
                                                                                             [Reverse] (MrrS): Motor running in reverse
                                   attained
                                                                                             [High torque alarm] (ttHA): Motor torque
                                   [Motor th. state att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state
                                                                                             overshooting high threshold [High torque
                                                                                             thd.] (ttH) page 65.
                                   attained
                                   [External fault alarm] (EtF): External fault alarm
                                                                                             [Low torque alarm] (ttLA): Motor torque
                                   [Auto restart] (AUtO): Automatic restart in progress
                                                                                             undershooting low threshold [Low torque
                                   [Remote] (FtL): Line mode control
                                                                                             thd.] (ttL) page 65.
                                   [Auto-tuning] (tUn): Performing auto-tuning
                                                                                             [Freq. meter Alarm] (FqLA): Measured
                                   [Undervoltage] (USA): Undervoltage alarm
                                                                                             speed threshold attained: [Pulse warning
                                   [Cnfg.1 act.] (CnF1): Configuration 1 active
                                                                                             thd.] (FqL) page 66.
                                   [Cnfg.2 act.] (CnF2): Configuration 2 active
```

With integrated display terminal

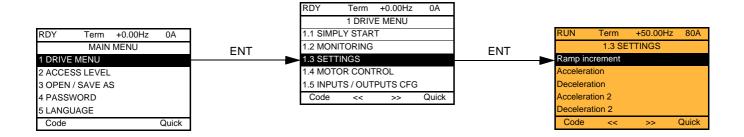
This menu can be used to display the drive inputs, states and internal values.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
Ι 🛮 Π -	I/O MAP
LIA-	Logic input functions
LIA to LIYA	Can be used to display the functions assigned to each input. If no functions have been assigned, nO is displayed. Use the ▲ and ▼ arrows to scroll through the functions. If a number of functions have been assigned to the same input, check that they are compatible.
L 15 I	■ State of logic inputs LI1 to LI8
	Can be used to visualize the state of logic inputs LI1 to LI8 (display segment assignment: high = 1, low = 0) State 1 State 0 LI1 LI2 LI3 LI4 LI5 Example above: LI1 and LI6 are at 1; LI2 to LI5, LI7 and LI8 are at 0.
L 152	■ State of logic inputs LI9 to LI14 and Power Removal
	Can be used to visualize the state of logic inputs LI9 to LI14 and PR (Power Removal) (display segment assignment: high = 1, low = 0) State 1
A IA -	Analog input functions
A I IA A I 2A A I 3A A I 4A	Can be used to display the functions assigned to each input. If no functions have been assigned, nO is displayed. Use the ▲ and ▼ arrows to scroll through the functions. If a number of functions have been assigned to the same input, check that they are compatible.

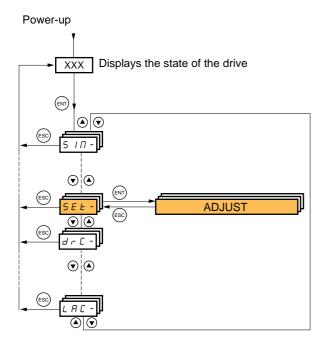
With integrated display terminal: Drive-internal states and values

Code	Name/Description	Unit
ALGr	Alarm groups: Current alarm group numbers	
r P I	Internal PID reference: PID reference via graphic display terminal (can be accessed if the function has been configured).	as a process value
ПЕг	Multiplication coefficient (can be accessed if [Multiplier ref] (MA2,MA3) page 135 has been assigned)	%
FrH	Frequency ref.	Hz
Err	Torque reference: Can be accessed if the function has been configured	%.
rFr	Output frequency	Hz
ППЕ	The measured motor speed is displayed if an encoder card has been inserted, otherwise 0 appears.	Hz
F 9 5	Frequency of the "Pulse input" input used by the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) function, page 232.	Hz
LEr	Motor current	А
AUS	ENA avg SPEED: The parameter can be accessed if EnA = YES (see page 80)	Hz
5 P d	Motor speed	rpm
UOP	Motor voltage	V
0Pr	Motor power	%
Otr	Motor torque	%
UL n	Line voltage: Line voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor running or stopped.	V
E H r	Motor thermal state	%
E H d	Drv thermal state	%
ЕНЬ	DBR thermal state: Can be accessed on high rating drives only.	%
ЯРН	Power consumption	Wh, kWh or MWh
r E H	Run time: Length of time the motor has been turned on	seconds, minutes or
PEH	Power on time: Length of time the drive has been turned on	hours
Ł A C	IGBT alarm counter: Length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm has been active	seconds
rPC	PID reference: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	as a process
rPF	PID feedback: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	value
r P E	PID error: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	
r P 0	PID Output: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	Hz
C L 0 -	tIME, dAY: Current date and time generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o 0 2	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o 0 3	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o O 4	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o O S	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o O 6	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
C n F 5	Config. active: CnF0, 1 or 2 (can be accessed if motor or configuration switching has been enabled, see page 203)	
CFP5	Utilised param. set: CFP1, 2 or 3 (can be accessed if parameter switching has been enabled, see page 198)	

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



The adjustment parameters can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Check that changes made to the settings during operation do not present any danger.
- We recommend stopping the drive before making any changes.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Inc	☐ [Ramp increment]	0,01 - 0,1 - 1	0,1
0. 0 I 0. I I	 □ [0,01]: ramp up to 99.99 seconds □ [0,1]: ramp up to 999.9 seconds □ [1]: ramp up to 6000 seconds This parameter is valid for [Acceleration] (ACC), [Deceleration] 2] (dE2). 	(dEC), [Acceleration 2]	(AC2) and [Deceleration
ACC	☐ [Acceleration]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	3.0 s
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (pa with the inertia being driven.	ge <u>68</u>). Make sure that t	his value is compatible
d E C	□ [Deceleration]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	3.0 s
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page $\underline{6}$ with the inertia being driven.	8) to 0. Make sure that t	his value is compatible
A C ≥	☐ [Acceleration 2]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	5.0 s
*	See page 138 Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Mainertia being driven.	ke sure that this value is	s compatible with the
4 E 2	☐ [Deceleration 2]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	5.0 s
*	See page 138 Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. Mainertia being driven.	ake sure that this value is	s compatible with the
E A I	□ [Begin Acc round]	0 to 100%	10%
*	See page 137 Rounding of start of acceleration ramp as a % of the [Acceleration ramp as a % of the page 137]	ation] (ACC) or [Accelera	ation 2] (AC2) ramp time.
Ŀ A ≥	☐ [End Acc round]		10%
*	See page 137 - Rounding of end of acceleration ramp as a % of the [Acc time. - Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Acc round] (tA		eleration 2] (AC2) ramp
Ŀ A ∃	☐ Begin Dec round]	0 to 100%	10%
*	See page 137 Rounding of start of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration ramp as a % of the page 12]	ation] (dEC) or [Decelera	ation 2] (dE2) ramp time.

(1) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr).



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
E A Y	☐ [End Dec round]		10%	
*	See page 137 Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2) ramp time. Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Dec round] (tA3))			
LSP	☐ [Low speed]		0 Hz	
	Motor frequency at minimum reference, can be set betwe	en 0 and [High speed] (HSP).	
H S P	☐ [High speed]		50 Hz	
	Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (b		ax frequency] (tFr). The	
I E H	☐ [Mot. therm. current]	0.2 to 1.5 In (1)	According to drive rating	
	Motor thermal protection current, to be set to the rated cu	rrent indicated on the name	olate.	
5 <i>P G</i>	☐ [Speed prop. gain]	0 to 1000%	40%	
	Speed loop proportional gain			
5 / E	☐ [Speed time integral]	1 to 1000%	100%	
	Speed loop integral time constant.			
5 F C	☐ [K speed loop filter]	0 to 100	0	
	Speed loop filter coefficient.	L		

⁽¹⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.

Parameter settings for [K speed loop filter] (SFC), [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) and [Speed time integral] (SIt)

- The following parameters can only be accessed in vector control profiles: [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [SVC V] (UUC), [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC), or [Sync. mot.] (SYn) and if [ENA system] (EnA) page 80 = [No] (nO).
- The factory settings are suitable for most applications.

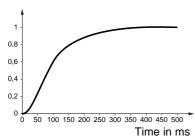
General case: Setting for [K speed loop filter] (SFC) = 0

The regulator is an "IP" type with filtering of the speed reference, for applications requiring flexibility and stability (hoisting or high inertia, for example).

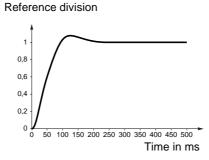
- [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) affects excessive speed.
- [Speed time integral] (Slt) affects the passband and response time.

Reference division

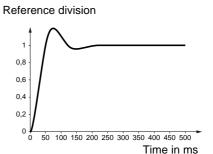
Initial response



Reduction in SIT 🔪

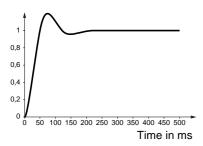


Reduction in SIT



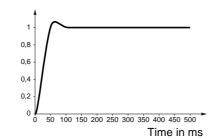
Initial response

Reference division



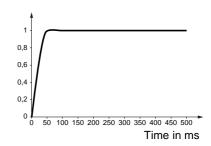
Increase in SPG 💉

Reference division



Increase in SPG 💉

Reference division



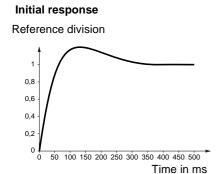
Special case: Parameter [K speed loop filter] (SFC) not 0

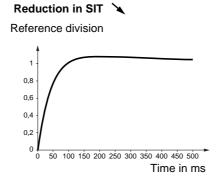
This parameter must be reserved for specific applications that require a short response time (trajectory positioning or servo control).

- When set to 100 as described above the regulator is a "PI" type, without filtering of the speed reference.
- Settings between 0 and 100 will obtain an intermediate function between the settings below and those on the previous page.

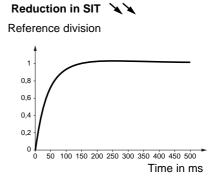
Example: Setting for [K speed loop filter] (SFC) = 100

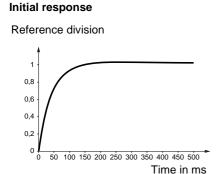
- [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) affects the passband and response time.
- [Speed time integral] (SIt) affects excessive speed.

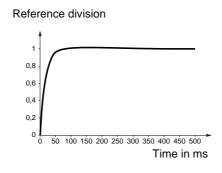


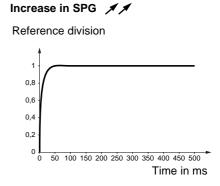


Increase in SPG 💉









Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
GPE	☐ [ENA prop.gain]	1 to 9999	250			
*	See page 80					
G IE	☐ [ENA integral gain]	0 to 9999	100			
*	See page <u>80</u>					
UFг	☐ [IR compensation]	25 to 200%	100%			
*	See page <u>73</u>	L	1			
5 L P	☐ [Slip compensation]	0 to 300%	100%			
*	See page <u>73</u>					
d C F	☐ [Ramp divider]	0 to 10	4			
*	See page <u>140</u>					
IdE	□ [DC inject. level 1]	0.1 to 1.41 ln (1)	0.64 ln (1)			
*	See page <u>141</u> Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic input of	or selected as stop mode	9.			
	CAUTION					
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without over Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipmen					
	· · ·					
Edl	☐ [DC injection time 1]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s			
*	See page 141 Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 1] (IdC). After this time the injection current becomes					
	[DC inject. level 2] (IdC2).		unent becomes			
1465	☐ [DC inject. level 2]	0.1 In (2) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 ln (1)			
*	See page 141 Injection current activated by logic input or selected as stop mode, once period of time [DC injection time 1] (tdl) has elapsed.					
	CAUTION					
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.					
FAC	☐ [DC injection time 2]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s			
*	See page 141 Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) for injection selected as stop mode only.					



Code	Name/Des	cription	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
5 d C 1	☐ [Au	to DC inj. level 1]	0 to 1.2 In (1)	0.7 ln (1)		
*	is	Level of standstill DC injection current. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page 142 is not [No] (nO) This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn).				
		CAUTION				
		Check that the motor will withstand this current without Failure to follow this instruction can result in equip	<u> </u>			
E d C I	□ [Au	to DC inj. time 1]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s		
*	If	tandstill injection time. This parameter can be accessed if [A [Motor control type] (Ctt) page $\frac{70}{2}$ = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync. maintenance time.				
5 <i>a c 2</i>	☐ [Au	to DC inj. level 2]	0 to 1.2 In (1)	0.5 ln (1)		
*	Т	nd level of standstill DC injection current. his parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) his parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page	page <u>142</u> is not [No] (nC e <u>70</u> = [Sync. mot.] (SYn))) ·		
		CAUTIO	ON			
		Check that the motor will withstand this current without Failure to follow this instruction can result in equip	9			
F G C 2	☐ [Au	to DC inj. time 2]	0 to 30 s	0 s		
*		nd standstill injection time. his parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC)) page <u>142</u> = [Yes] (YES)			
AdC S	SdC2 Oper	ation	Note: When [Motor co	ntrol type] (Ctt) page 70		
YES x	SdC1 -		= [FVC] (FUC): [Auto DC inj. level 1]	(SdC1), [Auto DC inj.		
	SdC2 -	tdC1 tdC1+tdC2 t		sible. Only [Auto DC inj.		
Ct ≠	sdC1 -		time 1] (tdC1) can be corresponds to a zero			
Ct =	0 14	tdC1 t	time.			
	Sac1 -	SdC1				
Run command 1						
0		t				
Speed						
	0 -	t				
	1					

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
5 F r	☐ [Switching freq.]	According to rating	According to rating	
	Switching frequency setting. Adjustment range: This can vary between 1 and 16 kHz, but the factory setting, can be limited in accordance with the type voltage) and the configuration of the [Sinus filter] (OFI) and [Normal of the value is less than 2 kHz, [Current Limitation] (CLI) and [Normal of the initial value is less than 2 kHz, it is not possible to increase. If the initial value is greater than or equal to 2 kHz, a minimular Adjustment with the drive stopped: No restrictions. Note: In the event of excessive temperature rise, the frequency and reset it once the temperature returns to the initial value is greater than 2 kHz (in order to avoid	of drive (ATV71H or W). Motor surge limit] (SUL) particles as a state of the surge limit and surger limit. 2 value] (CL2) particles as a state of the surger limit. 2 value] (CL2) particles as a state of the surger limit. Surger limit and surger limit.	the rating (power and parameters, page 82. ge 60 are limited to hile running. Intained while running. The deduce the switching	
	CAUTION			
	On ATV71•075N4 to U40N4, drives, if the RFI filters are disconnective switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment dan		system), the drive's	
EL I	□ [Current Limitation]	0 to 1.65 ln (1)	1.5 ln (1)	
	Used to limit the motor current. The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may this has been enabled (see page 221). If it is less than thas any effect.	lock in [Output Phase Lo	oss] (OPF) fault mode if	
	CAUTION			
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damagnetic contents.		agnet synchronous	
C L 2	☐ [I Limit. 2 value]	0 to 1.65 ln (1)	1.5 ln (1)	
	See page 187 The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 60 is less than 2 kHz. Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode this has been enabled (see page 221). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no long has any effect.			
*	CAUTION			
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment dam	·	agnet synchronous	



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
FLU FnC	☐ [Motor fluxing] ☐ [Not cont.] (FnC): Non-continuous mode		[No] (FnO)		
F C L	 □ [Continuous] (FCt): Continuous mode. This option is not possible if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page 142 is [Yes] (YES) or if [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140 is [Freewheel] (nSt). □ [No] (FnO): Function inactive This option is not possible if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [SVCI] (CUC) or [FVC] (FUC). 				
	If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [SVCI] (CUC), [FVC] (FU replaced by [Not cont.] (FnC).				
	In order to obtain rapid high torque on startup, magnetic flux n motor. In [Continuous] (FCt) mode, the drive automatically builds u In [Not cont.] (FnC) mode, fluxing occurs when the motor st	p flux when it is powered			
	The flux current is greater than nCr (configured rated motor continued to the motor magnetizing current	urrent) when the flux is e	stablished and is then		
	CAUTIO	N			
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without Failure to follow this instruction can result in equip	•			
	If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn), the [alignment of the rotor and not the fluxing. If [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 160 is not [No] (nO), the [Motor control type]				
EL5	☐ [Low speed time out]	0 to 999.9 s	0 s		
	Maximum operating time at [Low speed] (LSP) (see page 43) Following operation at LSP for a defined period, a motor stop is requested automatically. The motor will restart if the reference is greater than LSP and if a run command is still present. Caution: A value of 0 indicates an unlimited period of time.				
	Note: If [Low speed time out] (tLS) is not 0, [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140 is forced to [Ramp stop] (rMP) (only if a ramp stop can be configured).				
JGF	☐ [Jog frequency]	0 to 10 Hz	10 Hz		
*	See page <u>144</u> Reference in jog operation				
J G E	□ [Jog delay]	0 to 2.0 s	0.5 s		
*	See page 144 Anti-repeat delay between 2 consecutive jog operations.				



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 P 2	☐ [Preset speed 2]	0 to 1600 Hz	10 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 2		
5 P 3	☐ [Preset speed 3]	0 to 1600 Hz	15 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 3		
5 P 4	☐ [Preset speed 4]	0 to 1600 Hz	20 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 4		
5 P S	☐ [Preset speed 5]	0 to 1600 Hz	25 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 5		
5 P 6	☐ [Preset speed 6]	0 to 1600 Hz	30 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 6		
5 P 7	☐ [Preset speed 7]	0 to 1600 Hz	35 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 7		
5 P 8	☐ [Preset speed 8]	0 to 1600 Hz	40 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 8		
5 P 9	☐ [Preset speed 9]	0 to 1600 Hz	45 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 9		
5 <i>P 10</i>	☐ [Preset speed 10]	0 to 1600 Hz	50 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 10		
5 <i>P I I</i>	☐ [Preset speed 11]	0 to 1600 Hz	55 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 11		
5 <i>P 12</i>	☐ [Preset speed 12]	0 to 1600 Hz	60 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 12		
5 <i>P 13</i>	☐ [Preset speed 13]	0 to 1600 Hz	70 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 13		
5 <i>P 14</i>	☐ [Preset speed 14]	0 to 1600 Hz	80 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 14		



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 P 15	☐ [Preset speed 15]	0 to 1600 Hz	90 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 15		
5 <i>P 16</i>	☐ [Preset speed 16]	0 to 1600 Hz	100 Hz
*	See page <u>147</u> Preset speed 16		
ПЕс	☐ [Multiplying coeff.]	0 to 100%	100%
	Multiplying coefficient, can be accessed if [Multiplier ref] (Magraphic terminal	A2,MA3) page <u>135</u> has b	een assigned to the
5 r P	☐ [+/-Speed limitation]	0 to 50%	10%
*	See page <u>151</u> Limitation of +/- speed variation		,
r P G	☐ [PID prop. gain]	0.01 to 100	1
*	See page <u>176</u> Proportional gain		
r 16	☐ [PID integral gain]	0.01 to 100	1
*	See page <u>177</u> Integral gain		
r d G	☐ [PID derivative gain]	0.00 to 100	0
*	See page <u>177</u> Derivative gain		
PrP	☐ [PID ramp]	0 to 99.9 s	0
*	See page 177 PID acceleration/deceleration ramp, defined to go from [Min F (PIP2) and vice versa.	PID reference] (PIP1) to [[Max PID reference]
POL	☐ [Min PID output]	- 500 to 500 or -1600 to 1600 according to rating	0 Hz
*	See page 177 Minimum value of regulator output in Hz		
POH	☐ [Max PID output]	0 to 500 or 1600 according to rating	60 Hz
*	See page 177 Maximum value of regulator output in Hz		
PAL	☐ [Min fbk alarm]	See page <u>177</u> (1)	100
*	See page 177 Minimum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback		
PAH	☐ [Max fbk alarm]	See page <u>177</u> (1)	1000
*	See page <u>177</u> Maximum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback		

⁽¹⁾ If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PEr	☐ [PID error Alarm]	0 to 65535 (1)	100
*	See page 177 Regulator error monitoring threshold		
P5r	☐ [Speed input %]	1 to 100%	100%
*	See page <u>178</u> Multiplying coefficient for predictive speed input.		
r P 2	☐ [Preset ref. PID 2]	See page <u>180</u> (1)	300
*	See page <u>180</u> Preset PID reference		
rP3	☐ [Preset ref. PID 3]	See page <u>180</u> (1)	600
*	See page <u>180</u> Preset PID reference		
r P 4	☐ [Preset ref. PID 4]	See page <u>180</u> (1)	900
*	See page 180 Preset PID reference		
Ibr	☐ [Brake release I FW]	0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0
*	See page <u>160</u> Brake release current threshold for lifting or forward movement		
Ird	☐ [Brake release I Rev]	0 to 1.32 In (2)	0
*	See page <u>160</u> Brake release current threshold for lowering or reverse movem	ent	
brt	☐ [Brake Release time]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page <u>161</u> Brake release time delay		
БІг	☐ [Brake release freq]	[Auto] (AUtO) 0 to 10 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)
*	See page 161 Brake release frequency threshold		
ЬЕп	☐ [Brake engage freq]	[Auto] (AUtO) 0 to 10 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)
*	See page <u>161</u> Brake engage frequency threshold		
E B E	☐ [Brake engage delay]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page 161 Time delay before request to engage brake. To delay the engaging of the brake, for horizontal movement only, if you wish the brake to engage when the drive comes to a complete stop.		

⁽¹⁾ If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

⁽²⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.



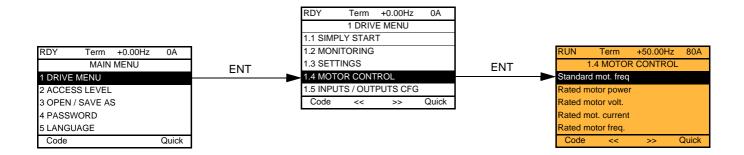
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Ь E Ł	☐ [Brake engage time]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page 161 Brake engage time (brake response time)		
JGC	☐ [Jump at reversal]	[Auto] (AUtO) 0 to 10 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)
*	See page <u>162</u>		
EEr	☐ [Time to restart]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page <u>162</u> Time between the end of a brake engage sequence and the s	start of a brake release s	equence
EL IN	☐ [Motoring torque lim]	0 to 300%	100%
*	See page <u>185</u> Torque limitation in generator mode, as a % or in 0.1% increments of the rated torque in accordance with the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter, page <u>185</u> .		
EL 16	☐ [Gen. torque lim]	0 to 300%	100%
*	See page 185 Torque limitation in generator mode, as a % or in 0.1% increments of the rated torque in accordance with the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter, page 185.		
ErH	☐ [Traverse freq. high]	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz
*	See page <u>209</u>	1	
ErL	☐ [Traverse freq. low]	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz
*	See page 209		
9 S H	□ [Quick step High]	0 to [Traverse freq. high] (trH)	0 Hz
*	See page <u>209</u>		
95L	□ [Quick step Low]	0 to [Traverse freq. low] (trL)	0 Hz
*	See page <u>209</u>		
ГЕН	□ [Current threshold]	0 to 1.5 ln (1)	In (1)
	Current threshold for [I attained] (CtA) function assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page 102).		
E E H	☐ [High torque thd.]	-300% to +300%	100%
	High current threshold for [High tq. att.] (ttHA) function assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page 102), as a % of the rated motor torque.		
E E L	☐ [Low torque thd.]	-300% to +300%	50%
	Low current threshold for [Low tq. att.] (ttLA) function assigne a % of the rated motor torque.	d to a relay or a logic ou	tput (see page <u>102</u>), as



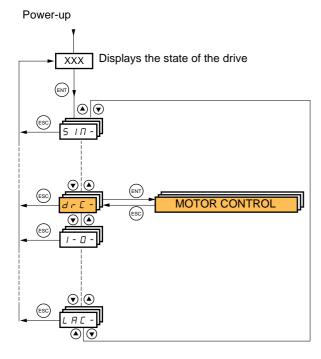
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
F9L	☐ [Pulse warning thd.]	0 Hz to 30.00 kHz	0 Hz
*	Speed threshold measured by the FREQUENCY METER] FqF-) function, page 232, assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page 102).		
FEd	☐ [Freq. threshold]	0.0 to 1600 Hz	[High speed] (HSP)
	Frequency threshold for [Freq.Th.att.] (FtA) function assigned used by the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) function, page		out (see page 102), or
F2d	☐ [Freq. threshold 2]	0.0 to 1600 Hz	[High speed] (HSP)
	Frequency threshold for [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A) function ass or used by the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) function, page 2.		output (see page 102),
FFE	☐ [Freewheel stop Thd]	0.0 to 1600 Hz	0.0 Hz
*	See page 140 This parameter supports switching from a ramp stop or a fast stop to a freewheel stop below a low speed threshold. It can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [Fast stop] (FSt) or [Ramp stop] (rMP). 0.0: Does not switch to freewheel stop. 0,1 to 1600 Hz: Speed threshold below which the motor will switch to freewheel stop.		
E E d	☐ [Motor therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
*	See page 221 Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or relay)		
JPF	☐ [Skip Frequency]	0 to 500 or 1,600 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
	Skip frequency. This parameter prevents prolonged operation within an adjustable range around the regulated frequency. This function can be used to prevent a critical speed, which would cause resonance, being reached. Setting the function to 0 renders it inactive.		
JF 2	☐ [Skip Frequency 2]	0 to 500 or 1,600 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
	2 nd skip frequency. This parameter prevents prolonged operation within an adjustable range around the regulated frequency. This function can be used to prevent a critical speed, which would cause resonance, being reached. Setting the function to 0 renders it inactive.		
JF3	☐ [3rd Skip Frequency]	0 to 500 or 1,600 Hz according to rating	0 Hz
	3 rd skip frequency. This parameter prevents prolonged operation within an adjustable range around the regulated frequency. This function can be used to prevent a critical speed, which would cause resonance, being reached. Setting the function to 0 renders it inactive.		
JF H	☐ [Skip.Freq.Hysteresis]	0.1 to 10 Hz	1 Hz
	Parameter visible if at least one skip frequency [Skip Frequency] (JPF), [Skip Frequency 2] (JF2) or [3rd Skip Frequency] (JF3) is different from 0. Skip frequency range: between (JPF – JFH) and (JPF + JFH), for example. This adjustment is common to all 3 frequencies (JPF, JF2 and JF3).		
LBC	☐ [Load correction]	0 to 1000 Hz	0
*	Rated correction in Hz. See page <u>84</u>		
ErE	☐ [Torque ratio]	0 to 1000%	100%
()	Coefficient applied to [Torque reference] (tr1).		



With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



The parameters in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present, with the following exceptions:

- [Auto tuning] (tUn) page 69, which may cause the motor to start up.
- Parameters containing the sign Ω in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

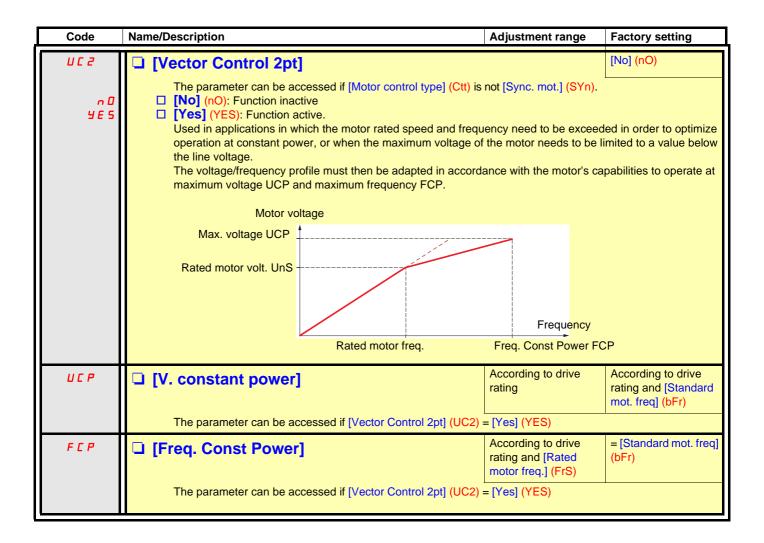
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
bFr	☐ [Standard mot. freq]		[50Hz IEC] (50)
5 0 6 0	☐ [50Hz IEC] (50): IEC ☐ [60Hz NEMA] (60): NEMA This parameter modifies the presets of the following parameters: [High speed] (HSP) page 43, [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 66, [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) and [Max frequency] (tFr).		
n P r	☐ [Rated motor power]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) Rated motor power given on the nameplate, in kW if [Standard [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60Hz NEMA] (60).		
U n 5	☐ [Rated motor volt.]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) Rated motor voltage given on the nameplate. ATV71●●●M3: 100 to 240 V - ATV71●●●N4: 200 to 480 V - AT		(SYn).
n C r	☐ [Rated mot. current]	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) Rated motor current given on the nameplate.) page <u>70</u> = [Sync. mot.]	(SYn).
F r 5	☐ [Rated motor freq.]	10 to 1600 Hz	50 Hz
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). Rated motor frequency given on the nameplate. The factory setting is 50 Hz, or preset to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) is set to 60 Hz. The maximum value is limited to 500 Hz if [Motor control type] (Ctt) (page 70) is not V/F, or for ATV71•••Y drives, or for drives rated higher than ATV71HD37. Values between 500 Hz and 1600 Hz are only possible in V/F control and for powers limited to 37 kW (50 HP). In this case configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) before [Rated motor freq.] (FrS).		
In 5 P	☐ [rpm increment]		[x1 rpm] (1)
I I	Increment of parameter [Rated motor speed] (nSP). [x1 rpm] (1): Increment of 1 rpm, to be used if [Rated motor speed] (nSP) does not exceed 65535 rpm. [x10 rpm] (10): Increment of 10 rpm, to be used if [Rated motor speed] (nSP) exceeds 65535 rpm. Note 1: Changing [rpm increment] (InSP) will restore [Rated motor speed] (nSP) to its factory setting. Note 2: For ATV71•••Y range, [rpm increment] (InSP) is fixed to 1.		
n 5 P	☐ [Rated motor speed]	0 to 96000 rpm	According to drive rating
	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctty Rated motor speed given on the nameplate. Adjustable between [x1 rpm] (1) or between 0.00 and 96.00 krpm if [rpm increment 0 to 9999 rpm then 10.00 to 65.53 or 96.00 krpm on the integrif, rather than the rated speed, the nameplate indicates the syncalculate the rated speed as follows: • Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x or • Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x or • Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x or • Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x 60 - slip in Hz	en 0 and 65535 rpm if [rrt] (InSP) = [x10 rpm] (10 ated display terminal. nchronous speed and the control of th	om increment] (InSP) =).

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting
E F r	☐ [Max frequency]	10 to 1600 Hz
	The factory setting is 60 Hz, or preset to 72 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) is set to 60 Hz. The maximum value is limited by the following conditions: It must not exceed 10 times the value of [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) It must not exceed 500 Hz if [Motor control type] (Ctt) (page 70) is not V/F or for ATV71•••Y drives, or for drives rated higher than ATV71HD37. Values between 500 Hz and 1600 Hz are only possible in V/F control and for powers limited to 37 kW (50 HP). In this case configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) before [Max frequency] (tFr).	
E U n	☐ [Auto tuning]	[No] (nO)
n 0 Y E S	 □ [No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed. □ [Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automated (dOne). 	ically changes to [Done]
d □ n E	(dOnE). [Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed. Caution: It is essential that all the motor parameters are correctly configured before starting auto-tuning. Asynchronous motor: [Rated motor volt.](UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP), [Rated motor power] (nPr) Synchronous motor: [Nominal I sync.] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole pairs] (PPnS), [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS), [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS), [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) If one or more of these parameters is modified after auto-tuning has been performed, [Auto tuning] (tUn) will return to [No] (nO) and the procedure must be repeated. Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewheel stop" or "fast stop" function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0). Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be taken into account after the auto-tuning sequence. If auto-tuning fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and, depending on the configuration of [Autotune fault mgt] (tnL) page 235, may switch to [Auto-tuning] (tnF) fault mode. Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the display to change to "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)".	
RUE	☐ [Automatic autotune]	[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E S	 □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed on every power-up. Caution: Same comments as for [Auto tuning] (tUn) above. If [Profile] (CHCF) = [8 serie] (SE8), then [Automatic autotune] (AUt) is fixed to [No] (n 	O).
E U 5	☐ [Auto tuning state]	[Not done] (tAb)
E A B PE n d Pr O G F A I L d O n E C U S	For information only, cannot be modified. [Not done] (tAb): The default stator resistance value is used to control the motor. [Pending] (PEnd): Auto-tuning has been requested but not yet performed. [In Progress] (PrOG): Auto-tuning in progress [Failed] (FAIL): Auto-tuning has failed. [Done] (dOnE): The stator resistance measured by the auto-tuning function is used to control the motor. [Customized] (CUS): Auto-tuning has been performed, but at least one parameter set by this auto-tuning operation has subsequently been modified. The [Auto tuning] (tUn) parameter then returns to [No] (nO). The following auto-tuning parameters are affected: [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS) page 73, [Cust stator resist.] (rSA), [Idw] (IdA), [LFw] (LFA) and [T2w] (trA) page 74.	
PHr	☐ [Output Ph rotation]	[ABC] (AbC)
Я Ь С Я С Ь	□ [ABC] (AbC): Forward □ [ACB] (ACb): Reverse This parameter can be used to reverse the direction of rotation of the motor without re Do not modify the [Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter when [Motor co page 70 = [FVC] (FUC). The direction of rotation must be modified, if require procedure to check the encoder page 77 when [Motor control type] (Ctt) is not	ntrol type] (Ctt) ed, before or during the

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
C E E	☐ [Motor control type]		[SVC V] (UUC)
טטכ	□ [SVC V] (UUC): Open-loop voltage flux vector control with automatic slip compensation according to the load. This type of control is recommended when replacing an ATV58. It supports operation with a number of motors connected in parallel on the same drive (if the motors are identical).		
בטב	□ [SVC I] (CUC): Open-loop current flux vector control. This type of control is recommended when replacing an ATV58F used in an open-loop configuration. It does not support operation with a number of motors connected in parallel on the same drive.		
FUC	□ [FVC] (FUC): Closed-loop current flux vector control for motors with incremental encoder type sensor; this option can only be selected if an incremental encoder card has been inserted. This function is not possible, however, when using an encoder that generates signal "A" only. This type of control is recommended when replacing an ATV58F used in a closed-loop configuration. It provides better performance in terms of speed and torque accuracy and enables torque to be obtained at zero speed. It does not support operation with a number of motors connected in parallel on the same drive. It is essential that the encoder check page is performed successfully before selecting [FVC] (FUC).		
UF∂		e drive e is defined by of parameters	n with:
UFS	[V/F 5pts] (UF5): 5-segment V/F profile: As V/F 2 pts profile (saturation). Voltage UnS U5 U4 U3 U1 U2 U0	The profit by the var parameter U0 to U5 FrS > F5	le is defined lues of ers UnS, FrS, and F0 to F5. > F4 > F3 > F2 > F1
5 Y n	F1 F2 F3 F4 F5 [Sync. mot.] (SYn): For synchronous permanent magnet m only. This selection is prohibited with ATV71•••• (500 to 69 This selection makes the asynchronous motor parameters ina parameters accessible.	FrS otors with sinusoidal ele 0 V).	ctromotive force (EMF)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
υο	□ [U0]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5)		
ШΙ	□ [U1]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
FI	□ [F1]	0 to 1600 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
П 5	□ [U2]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F !	5pts] (UF5)
F 2	□ [F2]	0 to 1600 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F !	5pts] (UF5)
ИЭ	□ [U3]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 5pts] (UF5)		
F 3	□ [F3]	0 to 1600 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 5pts] (UF5)		
ЦЧ	□ [U4]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 5pts] (UF5)		
FЧ	□ [F4]	0 to 1600 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 5pts] (UF5)		
И 5	□ [U5]	0 to 600 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 5pts] (UF5)		
F 5	□ [F5]	0 to 1600 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F !	5pts] (UF5)



Synchronous motor parameters:

These parameters can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page $\underline{70}$ = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). In this case, the asynchronous motor parameters cannot be accessed.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting							
n C r S	□ [Nominal I sync.]	0.25 to 1.5 ln (2)	According to drive rating							
	Rated synchronous motor current given on the nameplate.									
n 5 P 5	□ [Nom motor spdsync]	0 to 60000 rpm	According to drive rating							
	Rated motor speed given on the nameplate. On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 rpm then 10.00 to 60	.00 krpm.								
PPn5	☐ [Pole pairs]	1 to 50	According to drive rating							
	Number of pairs of poles on the synchronous motor.									
P H 5	☐ [Syn. EMF constant]	0 to 65535	According to drive rating							
	Synchronous motor EMF constant, in mV per rpm (peak volta On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (
L d 5	☐ [Autotune L d-axis]	0 to 655.3	According to drive rating							
	Axis "d" stator inductance in mH (per phase). On motors with smooth poles [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) = [Autotune L d-axis]	otune L q-axis] (LqS) = 3	Stator inductance L.							
L 95	☐ [Autotune L q-axis]	0 to 655.3	According to drive rating							
	Axis "q" stator inductance in mH (per phase). On motors with smooth poles [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) = [Autotune L d-axis]	otune L q-axis] (LqS) =	Stator inductance L.							
r 5 A 5	□ [Cust. stator R syn]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating							
	Cold state stator resistance (per winding) The factory setting is replaced by the result of the auto-tuning operation, if it has been performed. The value can be entered by the user, if he knows it. Value in milliohms (mΩ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), in hundredths of milliohms (mΩ/100) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10000 to 65536).									

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
UFг	☐ [IR compensation] (1)	25 to 200%	100%
0	The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) is Used to optimize the torque at very low speed (increase [IR cc Check that the [IR compensation] (UFr) value is not too high wh	mpensation] (UFr) if the	torque is insufficient).
SLP	☐ [Slip compensation] (1)	0 to 300%	100%
O	The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) is [Sync. mot.] (SYn). Adjusts the slip compensation around the value set by the rated m. The speeds given on motor nameplates are not necessarily exits of the setting < actual slip: The motor is not rotating at the contract than the reference. If slip setting > actual slip: The motor is overcompensated a	otor speed. cact. rect speed in steady stat	e, but at a speed lower

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

⁽²⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode.

These include:

- Parameters calculated by the drive during auto-tuning, in read-only mode. For example, R1r, calculated cold stator resistance.
- The possibility of replacing some of these calculated parameters by other values, if necessary. For example, R1w, measured cold stator resistance.

When a parameter Xyw is modified by the user, the drive uses it in place of the calculated parameter Xyr.

Asynchronous motor

If an auto-tuning operation is performed or if one of the motor parameters on which auto-tuning depends is modified ([Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP), [Rated motor power] (nPr)), parameters Xyw return to their factory settings.

Code	Name/Description
г 5 П	☐ [Stator R measured]
	Cold stator resistance, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode. Value in milliohms (m Ω) up to 75 kW (100 HP), in hundredths of milliohms (m $\Omega/100$) above 75 kW (100 HP).
ΙДП	□ [ldr]
	Magnetizing current in A, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
LFΠ	□ [Lfr]
	Leakage inductance in mH, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
ĿrΠ	□ [T2r]
	Rotor time constant in mS, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
n 5 L	☐ [Nominal motor slip]
	Rated slip in Hz, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode. To modify the rated slip, modify the [Rated motor speed] (nSP) (page 68).
PPn	□ [Pr]
	Number of pairs of poles, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
r S A	☐ [Cust stator resist.]
	Cold state stator resistance (per winding), modifiable value. In milliohms (m Ω) up to 75 kW (100 HP), in hundredths of milliohms (m Ω /100) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10000 to 65536).
IdA	□ [ldw]
	Magnetizing current in A, modifiable value.
LFA	☐ [Lfw]
	Leakage inductance in mH, modifiable value.
E r A	□ [T2w]
	Rotor time constant in mS, modifiable value.

Synchronous motor

Code	Name/Description
r 5 N 5	Cold state stator resistance (per winding), in read-only mode. This is the drive factory setting or the result of the auto-tuning operation, if it has been performed. Value in milliohms (mΩ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), in hundredths of milliohms (mΩ/100) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10000 to 65536).
Fr55	[Nominal freq sync.] Motor frequency at rated speed in Hz, calculated by the drive (rated motor frequency), in read-only mode.

Selecting the encoder

Follow the recommendations in the catalog and the Installation Manual.

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting						
E n 5	☐ [Encoder type]		[AABB] (AAbb)					
ЯЯЬЬ ЯЬ Я	The parameter can be accessed if an incremental encoder card has been inserted (1). To be configured in accordance with the type of card and encoder used. [AABB] (AAbb): For signals A, A-, B, B [AB] (Ab): For signals A, B. [A] (A): For signal A. Value cannot be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) page 78 = [Spd fdk reg.] (rEG).							
PG I	□ [Number of pulses] 100 to 5000 1024							
	Number of pulses per encoder revolution. The parameter can be accessed if an incremental encoder card has been inserted (1).							

⁽¹⁾ The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encoder card has been inserted, and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used. The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.5- INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I/O) menu.

Encoder check procedure

This procedure applies to all types of encoder.

- 1. Set [Motor control type] (Ctt) to a value other than [FVC] (FUC) even if it is the required configuration. For example, use [SVC V] (UUC) for an asynchronous motor and [Sync. mot.] (SYn) for a synchronous motor.
- 2. Configure the motor parameters in accordance with the specifications on the rating plate.
 - Asynchronous motor (see page 68): [Rated motor power] (nPr), [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated motor speed] (nSP).
 - Synchronous motor (see "Synchronous motor parameters" on page 73): [Nominal I sync.] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole pairs] (PPnS), [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS), [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS), [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS), [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS). [Current limitation] (CLI) must not exceed the maximum motor current, otherwise demagnetization may occur.
- 3. Set [Encoder usage] (EnU) = [No] (nO).
- 4. Perform auto-tuning.
- 5. In the case of an incremental encoder, set [Encoder type] (EnS) and [Number of pulses] (PGI) page 76 according to the encoder used.
- 6. Set [Encoder check] (EnC) = [Yes] (YES)
- 7. Check that the rotation of the motor is safe.
- 8. Set the motor rotating at stabilized speed ≈ 15% of the rated speed for at least 3 seconds, and use the [1.2-MONITORING] (SUP-) menu to monitor its behavior.
- 9. If it trips on an [Encoder fault] (EnF), [Encoder check] (EnC) returns to [No] (nO).
 - Check the parameter settings (see points 1 to 4 above).
 - Check that the mechanical and electrical operation of the encoder, its power supply and connections are all OK.
 - Reverse the direction of rotation of the motor ([Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter page 69) or the encoder signals.
- 10. Repeat the operations from step 5 onwards until [Encoder check] (EnC) changes to [Done] (dOnE).
- 11. If necessary, change [Motor control type] (Ctt) to [FVC] (FUC).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
E n C 4 E s 4 O n E	□ [Encoder check] Encoder feedback check. See procedure on previous page. The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been [Not done] (nO) Check not performed. [Yes] (YES): Activates monitoring of the encoder. [Done] (dOnE): Check performed successfully. The check procedure checks: - The direction of rotation of the encoder/motor - The presence of signals (wiring continuity) - The number of pulses/revolution If a fault is detected, the drive locks in [Encoder fault] (EnF) face		[Not done] (nO)
E n U 5 E C r E G P G r	 ☐ [Encoder usage] The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been ☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive ☐ [Fdbk monit.] (SEC): The encoder provides speed feedbacked ☐ [Spd fdk reg.] (rEG): The encoder provides speed feedbacked ☐ (FUC). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC V] (UUC) the encodeded static correction of the speed to be performed. This configuration (Ctt) values. ☐ [Speed ref.] (PGr): The encoder provides a reference. Can card. 	ck for monitoring only. ck for regulation and mor cop operation ([Motor co r operates in speed feedl on is not accessible for ot	ntrol type] (Ctt) = [FVC] pack mode and enables her [Motor control type]

⁽¹⁾ The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encoder card has been inserted, and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used. The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.5- INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I/O) menu.

[ENA SYSTEM]

ENA SYSTEM is a control profile designed for rotating machines with unbalanced load.

It is used primarily for oil pumps. The operating principle applied:

- Allows operation without a braking resistor
- Reduces mechanical stress on the rod
- Reduces line current fluctuations
- Reduces energy consumption by improving the electric power/current ratio

[ENA prop.gain]

This setting is used to achieve a compromise between the reduced energy consumption (and/or line current fluctuations) and the mechanical stress to which the rod is subject.

Energy is saved by reducing current fluctuations and increasing the current while retaining the same average speed.

[ENA integral gain]

This setting is used to smooth the DC bus voltage.

Start up the machine with a low integral and proportional gain (proportional 25% and integral 10%) in order to avoid an overvoltage trip in the absence of a braking resistor. See if these settings are suitable.

Recommended adjustments to be made during operation:

- To eliminate the braking resistor and, therefore, the increase in the DC bus voltage:
 - Display the machine speed on the graphic display terminal.
 - Reduce the integral gain value until the machine speed drops. When this point is reached, increase the integral gain until the machine speed stabilizes.
 - Use the graphic display terminal or an oscilloscope to check that the DC bus voltage is stable.
- To save energy:
 - Reducing the proportional gain (gradually) may increase energy savings by reducing the maximum value of the line current, but it will increase speed variations and, therefore, mechanical stress.
 - The aim is to identify settings that will enable energy to be saved and minimize mechanical stress.
 - When reducing the proportional gain, it may be necessary to readjust the integral gain in order to avoid an overvoltage trip.

Note: Once the adjustments are complete, check that the pump starts up correctly. If the ENA integral gain setting is too low, this may lead to insufficient torque on startup.

[Reduction ratio]

This setting corresponds to the motor speed ahead of gearbox/speed after gearbox ratio. This parameter is used to display the average speed in Hz and the machine speed in customer units (e.g., in strokes per minute) on the graphic display terminal. In order to be displayed on the graphic display terminal, these values must be selected in the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu.

Adjustment recommendations for prevention of tripping on an [Overspeed] (SOF) fault

ENA SYSTEM authorizes overspeed, which can trigger an [Overspeed] (SOF) fault. To avoid this occurring, it is advisable to increase the value of the following parameters slightly:

- [Max frequency] (tFr) page 69
- [Overspd. pulse thd.] (FqA) page 232, if the "frequency meter" function is configured

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting							
EnA	☐ [ENA system]			[No] (nO)					
n	The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC V] (UUC), see page 70. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active.								
GPE	☐ [ENA prop.gain]	(1)	1 to 9999	250					
Ω	The parameter can be accessed if [ENA system	m] (EnA) = [Yes	[(YES)						
G IE	☐ [ENA integral gain]	(1)	0 to 9999	100					
Ω	The parameter can be accessed if [ENA system	m] (EnA) = [Yes	[S] (YES)						
rAP	☐ [Reduction ratio]	(1)	10.0 to 999.9	10					
()	The parameter can be accessed if [ENA system	m] (EnA) = [Yes	[S] (YES)						

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting							
OF I	☐ [Sinus filter] [No] (nO)									
n 0 4 E 5	□ [No] (nO): No sinus filter □ [Yes] (YES): Use of a sinus filter, to limit overvoltages on the motor and reduce the ground fault leakage current. [Sinus filter] (OFI) is forced to [No] (nO) on ATV71•037M3 and ATV71•075N4, and on all ATV71•0•••Y. Note: The settings for [Current Limitation] (CLI) and [I Limit. 2 value] (CL2) page 60 must be made once [Sinus filter] (OFI) has been set to [Yes] (YES) and [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 has been set to [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5). This is due to the fact that for certain ratings, this configuration will result in a reduced factory setting (1.36 In) for current limitations.									
	CAUTION									
	If [Sinus filter] (OFI) = [Yes] (YES), [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 (or [SVC V] (UUC) only up to 45 kW for ATV71●●●M3X and 75 kW (tFr) must not exceed 100 Hz. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.	for ATV71•••N4), and								
5 F r	☐ [Switching freq.]	According to rating	According to rating							
()	Switching frequency setting. Adjustment range: This can vary between 1 and 16 kHz, but the minimum and maximum values, as well as the factory setting, can be limited in accordance with the type of drive (ATV71H or W), the rating (power and voltage) and the configuration of the [Sinus filter] (OFI) and [Motor surge limit] (SUL) parameters, page 82. If the value is less than 2 kHz, [Current Limitation] (CLI) and [I Limit. 2 value] (CL2) page 60 are limited to 1.36 ln. Adjustment with drive running: - If the initial value is less than 2 kHz, it is not possible to increase it above 1.9 kHz while running. - If the initial value is greater than or equal to 2 kHz, a minimum of 2 kHz must be maintained while running. Adjustment with the drive stopped: No restrictions. Note: In the event of excessive temperature rise, the drive will automatically reduce the switching frequency and reset it once the temperature returns to normal. Note: If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [FVC] (FUC), we do not recommend setting the switching frequency to a value less than 2 kHz (in order to avoid speed instability).									
	CAUTION On ATV71•075N4 to U40N4, drives, if the RFI filters are disconnected (operation on an IT system), the drive's switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz.									
	Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment dam	lage.								
()	Used to limit the motor current. The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) is less than 2 kHz. Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 221). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.									
	CAUTION									
	Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damagnetized.		agnet synchronous							

- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
nrd	□ [Noise reduction]□ [No] (nO): Fixed frequency. Factory setting at and above ATV71HD55M3X, ATV71H	According to rating
¥ € S	ATV71HC11Y. [Yes] (YES): Frequency with random modulation. Factory setting up to ATV71HD45M: ATV71HD90Y. Random frequency modulation prevents any resonance, which may occur at a fixed frequency modulation.	3X, ATV71HD75N4 and
5 U L	☐ [Motor surge limit.]	[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S	This function limits motor overvoltages and is useful in the following applications: - NEMA motors - Japanese motors - Spindle motors - Rewound motors - Rewound motors - Rewound motors - INO] (nO): Function inactive - Yes] (YES): Function active This parameter is forced to [No] (nO) if [Sinus filter] (OFI) previous page = [Yes] (YES) This parameter can remain = [No] (nO) for 230/400 V motors used at 230 V, or if the I the drive and the motor does not exceed: - 4 m with unshielded cables - 10 m with shielded cables	
5 O P	☐ [Volt surge limit. opt]	10 μs
	Optimization parameter for transient overvoltages at the motor terminals. Can be accelimit.] (SUL) = [Yes] (YES). Set to 6, 8, or 10 μ s, according to the following table.	essed if [Motor surge

The value of the "SOP" parameter corresponds to the attenuation time of the cable used. It is defined to prevent the superimposition of voltage wave reflections resulting from long cable lengths. It limits overvoltages to twice the DC bus rated voltage.

The tables on the following page give examples of correspondence between the "SOP" parameter and the length of the cable between the drive and the motor. For longer cable lengths, a sinus filter or a dV/dt protection filter must be used.

• For motors in parallel, the sum of all the cable lengths must be taken into consideration. Compare the length given in the table row corresponding to the power for one motor with that corresponding to the total power, and select the shorter length. Example: Two 7.5 kW (10 HP) motors - take the lengths on the 15 kW (20 HP) table row, which are shorter than those on the 7.5 kW (10 HP) row, and divide by the number of motors to obtain the length per motor (with unshielded "GORSE" cable and SOP = 6, the result is 40/2 = 20 m maximum for each 7.5 kW (10 HP) motor).

In special cases (for example, different types of cable, different motor powers in parallel, different cable lengths in parallel, etc.), we recommend using an oscilloscope to check the overvoltage values obtained at the motor terminals.

To retain the overall drive performance, do not increase the SOP value unnecessarily.

Tables giving the correspondence between the SOP parameter and the cable length, for 400 V line supply

Altivar 71	Motor		Cable cro	ss-section	Maximum	cable lengt	h in meters			
Reference	Power				Unshielded Type H07 F	"GORSE" (RN-F 4Gxx	cable		GORSE" cat STV-LS/LH	ole
	kW	HP	in mm ²	AWG	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6
ATV71H075N4	0.75	1	1.5	14	109.36 yd	76.55 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU15N4	1.5	2	1.5	14	109.36 yd	76.55 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU22N4	2.2	3	1.5	14	120.30 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU30N4	3	-	1.5	14	120.30 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU40N4	4	5	1.5	14	120.30 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU55N4	5.5	7.5	2.5	14	131.23 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU75N4	7.5	10	2.5	14	131.23 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HD11N4	11	15	6	10	125.77 yd	65.62 yd	49.21 yd	109.36 yd	82.02 yd	60.15 yd
ATV71HD15N4	15	20	10	8	114.83 yd	65.62 yd	43.74 yd	109.36 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD18N4	18.5	25	10	8	125.77 yd	65.62 yd	38.28 yd	164.04 yd	82.02 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD22N4	22	30	16	6	164.04 yd	65.62 yd	43.74 yd	164.04 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD30N4	30	40	25	4	164.04 yd	60.15 yd	38.28 yd	164.04 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD37N4	37	50	35	5	218.72 yd	71.08 yd	54.68 yd	164.04 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD45N4	45	60	50	0	218.72 yd	60.15 yd	32.81 yd	164.04 yd	65.62 yd	43.74 yd
ATV71HD55N4	55	75	70	2/0	218.72 yd	54.68 yd	27.34 yd	164.04 yd	60.15 yd	32.81 yd
ATV71HD75N4	75	100	95	4/0	218.72 yd	49.21 yd	27.34 yd	164.04 yd	60.15 yd	32.81 yd

Altivar 71	Motor		Cable cro	ss-section	Maximum	cable lengt	h in meters			
Reference	Power				Shielded "BELDEN" cable Type 2950x			Shielded "PROTOFLEX" cable Type EMV 2YSLCY-J		
	kW	HP	in mm ²	AWG	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6
ATV71H075N4	0.75	1	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU15N4	1.5	2	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU22N4	2.2	3	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU30N4	3	-	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU40N4	4	5	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU55N4	5.5	7.5	2.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU75N4	7.5	10	2.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HD11N4	11	15	6	10	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HD15N4	15	20	10	8	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HD18N4	18.5	25	10	8	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HD22N4	22	30	16	6				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd
ATV71HD30N4	30	40	25	4				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd
ATV71HD37N4	37	50	35	5				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd
ATV71HD45N4	45	60	50	0				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd
ATV71HD55N4	55	75	70	2/0				82.02 yd	32.81 yd	16.40 yd
ATV71HD75N4	75	100	95	4/0				82.02 yd	32.81 yd	16.40 yd

For 230/400 V motors used at 230 V, the [Motor surge limit.] (SUL) parameter can remain = [No] (nO).

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting								
()	DC bus voltage threshold above which the braking transistor cuts in to limit this voltage. ATV71••••M3•: factory setting 395 V. ATV71••••N4: factory setting 785 V. ATV71••••Y: factory setting 1127 V or 1080 V according to rating. The adjustment range depends on the voltage rating of the drive and the [Mains voltage] (UrES) parameter, page 225.								
6 b A	☐ [Braking balance]		[No] (nO)						
n 0 У E S	 □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Yes] (YES): Function active, to be used on drives connected the braking power between the drives. The [Braking level] (Ub the various drives. The value[Yes] (YES) is possible only if [Dec ramp adapt.] (br/lef) 	r) parameter must be se	et to the same value on						
LBA	☐ [Load sharing]		[No] (nO)						
n 0 Y E S	When 2 motors are connected mechanically and therefore at the same speed, and each is controlled by a drive, this function can be used to improve torque distribution between the two motors. To do this, it varies the speed based on the torque. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active The parameter can only be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 is not [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5).								
LbC	☐ [Load correction] (1)	0 to 1000 Hz	0						
()	Rated correction in Hz. The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes Nominal torque] Nominal torque Nominal torque Nominal torque] (YES)							

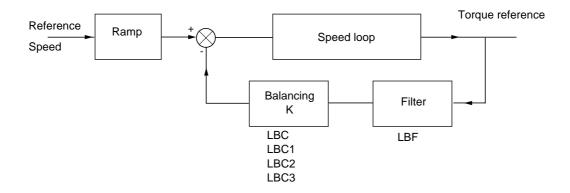
(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

()

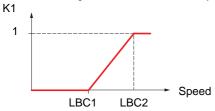
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

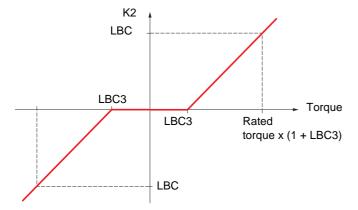
Load sharing, parameters that can be accessed at expert level

Principle



The load sharing factor K is determined by the torque and speed, with two factors K1 and K2 ($K = K1 \times K2$).



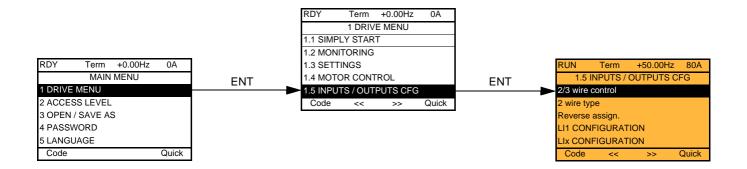


Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LBEI	☐ [Correction min spd]	0 to 999.9 Hz	0
The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES) Minimum speed for load correction in Hz. Below this threshold, no corrections are made. It correction at very low speed if this would hamper rotation of the motor.			
() recs	□ [Correction max spd]	[Correction min spd] (LbC1) + 0.1 at 1000 Hz	0,1
	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES) Speed threshold in Hz above which maximum load correction is applied.		
L b C 3	☐ [Torque offset]	0 to 300%	0%
O	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES) Minimum torque for load correction as a % of the rated torque. Below this threshold, no corrections are made Used to avoid torque instabilities when the torque direction is not constant.		
LbF	☐ [Sharing filter]	100 ms to 20 s	100 ms
Q	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES) Time constant (filter) for correction in ms. Used in the event of flexible mechanical coupling in order to avoid instabilities.		

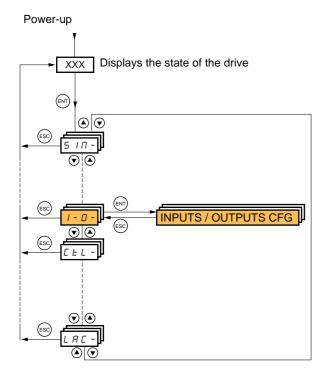
()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

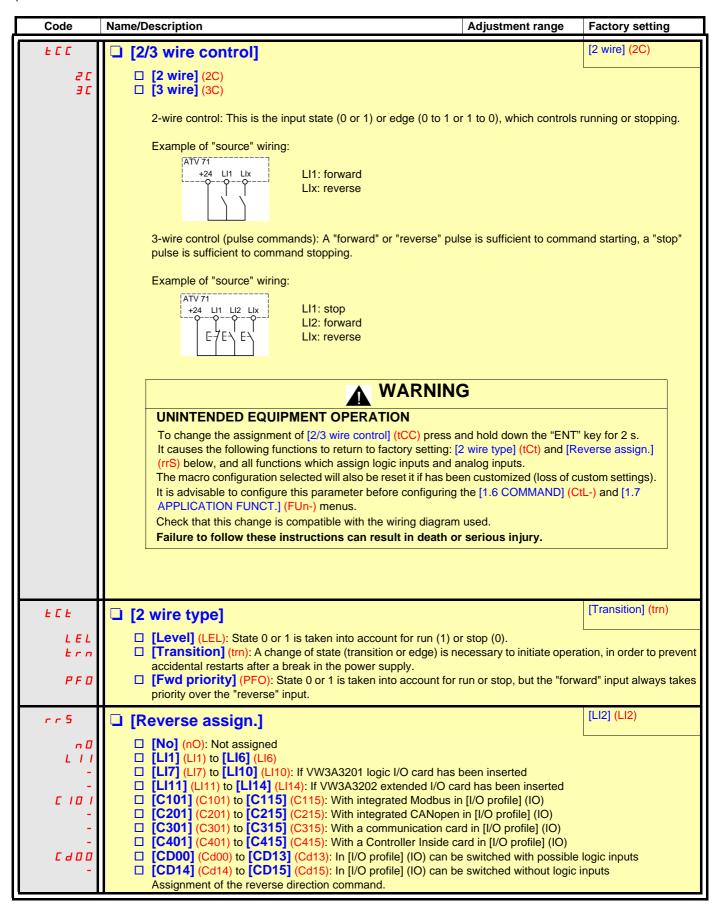
With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



The parameters in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present.



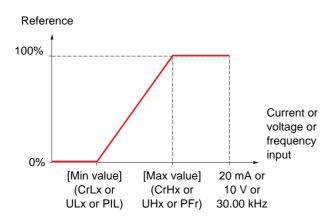
1				
L 1-	■ [LI1 CONFIGURATION]			
LIA	☐ [LI1 assignment]			
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions that are assigned to input LI	1 in order to check for mult	iple assignments.	
LId	☐ [LI1 On Delay]	0 to 200 ms	0	
	This parameter is used to take account of the change of the logic input to state 1 with a delay that can be adjusted between 0 and 200 milliseconds, in order to filter out possible interference. The change to state 0 is taken into account without delay.			
	▲ WARNI	NG		
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION			
	Check that the delay set does not pose a risk or lead to u	•		
	The relative order in which these inputs are taken into acco	•	ding to the delay	
	values of the various logic inputs, and thus lead to uninte Failure to follow these instructions can result in deat			
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death of serious injury.			
L	■ [LIx CONFIGURATION]			
	All the logic inputs available on the drive are processed as in the example for LI1 above, up to LI6, LI10 or LI14, depending on whether or not option cards have been inserted.			

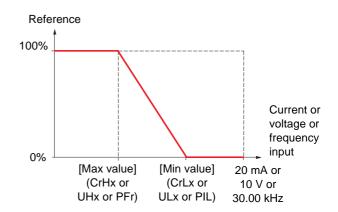
Configuration of analog inputs and Pulse input

The minimum and maximum input values (in volts, mA, etc.) are converted to % in order to adapt the references to the application.

Minimum and maximum input values:

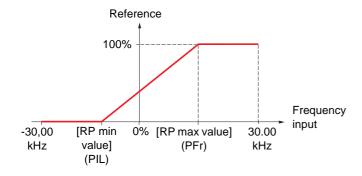
The minimum value corresponds to a reference of 0% and the maximum value to a reference of 100%. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value:





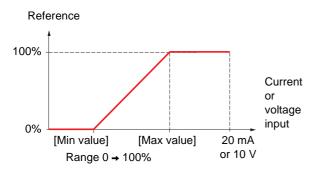
For +/- bidirectional inputs, the min. and max. are relative to the absolute value, for example, +/- 2 to 8 V.

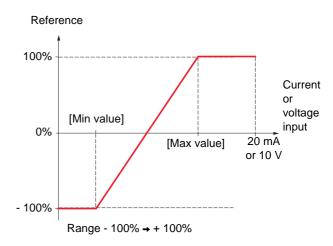
Negative min. value of Pulse input:

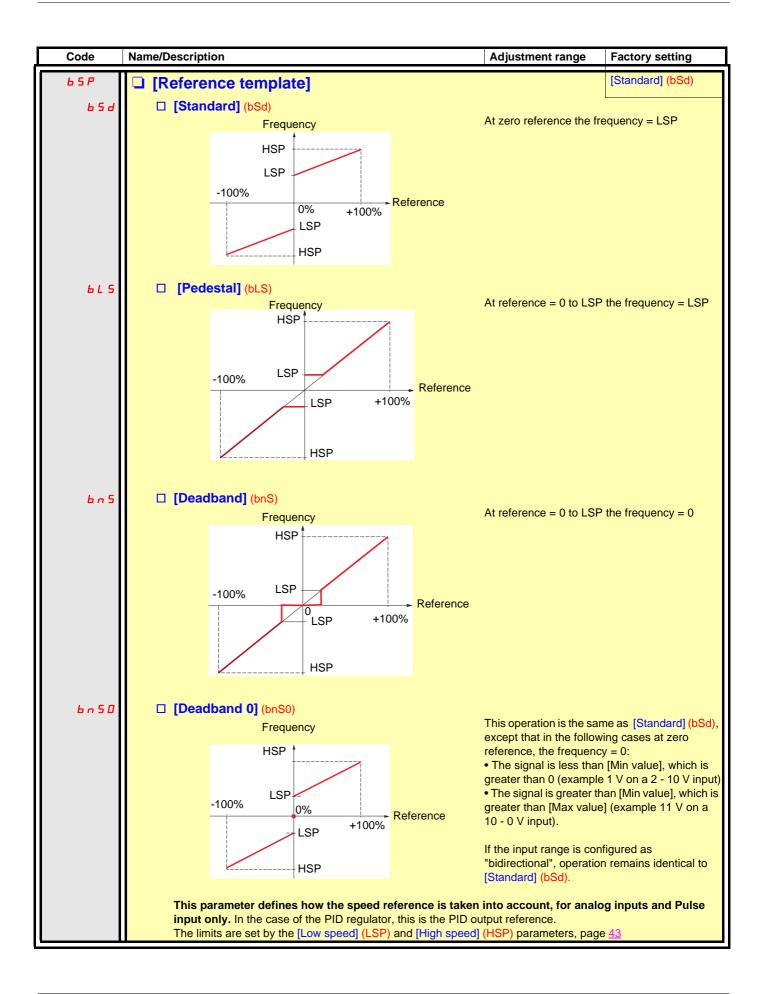


Range (output values): For analog inputs only

This parameter is used to configure the reference range to $[0\% \rightarrow 100\%]$ or $[-100\% \rightarrow +100\%]$ in order to obtain a bidirectional output from a unidirectional input.



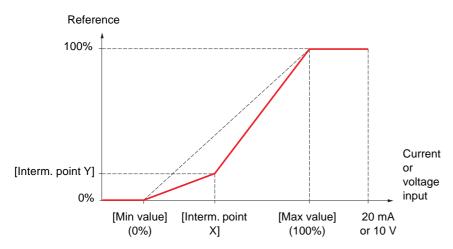




Delinearization: For analog inputs only

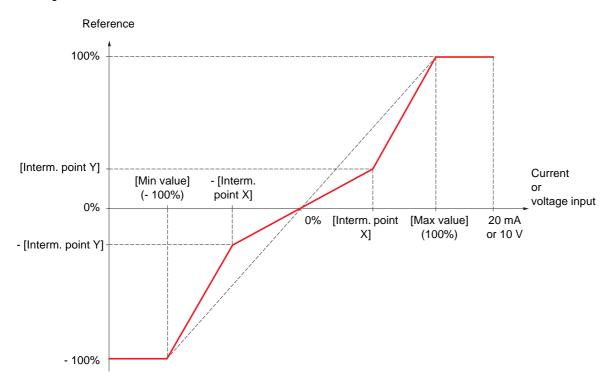
The input can be delinearized by configuring an intermediate point on the input/output curve of this input:

For range 0 → 100%



Note: For [Interm. point X], 0% corresponds to [Min value] and 100% to [Max value]

For range -100% → 100%

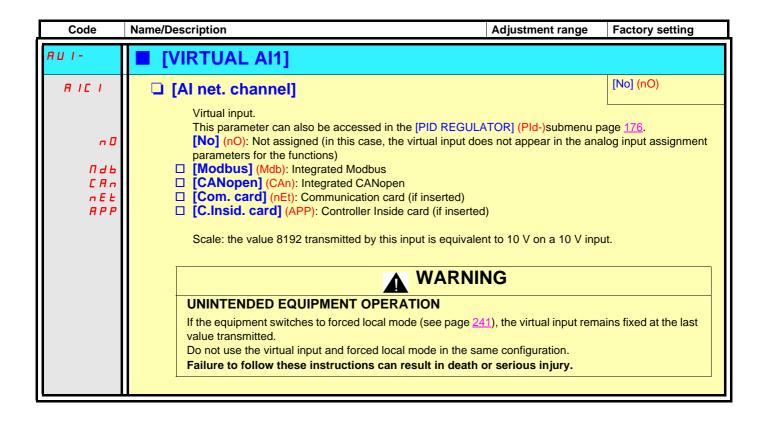


Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
H I I -	■ [AI1 CONFIGURATION]		
A I IA	☐ [Al1 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al1 in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.		
A I I E	☐ [Al1 Type]		[Voltage] (10U)
וםט	□ [Voltage] (10U): Positive voltage input (negative values are interpreted as zero: the input is unidirectional). □ [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Positive and negative voltage input (the input is bidirectional).		
Ш І І	□ [Al1 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
и ін і	☐ [Al1 max value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
A I IF	□ [Al1 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
RIIE	☐ [Al1 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	 Input delinearization point coordinate. 0% corresponds to [Al1 min value] (UIL1). 100% corresponds to [Al1 max value] (UIH1). 		
A 1 15	☐ [Al1 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency reference).		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
A 12 -	■ [AI2 CONFIGURATION]			
A IZA	☐ [Al2 assignment]			
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input AI2 i problems.	in order to check, for exampl	e, for compatibility	
A 12F	☐ [Al2 Type]		[Current] (0 A)	
10U 0A	□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage input □ [Current] (0 A): Current input			
C r L 2	☐ [Al2 min value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA	
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) =	[Current] (0 A)		
U IL Z	☐ [Al2 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V	
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) =	[Voltage] (10U)		
CrH2	☐ [Al2 max. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA	
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) =	[Current] (0 A)		
и інг	☐ [Al2 max. value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V	
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) =	[Voltage] (10U)		
A 12F	☐ [Al2 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s	
	Interference filtering.			
A IST	☐ [Al2 range]		[0 - 100%] (POS)	
P 0 5 n E G	□ [0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input □ [+/- 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input Example: On a 0/10 V input - 0 V corresponds to reference -100% - 5 V corresponds to reference 0% - 10 V corresponds to reference + 100%			
A 12E	☐ [Al2 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%	
	Input delinearization point coordinate. • 0% corresponds to [Min value] if the range is 0 → 10 [Max value] + [Min value]			
	• 0% corresponds to 2	— if the range is -100% →+	100%.	
	100% corresponds to [Max value].			
A 125	☐ [Al2 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%	
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency ref	ference).		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
Я ІЗ -	[Al3 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted			
Я ІЗЯ	☐ [Al3 assignment] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al3 in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.			
A 13E	☐ [Al3 Type] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. ☐ [Current] (0 A): Current input		[Current] (0 A)	
[rL3	□ [Al3 min. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA	
CrH3	□ [Al3 max. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA	
A 13F	☐ [Al3 filter] Interference filtering.	0 to 10.00 s	0 s	
A 13L P05 nEG	[0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input [1 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input [1 - 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input Example: On a 4 - 20 mA input - 4 mA corresponds to reference -100% - 12 mA corresponds to reference 0% - 20 mA corresponds to reference + 100% Since Al3 is, in physical terms, a bidirectional input, the [+/- 100%] (nEG) configuration must only be used if the signal applied is unidirectional. A bidirectional signal is not compatible with a bidirectional configuration.			
	Input delinearization point coordinate. • 0% corresponds to [Min value] (CrL3) if the range is 0 → 100%. • 0% corresponds to [Al3 max. value] (CrH3) - [Al3 min. value] • 100% corresponds to [Al3 max. value] (CrH3).			
A 135	☐ [Al3 Interm. point Y] Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency reference)	0 to 100% ce).	0%	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
Я 14-	[AI4 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	rted		
ЯІЧЯ	☐ [Al4 assignment] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al4 in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.			
A 14E	☐ [Al4 Type] ☐ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage input ☐ [Current] (0 A): Current input		[Voltage] (10U)	
Er L 4	□ [Al4 min value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA	
и ісч	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Curlor [Al4 min value] The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Vol	0 to 10.0 V	0 V	
C r H 4	☐ [Al4 max value] The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Cur	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA	
и інч	☐ [Al4 max value] The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Vol	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V	
ЯІЧЕ	☐ [Al4 filter] Interference filtering.	0 to 10.00 s	0 s	
# 14L P 0 5 n E G	☐ [Al4 range] ☐ [0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input ☐ [+/- 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input Example: On a 0/10 V input - 0 V corresponds to reference -100% - 5 V corresponds to reference 0% - 10 V corresponds to reference + 100%		[0 - 100%] (POS)	
ЯІЧЕ	 □ [Al4 Interm.point X] Input delinearization point coordinate. • 0% corresponds to [Min value] if the range is 0 → 100%. • 0% corresponds to [Max value] + [Min value] if • 100% corresponds to [Max value]. 	0 to 100% the range is -100% → + -	100%.	
A 145	☐ [Al4 Interm.point Y] Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency referen	0 to 100% ce).	0%	



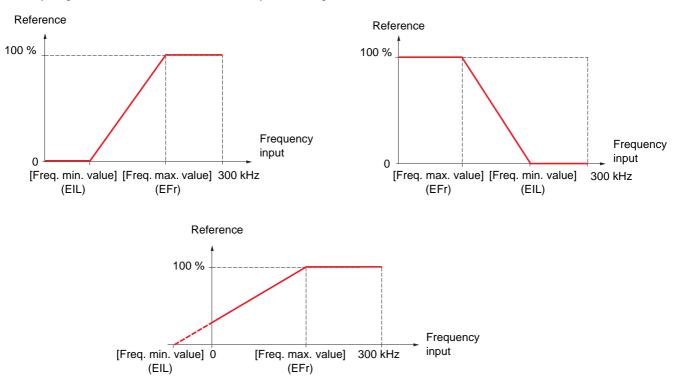
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PL I-	[RP CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
PIA	[RP assignment] Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with the Pulse In input in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.		
PIL	☐ [RP min value] Frequency corresponding to the minimum speed	- 30.00 to 30.00 kHz	0
PFr	☐ [RP max value] Frequency corresponding to the maximum speed	0 to 30.00 kHz	30.00 kHz
PFI	☐ [RP filter] Interference filtering.	0 to 1000 ms	0

Configuration of the encoder input serving as a reference, with a frequency generator

This reference is not signed, therefore the directions of operation must be given via the control channel (logic inputs, for example).

Minimum and maximum values (input values):

The minimum value corresponds to a minimum reference of 0% and the maximum value to a maximum reference of 100%. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value. It may also be negative.



A reference can be obtained at zero frequency by assigning a negative value to the minimum value.

The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
IEn-	[ENCODER CONFIGURATION] The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encode selections will depend on the type of encoder card used.	r card has been inserted	I, and the available
E n 5	☐ [Encoder type]		[AABB] (AAbb)
ЯЯЬЬ ЯЬ Я	The parameter can be accessed if an incremental encoder to be configured in accordance with the type of encoder u [AABB] (AAbb): For signals A, A-, B, B [AB] (Ab): For signals A, B. [A] (A): For signal A. Value cannot be accessed if [Encoder to be accessed	sed.	
EnC	☐ [Encoder check]		[Not done] (nO)
n 0 4 E S d 0 n E	Checks the encoder feedback. See procedure page 79. The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has be 101 is not [Speed ref.] (PGr). [Not done] (nO): Check not performed. [Yes] (YES): Activates monitoring of the encoder. [Done] (dOnE): Check performed successfully. The check procedure checks: - The direction of rotation of the encoder/motor - The presence of signals (wiring continuity) - The number of pulses/revolution If a fault is detected, the drive locks in [Encoder fault] (EnF		der usage] (EnU) page

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [ENCODER CONFIGURATION] (continue	d)	
EnU	☐ [Encoder usage]		[No] (nO)
n 0 5 E C r E G P G r	The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted. [No] (nO): Function inactive. In this case, the other parameters cannot be accessed. [Fdbk monit.] (SEC): The encoder provides speed feedback for monitoring only. [Spd fdk reg.] (rEG): The encoder provides speed feedback for regulation and monitoring. This configuration is automatic if the drive is configured for closed-loop operation ([Motor control type] (Ctt) = [FVC] (FUC). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC V] (UUC) the encoder operates in speed feedback mode and enables static correction of the speed to be performed. This configuration is not accessible for other [Motor control type] (Ctt) values. [Speed ref.] (PGr): The encoder provides a reference. Can only be selected with an incremental encoder card.		
PG I	☐ [Number of pulses]	100 to 5000	1024
	Number of pulses per encoder revolution. The parameter can be accessed if an incremental encoder	card has been inserted.	
PGA	☐ [Reference type]		[Encoder] (EnC)
E n C P Ł G	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) ☐ [Encoder] (EnC): Use of an encoder. ☐ [Freq. gen.] (PtG): Use of a frequency generator (unsign		
E IL	☐ [Freq. min. value]	- 300 to 300 kHz	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) = [Speed ref.] (PGr) and if [Reference type] (PGA) = [Freq. gen.] (PtG). Frequency corresponding to the minimum speed		
EFr	☐ [Freq. max value]	0.00 to 300 kHz	300 kHz
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) (PGA) = [Freq. gen.] (PtG). Frequency corresponding to the maximum speed	= [Speed ref.] (PGr) and	if [Reference type]
EF I	☐ [Freq. signal filter]	0 to 1000 ms	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) Interference filtering.	= [Speed ref.] (PGr).	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
r 1-	■ [R1 CONFIG	URATION]	
r I	☐ [R1 Assignm	ent]	[No drive flt] (FLt)
n D	□ [No] (nO): No	t assigned	
FLE		(FLt): Drive not faulty (relay normally energized, and de-energized	if there is a fault)
r Un F Ł A		(rUn): Drive running	
FLA		tain.] (FtA): Frequency threshold attained ([Freq. threshold] (Ftd) (FLA): High speed attained	page <u>66</u>)
CEA		CtA): Current threshold attained ([Current threshold] (Ctd) page <u>65</u>)	
5 r A		(SrA): Frequency reference attained	
£ 5 A	□ [Th.mot. att.	(tSA): Motor 1 thermal state attained	
PEE	☐ [PID error al	(PEE): PID error alarm	
P F A A P 2		(PFA): PID feedback alarm	
F2A		(AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input A12 (F2A): Frequency threshold 2 attained (Freq. threshold 2)	(F2d) page 66)
Ŀ A d		(rad): Drive thermal state attained	(1 2u) page <u>oo</u>)
r 5 d A		(rSdA): Rope slack (see [Rope slack config.] parameter (rSd) page	je <u>171</u>)
E E H A	☐ [High tq. att.	(ttHA): Motor torque overshooting high threshold[High torque thd.] (ttH) page <u>65</u> .
FFLA		(ttLA): Motor torque undershooting low threshold[Low torque thd.]	(ttL) page <u>65</u> .
NFrd Nrr5		Frd): Motor in forward rotation	
11 F F 3		rrS): Motor in reverse rotation (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state attained	
£ 5 3		(tS3): Motor 3 thermal state attained	
A L S		AtS): Negative torque (braking)	
[nF]	□ [Cnfg.0 act.]	(CnF0): Configuration 0 active	
Enf I		(CnF1): Configuration 1 active	
C n F 2 C F P I		(CnF2): Configuration 2 active	
CFP2		(CFP1): Parameter set 1 active	
CFP3		CFP2): Parameter set 2 active (CFP3): Parameter set 3 active	
dЬL		(dbL): DC bus charging	
br5		(brS): Drive braking	
РгП		PRM): Drive locked by "Power removal" input	
F9LA		[FqLA): Measured speed threshold attained: [Pulse warning thd.]	(FqL) page <u>66</u> .
ПСР LSA		MCP): Motor current present t] (LSA): Limit switch attained	
alaA		(CSA). Limit switch attained (dLdA): Load variation detection (see page 234).	
AC I		(AGI): Alarm group 1	
A C 2	☐ [Alarm Grp 2	2] (AG2): Alarm group 2	
A C 3	☐ [Alarm Grp 3	3 (AG3): Alarm group 3	
P IA		P1A): Probe alarm 1	
P 2 A P L A		P2A): Probe alarm 2 PLA): LI6 = PTC probe alarm	
EFA		(EFA): External fault alarm	
USA		(USA): Undervoltage alarm	
<i>UP A</i>	□ [Uvolt warn]	(UPA): Undervoltage warning	
H n H		(AnA): Slipping alarm	
E H A		tHA): Drive overheating	
65A 6CA		(bSA): Braking speed alarm	
5 S A		(bCA): Brake contact alarm (SSA): Torque limit alarm	
rEA		(GGA): Torque innit alarm [(rtA): Torque control alarm	
E JA	☐ [IGBT al.] (tJ		
6 O A	□ [Brake R. al.	(bOA): Braking resistor temperature alarm	
APA		APA): Alarm generated by the Controller Inside card.	
A P 3 A P Y		(APA): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Ala	
r d 9	□ [Al4 Al. 4-20 □ [Ready] (rdY)	(AP4): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al4	
, 63	□ [Neauy] (IOY)	. Drive ready	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[R1 CONFIGURATION] (continued)		
r Id	☐ [R1 Delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true. The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt) assignment, and remains at 0.		
r 15	☐ [R1 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true Configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No driven]	re flt] (FLt), assignment.	
r IH	☐ [R1 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The change in state only takes effect once the configured till false. The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt) as	•	
r 2 -	■ [R2 CONFIGURATION]		
r 2	☐ [R2 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
9C0 F2A 0CC FTC PTC	Identical to R1 (see page 102) with the addition of (shown for information only as these selections can only be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)) menu: [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control [Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control [End reel] (EbO): End of reel(traverse control function) [Sync. wobble] (tSY): "Counter wobble" synchronization [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control.		
r 2 d	☐ [R2 Delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk con (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured til true.	nt 0.	
r 25	☐ [R2 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.		
r 2 H	☐ [R2 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured till false.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
r3-	[R3 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inserted		
r 3	☐ [R3 Assignment] Identical to R2		[No] (nO)
r 3 d	☐ [R3 Delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk con (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured til true.	nt 0.	
r 35	☐ [R3 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.	drive flt] (FLt), [Brk contro	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
r 3H	☐ [R3 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured till false.		
r 4 -	[R4 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
r 4	☐ [R4 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to R2 (see page 103)		
r 4d	☐ [R4 Delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
r 45	☐ [R4 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.		
г ЧН	☐ [R4 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
L 0 1-	■ [LO1 CONFIGURATION]			
	Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inserted			
LOI	☐ [LO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)	
6 C C 6 C C 6 C C 6 C C 6 C C	Identical to R1 (see page 102) with the addition of (shown for information only as these selections can only be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)) menu: [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control [Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control [End reel] (EbO): End of reel(traverse control function) [Sync. wobble] (tSY): "Counter wobble" synchronization [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control.			
LOId	☐ [LO1 delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0	
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.			
L 0 15	☐ [LO1 active at]		[1] (POS)	
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.			
L O IH	☐ [LO1 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0	
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.			
L 0 2 -	[LO2 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inserted			
L 0 2	☐ [LO2 assignment]		[No] (nO)	
	Identical to LO1.			
L 0 2 d	☐ [LO2 delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0	
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.			
L 0 2 5	☐ [LO2 active at]		[1] (POS)	
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.			
L O 2 H	☐ [LO2 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0	
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.			

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
L O 3 -	[LO3 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted			
L 0 3	☐ [LO3 assignment]		[No] (nO)	
	Identical to LO1 (see page 105).			
L 0 3 d	☐ [LO3 delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0	
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.			
L 0 3 5	☐ [LO3 active at]		[1] (POS)	
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.			
L 0 3 H	☐ [LO3 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0	
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.			
L 0 4 -	[LO4 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted			
L 0 4	☐ [LO4 assignment]		[No] (nO)	
	Identical to LO1 (see page 105).			
L 0 4 d	☐ [LO4 delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0	
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.			
L 0 4 5	☐ [LO4 active at]		[1] (POS)	
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.			
L 0 4 H	☐ [LO4 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0	
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.			

Use of analog output AO1 as a logic output

Analog output AO1 can be used as a logic output, by assigning DO1. In this case, when set to 0 this output corresponds to the AO1 min. value (0 V or 0 mA, for example), and when set to 1 to the AO1 max. value (10 V or 20 mA, for example).

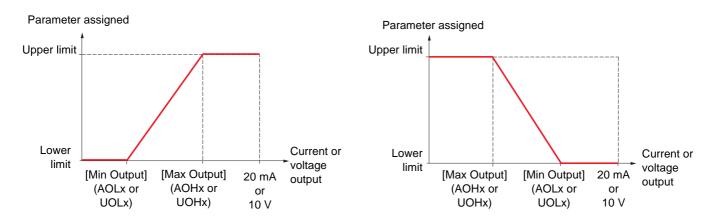
The electrical characteristics of this analog output remain unchanged. As these differ from logic output characteristics, it is important to ensure that they are compatible with the intended application.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
d0 I-	■ [DO1 CONFIGURATION]				
d 0 1	☐ [DO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)		
9 C O F 2 A O C C F C P C C	Identical to R1 (see page 102) with the addition of (shown for information only as these selections can only be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)) menu: [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control [Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control [End reel] (EbO): End of reel(traverse control function) [Sync. wobble] (tSY): "Counter wobble" synchronization [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control.				
4014	☐ [DO1 delay time]	0 to 60000 ms (1)	0		
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.				
d 0 15	☐ [DO1 active at]		[1] (POS)		
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic: [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.				
40 IH	☐ [DO1 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0		
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0. The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.				

Configuration of analog outputs

Minimum and maximum values (output values):

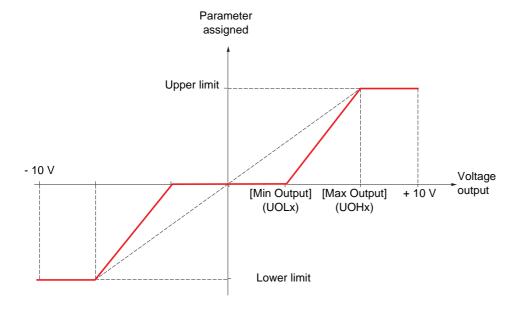
The minimum output value, in volts or mA, corresponds to the lower limit of the assigned parameter and the maximum value corresponds to its upper limit. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value:



Outputs AO2 and AO3 configured as bipolar outputs (strongly recommended for signed parameters):

The [min Output] (UOLx) and [max Output] (UOHx) parameters are absolute values, although they function symmetrically. In the case of bipolar outputs, always set the maximum value higher than the minimum value.

The [max Output] (UOHx) corresponds to the upper limit of the assigned parameter, and the [min Output] (UOLx) corresponds to an average value between the upper and lower limits (0 for a signed and symmetrical parameter such as in the example below).



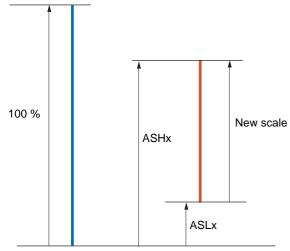
Scaling of the assigned parameter

The scale of the assigned parameter can be adapted in accordance with requirements by modifying the values of the lower and upper limits by means of two parameters for each analog output.

These parameters are given in %; 100% corresponds to the total variation range of the configured parameter, so:

- 100% = upper limit lower limit For example, [Sign. torque] (Stq) which varies between -3 and +3 times the rated torque, 100% corresponds to 6 times the rated torque.
- The parameter [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) modifies the lower limit: new value = lower limit + (range x ASLx). The value 0% (factory setting) does not modify the lower limit.
- The parameter [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx) modifies the upper limit: new value = lower limit + (range x ASLx). The value 100% (factory setting) does not modify the upper limit.
- [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) must always be lower than [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx).

Upper limit of the assigned parameter



Lower limit of the assigned parameter

Application example 1

The value of the signed motor torque at the AO2 output is to be transferred with +/- 10 V, with a range of -2 Tr to +2 Tr.

The parameter [Sign. torque.] (Stq) varies between -3 and +3 times the rated torque, or a range of 6 times the rated torque.

[Scaling AO2 min] (ASL2) must modify the lower limit by 1x the rated torque, or 100/6 = 16.7% (new value = lower limit + (range x ASL2).

[Scaling AO2 max] (ASH2) must modify the upper limit by 1x the rated torque, or 100 - 100/6 = 83.3 % (new value = lower limit + (range x ASH2).

Application example 2

The value of the motor current at the AO2 output is to be transferred with 0 - 20 mA, range 2 ln motor, ln motor being the equivalent of a 0.8 ln drive.

The parameter [I motor] (OCr) varies between 0 and 2 times the rated drive current, or a range of 2.5 times the rated drive current.

[Scaling AO2 min] (ASL2) must not modify the lower limit, which therefore remains at its factory setting of 0%.

[Scaling AO2 max] (ASH2) must modify the upper limit by 0.5x the rated motor torque, or 100 - 100/5 = 80 % (new value = lower limit + (range x ASH2).

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting			
AO 1-	■ [AO1 CONFIGURATION]				
AO I	☐ [AO1 assignment]	[No] (nO)			
n 0 0 C r	 [No] (nO): Not assigned [I motor] (OCr): Current in the motor, between 0 and 2 In (In = rated drive current indicated in the 				
OF c	Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate). [Motor freq.] (OFr): Output frequency, from 0 to [Max frequency] (tFr)				
Or P	☐ [Ramp out.] (OrP): From 0 to [Max frequency] (tFr)				
Er9	☐ [Motor torq.] (trq): Motor torque, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque				
5 Ł 9	[Sign. torque] (Stq): Signed motor torque, between -3 and +3 times the rated corresponds to the motor mode and the - sign to the generator mode (braking).				
0 r S 0 P S	 ☐ [sign ramp] (OrS): Signed ramp output, between - [Max frequency] (tFr) and ☐ [PID ref.] (OPS): PID regulator reference between [Min PID reference] (PIP1) 				
0 P F	(PIP2) □ [PID feedback] (OPF): PID regulator feedback between [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) and [Max PID			
OPE	feedback] (PIF2) □ [PID error] (OPE): PID regulator error between- 5 % and + 5 % of ([Max PID fe	edback] (PIF2) - [Min PID			
0 P I	feedback] (PIF1)) [PID Output] (OPI): PID regulator output between [Low speed] (LSP) and [Hi	ah speedi (HSP)			
0 P c	[Mot. power] (OPr): Motor power, between 0 and 2.5 times [Rated motor power]				
EHr	☐ [Mot thermal] (tHr): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated th				
E H d	Drv thermal (tHd): Drive thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated the				
E 9 N S	[Torque 4Q] (tqMS): Signed motor torque, between -3 and +3 times the rated and the - sign correspond to the physical direction of the torque, regardless of m Example of usage: "master-slave" with the TORQUE CONTROL] (tOr-) function.	ode (motor or generator).			
OFCC	☐ [Meas.mot.fr] (OFrr): Measured motor speed.	page <u>102</u> .			
0 F S	☐ [Sig. o/p frq.] (OFS): Signed output frequency, between - [Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr)				
EHr2	☐ [Mot therm2] (tHr2): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200 % of the rated				
EHr∃	 [Mot therm3] (tHr3): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state. [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque 				
U	□ [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Signed torque reference, between - 3 and + 3 times the rated motor torque				
EPL	☐ [Torque lim.] (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque				
UOP	☐ [Motor volt.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UnS)				
<i>a</i>	[dO1] (dO1): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [DO1 assignment] (dO1) page 107 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes.				
	mornational parposos.				
AO IE	□ [AO1 Type]	[Current] (0A)			
10U 0A	□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output □ [Current] (0A): Current output				
AOL I	☐ [AO1 min Output] 0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA			
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A)				
ПОН І	☐ [AO1 max Output] 0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA			
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A)				
UOL I	☐ [AO1 min Output] 0 to 10.0 V	0 V			
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)				
и п н п	☐ [AO1 max Output] 0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V			
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)				

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
AD I-	[AO1 CONFIGURATION] (continued)			
ASL I	☐ [Scaling AO1 min]	0 to 100.0 %	0 %	
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maxiumum possible variation.			
A S H I	☐ [Scaling AO1 max]	0 to 100.0 %	100.0 %	
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maxiumum possible variation.			
AO IF	□ [AO1 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s	
	Interference filtering. This parameter is forced to 0 if[AO1 a	asisgnment] (AO1) = [dC	01] (dO1).	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
A O S -	[AO2 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted			
A O S	☐ [AO2 assignment] Same assignments as AO1, without [dO1] (dO1).		[No] (nO)	
A O S F	☐ [AO2 Type]		[Current] (0A)	
10U 0A 0 10U	□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output □ [Current] (0A): Current output □ [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Bipolar voltage output.			
AOL 2	☐ [AO2 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA	
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [C	Current] (0A)		
A D H S	☐ [AO2 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA	
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [C	Current] (OA)		
nors	☐ [AO2 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V	
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltage	e +/-] (n10U)	
поне	☐ [AO2 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V	
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltage	e +/-] (n10U)	
ASL 2	☐ [Scaling AO2 min]	0 to 100.0 %	0 %	
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maxiumum possible variation.			
ASH2	☐ [Scaling AO2 max]	0 to 100.0 %	100.0 %	
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maxiumum possible variation.			
A D 2 F	□ [AO2 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s	
	Interference filtering.			

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
A D 3 -	[AO3 CONFIGURATION] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted			
A O 3	☐ [AO3 assignment]		[No] (nO)	
	Same assignments as AO1, without [dO1] (dO1).			
A O 3 F	☐ [AO3 Type]		[Current] (0A)	
10U 0A 010U	□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output □ [Current] (0A): Current output □ [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Bipolar voltage output.			
AOL 3	☐ [AO3 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA	
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [C	urrent] (0A)	1	
A D H 3	☐ [AO3 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA	
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [C	urrent] (0A)	1	
UOL 3	☐ [AO3 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V	
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltage	e +/-] (n10U)	
и о н э	☐ [AO3 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V	
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltage	e +/-] (n10U)	
A 5 L 3	☐ [Scaling AO3 min]	0 to 100.0 %	0 %	
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a s	% of the maxiumum poss	sible variation.	
A 5 H 3	☐ [Scaling AO3 max]	0 to 100.0 %	100.0 %	
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a % of the maxiumum possible variation.			
A D 3 F	☐ [AO3 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s	
	Interference filtering.			

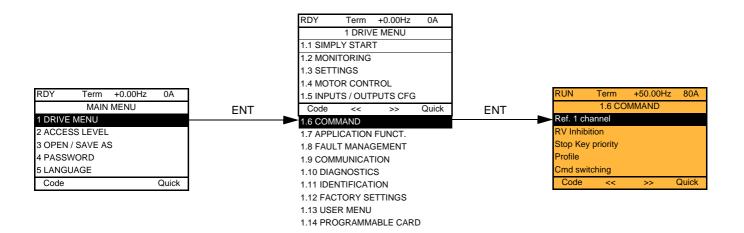
The following submenus group the alarms into 1 to 3 groups, each of which can be assigned to a relay or a logic output for remote signaling. These groups can also be displayed on the graphic display terminal (see [6 MONITORING CONFIG.] menu) and viewed via the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP) menu.

When one or a number of alarms selected in a group occurs, this alarm group is activated.

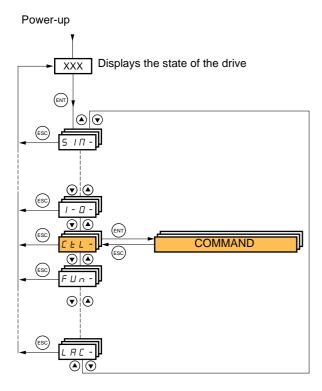
Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
HIC-	■ [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION]
PL A P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	Selection to be made from the following list: [LI6=PTC al.] (PLA): LI6 = PTC probe alarm [PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1 [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 2 [Ext. fault al.] (EFA): External fault alarm [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm [Slipping al.] (AnA): Slipping alarm [I attained] (CtA): Current threshold attained ([Current threshold] (Ctd) page 65) [Freq. Th. att.] (FtA): Frequency threshold attained ([Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 66) [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): Frequency threshold 2 attained ([Freq. Th. 2 attain] (F2d) page 66) [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): Frequency reference attained [Th.mot. att.] (ISA): Motor 1 thermal state attained [Th.mot. att.] (ISA): Motor 2 thermal state attained [Th.mot3 att] (IS3): Motor 3 thermal state attained [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed attained [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating [Load mvt al] (bSA): Braking speed alarm [Brk cont. al] (bCA): Brake contact alarm [PID error al] (PFE): PID error alarm [PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al2 [Al3 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al3 [Al4 Al. 4-20] (AP4): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al4 [Lim T/I att.] (SSA): Torque limit alarm [Th. drv. att.] (IAd): Drive thermal state attained [IGBT alarm] (UA): IGBT alarm
r E A 60 A A P A U r A r S d A E E H A E E L A F 9 L A d L d A	□ [Torque Control al.] (rtA): Torque control alarm □ [Brake R. al.] (bOA): Braking resistor temperature alarm □ [Option al.] (APA): Alarm generated by an option card. □ [Regen. underV. al.] (UrA): Reserved. □ [Rope slack alarm] (rSdA): Rope slack (see [Rope slack config.] (rSd) parameter page 171) □ [High torque alarm] (ttHA): Motor torque overshooting high threshold [High torque thd.] (ttH) page 65. □ [Low torque alarm] (ttLA): Motor torque undershooting low threshold[Low torque thd.] (ttL) page 65. □ [Freq. meter Alarm] (FqLA): Measured speed threshold attained: [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page 66. □ [Dynamic load alarm] (dLdA): Load variation detection (see[DYNAMIC LOAD DETECT.] (dLd-) page
	 234). See the multiple selection procedure on page 29 for the integrated display terminal, and page 20 for the graphic display terminal.
R≥C-	■ [ALARM GRP2 DEFINITION]
<i>₽3С-</i>	Identical to [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION] (A1C-)
	[ALARM GRP3 DEFINITION] Identical to [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION] (A1C-)

[1.6 COMMAND] (CtL-)

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



[1.6 COMMAND] (CtL-)

The parameters in the [1.6 COMMAND] (CtL) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present.

Command and reference channels

Run commands (forward, reverse, stop, etc.) and references can be sent using the following channels:

Control	Reference
Terminals: logic inputs LI Graphic display terminal Integrated Modbus Integrated CANopen Communication card Controller Inside card	 Terminals: analog inputs AI, frequency input, encoder Graphic display terminal Integrated Modbus Integrated CANopen Communication card Controller Inside card +/- speed via the terminals +/- speed via the graphic display terminal

The behavior of the Altivar 71 can be adapted according to requirements:

- [8 serie] (SE8): To replace an Altivar 58. See the Migration Manual.
- [Not separ.] (SIM): Command and reference are sent via the same channel.
- [Separate] (SEP): Command and reference may be sent via different channels.

In these configurations, control via the communication bus is performed in accordance with the DRIVECOM standard with only 5 freely-assignable bits (see Communication Parameters Manual). The application functions cannot be accessed via the communication interface.

• [I/O profile] (IO): The command and the reference can come from different channels. This configuration both simplifies and extends use via the communication interface.

Commands may be sent via the logic inputs on the terminals or via the communication bus.

When commands are sent via a bus, they are available on a word, which acts as virtual terminals containing only logic inputs. Application functions can be assigned to the bits in this word. More than one function can be assigned to the same bit.



Note: Stop commands from the terminals remain active even if the terminals are not the active command channel.

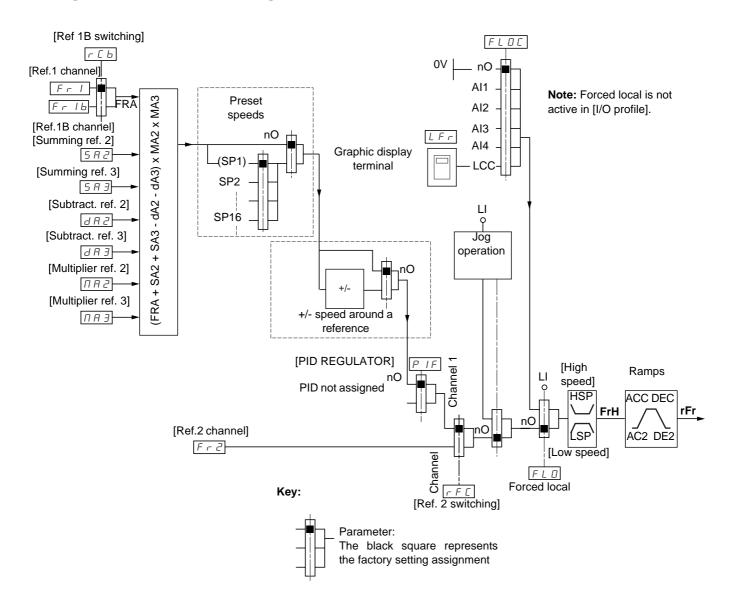


Note: The integrated Modbus channel has 2 physical communication ports:

- The Modbus network port
- The Modbus HMI port

The drive does not differentiate between these two ports, but recognizes the graphic display terminal irrespective of the port to which it is connected.

Reference channel for [Not separ.] (SIM), [Separate] (SEP) and [I/O profile] (IO) configurations, PID not configured



Instructions

Fr1, SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3, MA2, MA3:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Fr1b, for SEP and IO:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Fr1b, for SIM:

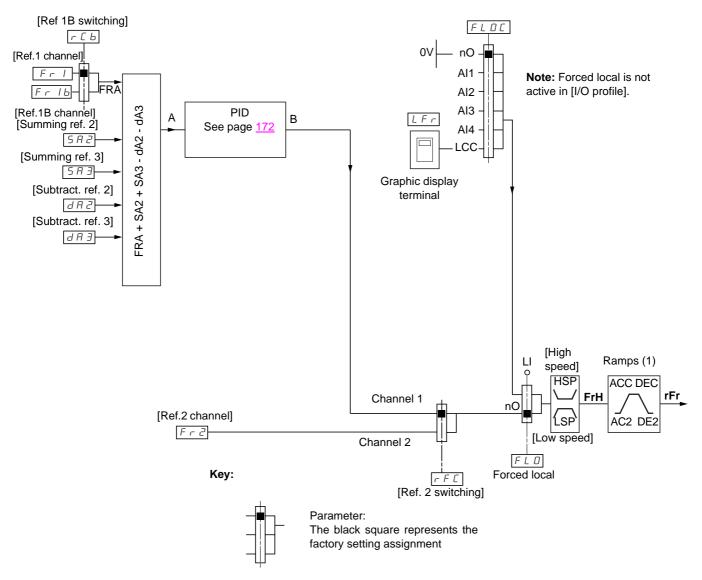
• Terminals, only accessible if Fr1 = terminals

Fr2:

Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card, and +/speed

Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref 1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu.

Reference channel for [Not separ.] (SIM), [Separate] (SEP) and [I/O profile] (IO) configurations, PID configured with PID references at the terminals



Instructions

Fr1:

· Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Fr1b, for SEP and IO:

· Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Fr1b, for SIM:

• Terminals, only accessible if Fr1 = terminals

SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3:

· Terminals only

Fr2:

- Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card, and +/-speed
- (1) Ramps not active if the PID function is active in automatic mode.

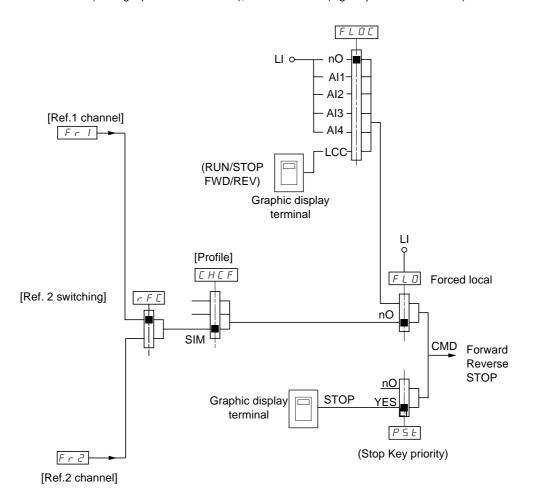
Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref 1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu.

Command channel for [Not separ.] (SIM) configuration

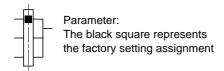
Reference and command, not separate

The command channel is determined by the reference channel. Parameters Fr1, Fr2, rFC, FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command.

Example: if the reference is Fr1 = Al1 (analog input at the terminals), control is via LI (logic input at the terminals).



Key:



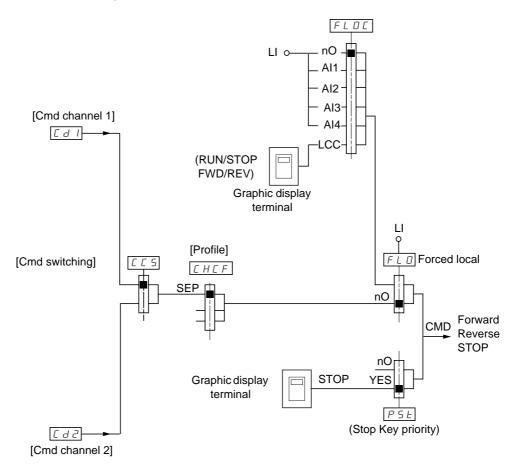
Command channel for [Separate] (SEP) configuration

Separate reference and command

Parameters FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command.

Example: If the reference is in forced local mode via Al1 (analog input at the terminals), command in forced local mode is via LI (logic input at the terminals).

The command channels Cd1 and Cd2 are independent of the reference channels Fr1, Fr1b and Fr2.







Parameter:

The black rectangle represents the factory setting assignment, except for [Profile].

Commands

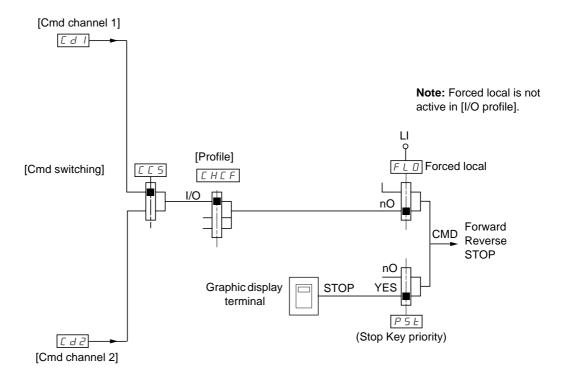
Cd1, Cd2:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

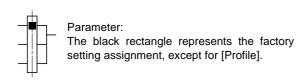
Command channel for [I/O profile] (IO) configuration

Separate reference and command, as in [Separate] (SEP) configuration

The command channels Cd1 and Cd2 are independent of the reference channels Fr1, Fr1b and Fr2.







Commands

Cd1, Cd2:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

Command channel for [I/O profile] (IO) configuration

Selection of a command channel:

A command or an action can be assigned:

- To a fixed channel by selecting an LI input or a Cxxx bit:
 - By selecting e.g., LI3, this action will always be triggered by LI3 regardless of which command channel is switched.
 - By selecting e.g., C214, this action will always be triggered by integrated CANopen with bit 14 regardless of which command channel is switched.
- To a switchable channel by selecting a CDxx bit:
 - By selecting, e.g., CD11, this action will be triggered by

LI12 if the terminals channel is active

C111 if the integrated Modbus channel is active

C211 if the integrated CANopen channel is active

C311 if the communication card channel is active

C411 if the Controller Inside card channel is active

If the active channel is the graphic display terminal, the functions and commands assigned to CDxx switchable internal bits are inactive.

Note:

• CD14 and CD15 can only be used for switching between 2 networks. They do not have equivalent logic inputs.

Terminals	Integrated Modbus	Integrated CANopen	Communication card	Controller Inside card	Internal bit, can be switched
					CD00
LI2 (1)	C101 (1)	C201 (1)	C301 (1)	C401 (1)	CD01
LI3	C102	C202	C302	C402	CD02
LI4	C103	C203	C303	C403	CD03
LI5	C104	C204	C304	C404	CD04
LI6	C105	C205	C305	C405	CD05
LI7	C106	C206	C306	C406	CD06
LI8	C107	C207	C307	C407	CD07
LI9	C108	C208	C308	C408	CD08
LI10	C109	C209	C309	C409	CD09
LI11	C110	C210	C310	C410	CD10
LI12	C111	C211	C311	C411	CD11
LI13	C112	C212	C312	C412	CD12
LI14	C113	C213	C313	C413	CD13
-	C114	C214	C314	C414	CD14
-	C115	C215	C315	C415	CD15

(1) If [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 38 = [3 wire] (3C), LI2, C101, C201, C301, and C401 cannot be accessed.

Assignment conditions for logic inputs and control bits

The following elements are available for every command or function that can be assigned to a logic input or a control bit:

[LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6)	Drive with or without option
[LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10)	With VW3A3201 logic I/O card
[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14)	With VW3A3202 extended I/O card
[C101] (C101) to [C110] (C110)	With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115)	With integrated Modbus regardless of configuration
[C201] (C201) to [C210] (C210)	With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215)	With integrated CANopen regardless of configuration
[C301] (C301) to [C310] (C310)	With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315)	With a communication card regardless of configuration
[C401] (C401) to [C410] (C410)	With Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415)	With Controller Inside card regardless of configuration
[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD10] (Cd10)	In [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[CD11] (Cd11) to [CD15] (Cd15)	Regardless of configuration



Note : In [I/O profile] (IO) configuration, LI1 cannot be accessed and if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page <u>88</u> = [3 wire] (3C), LI2, C101, C201, C301 and C401 cannot be accessed either.

▲ WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Inactive communication channels are not monitored (no lock following malfunction in the event of a communication bus failure). Make sure that the commands and functions assigned to bits C101 to C415 will not pose a risk in the event of the failure of the associated communication bus.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment	range	Factory setting
Frl	☐ [Ref.1 channel]		[AI1] (AI1)
A I I A I 2 A I 3 A I 4 L C C N d b C A n n E L A P P P I P G	□ [AI1] (AI1): Analog input □ [AI2] (AI2): Analog input □ [AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted □ [AI4] (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted □ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal □ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus □ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen □ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) □ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) □ [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted □ [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted	,t	
r In	□ [RV Inhibition]		[No] (nO)
n □ 4 € 5	 □ [No] (nO) □ [Yes] (YES) Inhibition of movement in reverse direction, does not apply to direction requests sent by logic inputs are taken into account. Reverse direction requests sent by the graphic display terminal are not. Reverse direction requests sent by the line are not taken into account. Any reverse speed reference originating from the PID, summing input, reference (0 Hz). 	taken into	account.
PSE	□ [Stop Key priority]		[Yes] (YES)
n 0 4 E 5	 □ [No] (nO) □ [Yes] (YES): Gives priority to the STOP key on the graphic display terminal is not enabled as the command channel. Press and hold down ENT for 2 seconds in order for any change in the assign to be taken into account. This will be a freewheel stop. If the active command channel is the graphic performed according to the [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140 irrespective of the (PSt). 	gnment of [Stop Key priority] (PSt) minal, the stop will be
CHCF	□ [Profile]		[Not separ.] (SIM)
S E 8	□ [8 serie] (SE8): ATV58 interchangeability (see Migration Manual). The[8 serie] (SE8) configuration is used to load, via PowerSuite, for example, an ATV58 drive configuration in an ATV71 that has already been set to this configuration. This assignment cannot be accessed if a Controller Inside card has been inserted. Note: Modifications to the configuration of the ATV71 must only be made using PowerSuite when it is in this configuration, otherwise operation cannot be guaranteed.		
5 I	 □ [Not separ.] (SIM): Reference and command, not separate □ [Separate] (SEP): Separate reference and command. This assignment of (IO). □ [I/O profile] (IO): I/O profile 	annot be a	ccessed in [I/O profile]
	When [8 serie] (SE8) is selected and [I/O profile] (IO) is deselected, the drive setting (this is mandatory). This factory setting only affects the [1 DRIVE ME [1.9 COMMUNICATION] or [1.5 PROGRAMMABLE CARD]. - With the graphic display terminal, a screen appears to perform this ope the screen. - With the integrated display terminal, press ENT and hold it down (for 2 serturn to the factory setting.	NU] menu. eration. Fol	It does not affect either low the instructions on

Code	Name/Description Adjustment ra	ange Factory setting
<i>C C S</i>	☐ [Cmd switching]	[ch1 active] (Cd1)
C 4 5	The parameter can be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O ☐ [ch1 active] (Cd1): [Cmd channel 1] (Cd1) active (no switching) ☐ [ch2 active] (Cd2): [Cmd channel 2] (Cd2) active (no switching)	profile] (IO)
L 1 1	□ [Ll1] (Ll1)	
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123 (not CDOO to CD14).	
	If the assigned input or bit is at 0, channel [Cmd channel 1] (Cd1) is active. If the assigned input or bit is at 1, channel [Cmd channel 2] (Cd2) is active.	
C d I	☐ [Cmd channel 1]	[Terminals] (tEr)
EE	☐ [Terminals] (tEr): Terminals ☐ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal ☐ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus ☐ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen ☐ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) ☐ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) The parameter is available if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O profile]	∍] (IO).
C 4 ≥	☐ [Cmd channel 2]	[Modbus] (Mdb)
E E r L C C N d b C A n n E b R P P	□ [Terminals] (tEr): Terminals □ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal □ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus □ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen □ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) □ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) The parameter is available if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O profile]	e] (IO).
r F E	☐ [Ref. 2 switching]	[ch1 active] (Fr1)
Fr I Fr 2 L I I - -	☐ [ch1 active] (Fr1): no switching, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) active ☐ [ch2 active] (Fr2): no switching, [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) active ☐ [LI1] (LI1) ☐ ☐ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123 (not CDOO to CD14).	
	If the assigned input or bit is at 0, channel [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) is active. If the assigned bit or input is at 1, channel [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) is active.	
Fr2	☐ [Ref.2 channel]	[No] (nO)
л П	 □ [No] (nO): Not assigned. If [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) the comman reference. If [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O profile] (IO) the refere □ [AI1] (AI1): Analog input 	
A 12 A 13 A 14 UP4E	□ [Al2] (Al2): Analog input □ [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted □ [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted □ [+/- Speed] (UPdt): +/- Speed command	
0 E F	☐ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal ☐ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus ☐ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen ☐ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)	
9 P P P P G	☐ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) ☐ [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted ☐ [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
C O P C O P S P C d R L L	Can be used to copy the current reference and/or the cosurges, for example. If [Profile] (CHCF) page 124 = [Not separ.] (SIM) or [Sechannel 1 to channel 2. If [Profile] (CHCF) = [I/O profile] (IO), copying will be possible. [No] (nO): No copy [Reference] (SP): Copy reference [Command] (Cd): Copy command [Cmd + ref.] (ALL): Copy command and reference - A reference or a command cannot be copied to a command command in this case, the reference copied is rFr (after ramp)	ommand by means of switching, eparate] (SEP), copying will only ossible in both directions. channel on the terminals. the destination channel referen	[No] (nO) in order to avoid speed y be possible from
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Copying the command and/or reference can change Check that this is safe. Failure to follow these instructions can result in continuous can be continuous.	the direction of rotation.	

[1.6 COMMAND] (CtL-)

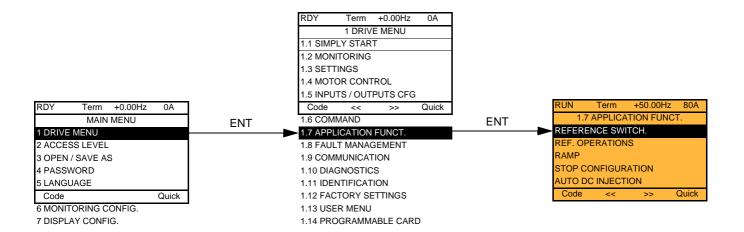
As the graphic display terminal may be selected as the command and/or reference channel, its action modes can be configured. The parameters on this page can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal, and not on the integrated display terminal.

Comments:

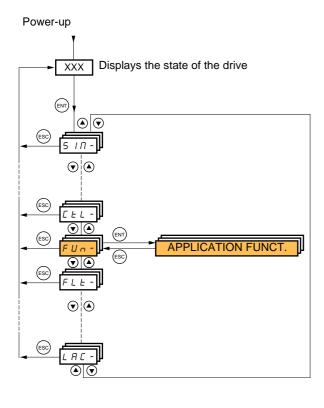
- The display terminal command/reference is only active if the command and/or reference channels from the terminal are active with the exception of [T/K] (command via the display terminal), which takes priority over these channels. Press [T/K] (command via the display terminal) again to revert control to the selected channel.
- · Command and reference via the display terminal are impossible if the latter is connected to more than one drive.
- The JOG, preset speed and +/- speed functions can only be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM).
- The preset PID reference functions can only be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) or [Separate] (SEP)
- The [T/K] (command via the display terminal) can be accessed regardless of the [Profile] (CHCF).

Name/Description Adjustment range		Factory setting	
☐ [F1 key assignment]		[No]	
 No]: Not assigned Jog]: JOG operation [Preset spd2]: Press the key to run the drive at the 2nd preset speed [Preset speed 2] (SP2) page 147. Press STOP to stop the drive. [Preset spd3]: Press the key to run the drive at the 3rd preset speed [Preset speed 3] (SP3) page 147. Press STOP to stop the drive. [PID ref. 2]: Sets a PID reference equal to the 2nd preset PID reference [Preset ref. PID 2] (rP2) page 180, without sending a run command. Only operates if [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) = [HMI] (LCC). Does not operate with the [T/K] function. [PID ref. 3]: Sets a PID reference equal to the 3rd preset PID reference [Preset ref. PID 3] (rP3) page 180, without sending a run command. Only operates if [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) = [HMI] (LCC). Does not operate with the [T/K] function. [+speed]: Faster, only operates if [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [HMI] (LCC). Press the key to run the drive and increase the speed. Press STOP to stop the drive. [-speed]: Slower, only operates if [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [HMI] (LCC) and if a different key has been assigned to [+ speed]. Press the key to run the drive and decrease the speed. Press STOP to stop the drive. [T/K]: Command via the display terminal: takes priority over[Cmd switching] (CCS) and over [Ref. 2 switching] (rFC). 			
☐ [F2 key assignment]		[No]	
Identical to [F1 key assignment].			
☐ [F3 key assignment]		[No]	
Identical to [F1 key assignment].			
☐ [F4 key assignment]		[No]	
Identical to [F1 key assignment].			
☐ [HMI cmd.]		[Stop]	
When the [T/K] function is assigned to a key and that function is active, this param control returns to the graphic display terminal. □ [Stop]: Stops the drive (although the controlled direction of operation and referen into account on the next RUN command)). □ [Bumpless]: Does not stop the drive (the controlled direction of operation and the controlled direction and the controlled direction and the controlled direction of operation and the controlled direction and	ce of the previous channe	I are copied (to be taken	

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



Summary of functions:

### [REF. 0] ### FEF. 0]	CONFIGURATION] DC INJECTION] ET SPEEDS]	134 135 136 140 142 144 146
FPE - [RAMF 5EE - [STOP RdC - [AUTO JDG - [JOG]	CONFIGURATION] DC INJECTION] ET SPEEDS]	136 140 142 144
5 £ £ - [STOP R d C - [AUTO J D G - [JOG]	CONFIGURATION] DC INJECTION] ET SPEEDS]	140 142 144
RdC - [AUTO	DC INJECTION] ET SPEEDS]	142 144
J 🛮 🖟 - [JOG]	ET SPEEDS]	144
		<u>146</u>
P55- [PRES	EEDI	
<i>⊔Р d</i> - [+/- SP	EEDJ	<u>149</u>
5 r E - [+/-SP	EED AROUND REF.]	<u>151</u>
5 <i>PΠ</i> - [MEMO	REFERENCE]	<u>152</u>
FL I - [FLUX	ING BY LI]	<u>153</u>
L 5 E - [LIMIT	SWITCHES]	<u>155</u>
ЬL С - [BRAK	E LOGIC CONTROL]	<u>160</u>
EL II - [EXTE	RNAL WEIGHT MEAS.]	<u>166</u>
<i>H</i> 5 <i>H</i> - [HIGH	SPEED HOISTING]	<u>171</u>
<i>P 1d</i> - [PID R	EGULATOR]	<u>176</u>
Pr I- [PID P	RESET REFERENCES]	<u>180</u>
E□r - [TORC	UE CONTROL]	<u>182</u>
EDL - [TORG	UE LIMITATION]	<u>185</u>
[L I - [2nd C	URRENT LIMIT.]	<u>187</u>
LLC- [LINE	CONTACTOR COMMAND]	<u>189</u>
Β Γ Γ - [OUTP	UT CONTACTOR CMD]	<u>191</u>
LPD- [POSIT	FIONING BY SENSORS]	<u>195</u>
ПLР- [PARA	M. SET SWITCHING]	<u>198</u>
ΠΠΕ - [MULT	IMOTORS/CONFIG.]	203
EnL - [AUTO	TUNING BY LI]	<u>203</u>
£ r □ - [TRAV	ERSE CONTROL]	209
rFE - [EVAC	UATION]	<u>211</u>
HFF - [HALF	FLOOR]	212
₫ [□ - [DC Bl	JS SUPPLY]	213

The parameters in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and there is no run command, except for parameters with a Ω symbol in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

Note: Compatibility of functions

The choice of application functions may be limited by the number of I/O and by the fact that some functions are incompatible with one another. Functions that are not listed in the table below are fully compatible.

If there is an incompatibility between functions, the first function configured will prevent the others being configured.

Each of the functions on the following pages can be assigned to one of the inputs or outputs.

A single input can activate several functions at the same time (reverse and 2nd ramp for example), The user must therefore ensure that these functions can be used at the same time. It is only possible to assign one input to several functions at [Advanced] (AdU) and [Expert] (EPr) levels.

Before assigning a command, reference or function to an input or output, the user must make sure that this input or output has not already been assigned and that another input or output has not been assigned to an incompatible or undesirable function. The drive factory setting or macro configurations automatically configure functions, which may prevent other functions being assigned. It may be necessary to unconfigure one or more functions in order to be able to enable another. Check the compatibility table below.

Compatibility table

	Reference operations (page 135)	+/- speed (3) (page 149)	Management of limit switches (page 155)	Preset speeds (page 146)	PID regulator (page 176)	Traverse control (page 209)	JOG operation (page 144)	Brake logic control (page 160)	Catch on the fly (page 219)	DC injection stop (page 140)	Fast stop (page 140)	Freewheel stop (page 140)	+/- speed around a reference (page 151)	High speed hoisting (page 171)	Torque control (page 182)	Load sharing (page 84)	Positioning by sensors (page 195)	Open-loop synchronous motor (page 73)
Reference operations (page <u>135</u>)				Ť	● (4)		Ť								●(1)			
+/- speed (3) (page <u>149</u>)						•	•								●(1)			
Management of limit switches (page 155)					•													
Preset speeds (page 146)	+						Ť								●(1)			
PID regulator (page <u>176</u>)	●(4)		•			•	•	•					•	•	●(1)	•	•	
Traverse control (page 209)		•			•		•						•	•	●(1)			
JOG operation (page 144)	+	•		+	•	•		•					•	•	●(1)			
Brake logic control (page 160)					•		•		•	•					•			•
Catch on the fly (page 219)								•							●(1)			
DC injection stop (page 140)								•			● (2)	1						•
Fast stop (page 140)										● (2)		1						
Freewheel stop (page 140)										+	+							
+/- speed around a reference (page 151)					•	•	•								●(1)			
High speed hoisting (page 171)					•	•	•								•		•	
Torque control (page 182)	●(1)	● (1)		● (1)	● (1)	● (1)	● (1)	•	●(1)				●(1)	•		•	●(1)	•
Load sharing (page <u>84</u>)					•										•			
Positioning by sensors (page 195)					•									•	●(1)			
Open-loop synchronous motor (page 73)								•		•					•			

(1)Torc	ue control	and these	functions a	are onlv	/ incom	patible ¹	while to	raue contr	ol mode is ac	tive.
---------	------------	-----------	-------------	----------	---------	----------------------	----------	------------	---------------	-------

(2) Priority is given to the first of these two stop modes to be activated.

(4) Only the multiplier reference is incompatible with the PID regulator.						
Incompatible functions Compatible functions	Not applicable					
Priority functions (functions, which cannot be active at the same time):						
← ↑ The function indicated by the arrow has priority over the other.						

Stop functions have priority over run commands.

Speed references via logic command have priority over analog references.

Note: This compatibility table does not affect commands that can be assigned to the keys of the graphic display terminal (see page

⁽³⁾ Excluding special application with reference channel Fr2 (see diagrams on pages 117 and 118).

Incompatible functions

The following functions will be inaccessible or deactivated in the cases described below:

Automatic restart

This is only possible for control type [2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). See page 88.

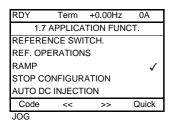
Catch a spinning load

This is only possible for control type [2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). See page 88.

This function is locked if automatic injection on stop [Auto DC injection] (AdC) = [Continuous] (Ct). See page 142.

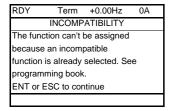
The SUP- monitoring menu (page 44) can be used to display the functions assigned to each input in order to check their compatibility.

When a function is assigned, a ✓ appears on the graphic display terminal, as illustrated in the example below:



If you attempt to assign a function that is incompatible with another function that has already been assigned, an alarm message will appear:

With the graphic display terminal:



With the integrated display terminal:

COMP flashes until ENT or ESC is pressed.

When you assign a logic input, an analog input, a reference channel or a bit to a function, pressing the HELP button will display the functions that may already have been activated by this input, bit or channel.

When a logic input, an analog input, a reference channel or a bit that has already been assigned is assigned to another function, the following screens appear:

With the graphic display terminal:

RUN	+50.00Hz	1250A	+50.00Hz
٧	VARNING - A	ASSIGNE	D TO
Ref. 2	switching		
ENT	->Continue	ESC-	->Cancel

If the access level permits this new assignment, pressing ENT confirms the assignment. If the access level does not permit this new assignment, pressing ENT results in the following display:

RUN	+50.00Hz	1250A	+50.00Hz		
Α	SSIGNMEN	T FORBI	DDEN		
Un-as	sign the pres	ent			
functio	ns, or select				
Advanced access level					

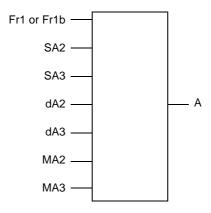
With the integrated display terminal:

The code for the first function, which is already assigned, is displayed flashing.

If the access level permits this new assignment, pressing ENT confirms the assignment.

If the access level does not permit this new assignment, pressing ENT has no effect, and the message continues to flash. It is only possible to exit by pressing ESC.

Summing input/Subtracting input/Multiplier

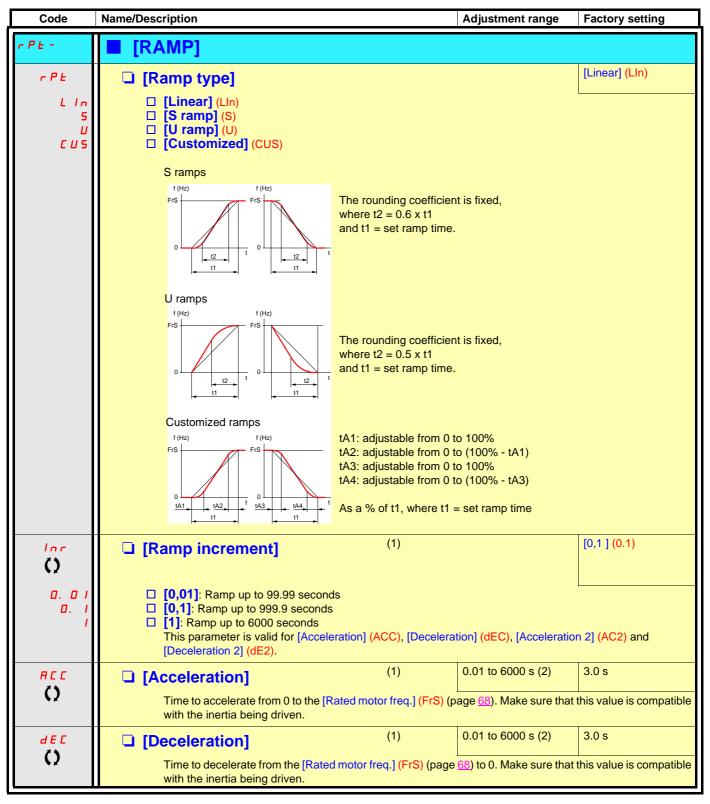


 $A = (Fr1 \text{ or } Fr1b + SA2 + SA3 - dA2 - dA3) \times MA2 \times MA3$

- If SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3 are not assigned, they are set to 0.
- If MA2, MA3 are not assigned, they are set to 1.
- A is limited by the minimum LSP and maximum HSP parameters.
- For multiplication, the signal on MA2 or MA3 is interpreted as a %; 100% corresponds to the maximum value of the corresponding input. If MA2 or MA3 is sent via the communication bus or graphic display terminal, an MFr multiplication variable, page 50 must be sent via the bus or graphic display terminal.
- Reversal of the direction of operation in the event of a negative result can be inhibited (see page 124).

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
rEF-	■ [REFERENCE SWITCH.]	
r[b	☐ [Ref 1B switching] See the diagrams on pages 117 and 118.	[ch1 active] (Fr1)
Fr I Fr Ib	☐ [ch1 active] (Fr1): no switching, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) active ☐ [ch1B active] (Fr1b): no switching, [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) active	
L 1 1	□ [Ll1] (Ll1) :	
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123 (not CDOO to CD14).	
	 If the assigned input or bit is at 0, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) is active (see page 1.7) If the assigned input or bit is at 1, [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) is active. 	<u>24</u>).
	[Ref 1B switching] (rCb) is forced to [ch1 active] (Fr1) if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not channel] (Fr1) assigned via the terminals (analog inputs, encoder, pulse input);	
Fr 1b	☐ [Ref.1B channel]	[No] (nO)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned	
A 1 1	☐ [Al1] (Al1): Analog input ☐ [Al2] (Al2): Analog input	
H 13	☐ [AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted	
A 14	☐ [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted	
LCC	[HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal	
П d b С Я n	☐ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus ☐ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen	
n E E	☐ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)	
APP	☐ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)	
PI	□ [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted	
PG	☐ [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted Note:	
	In the following instances, only assignments via the terminals are possible:	
	- [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) with [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) assigned v	ia the terminals (analog
	inputs, encoder, pulse input); see page 124 PID configured with PID references via the terminals	
	- FID configured with FID references via the terminals	

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
OA 1-	[REF. OPERATIONS] Reference = (Fr1 or Fr1b + SA2 + SA3 - dA2 - dA3) x MA2 x MA3. See the diagram Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the in	
5 A 2	☐ [Summing ref. 2]	[No] (nO)
C D A I I A I 3 A I 4 L C C C A C C A C P I P C A I U I	Selection of a reference to be added to [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] [No] (nO): No source assigned [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Incoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Network Al] (AIU1): Virtual input via communication bus, can be configured u (AIC1) page 37. WARNING UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 241), the virtual input remain value transmitted. Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the same configuration. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.	sing [Al net. channel]
S A 3	□ [Summing ref. 3]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be added to [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	(FIID).
d A ≥	☐ [Subtract. ref. 2]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be subtracted from [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B cl • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	nannel] (Fr1b).
<i>d</i>	☐ [Subtract. ref. 3]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be subtracted from [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (Fr2) or [Ref.1B channel] (Fr3) o	nannel] (Fr1b).
пяг	☐ [Multiplier ref. 2]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a multiplier reference [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.)).
ПЯЗ	☐ [Multiplier ref. 3]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a multiplier reference [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1). • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.)).



⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

⁽²⁾ Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr).

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting		
	[RAMP] (continued)					
ER I	☐ [Begin Acc round]	(1)	0 to 100%	10%		
Ω	 Rounding of start of acceleration ramp time. Can be set between 0 and 100% The parameter can be accessed if the 					
Ŀ Ħ ₽	☐ [End Acc round]	(1)		10%		
Ο	 Rounding of end of acceleration ramp as a % of the [Acceleration] (ACC) or [Acceleration 2] (AC2) ramp time. Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Acc round] (tA1)) The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp type] (rPt) is [Customized] (CUS). 					
Ŀ Ħ ∃	☐ [Begin Dec round]	(1)	0 to 100%	10%		
Ω	 Rounding of start of deceleration ram ramp time. Can be set between 0 and 100% The parameter can be accessed if the 					
E A 4	☐ [End Dec round]	(1)		10%		
()	 Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2) ramp time. Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Dec round] (tA3)) The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp type] (rPt) is [Customized] (CUS). 					

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustmen	t range	Factory setting			
	[RAMP] (continued)							
FrE	☐ [Ramp 2 threshol	d]	0 to 500 or according to		0 Hz			
	Ramp switching threshold The 2 nd ramp is switched if the value of Frt is not 0 (0 deactivates the function) and the output frequency is greater than Frt. Threshold ramp switching can be combined with [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) switching as follows:							
	LI or bit	Frequency	Ramp					
	0	<frt< th=""><th>ACC, dEC</th><th></th><th></th></frt<>	ACC, dEC					
	0	>Frt	AC2, dE2					
	1	<frt< th=""><th>AC2, dE2</th><th></th><th></th></frt<>	AC2, dE2					
	1	>Frt	AC2, dE2					
r P 5	☐ [Ramp switch ass.] [No] (nO)							
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1) : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123 ACC and dEC are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 0 AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.							
AC 2	☐ [Acceleration 2]	(1)	0.01 to 600	0 s (2)	5.0 s			
O	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) > 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assigned.							
d E 2	☐ [Deceleration 2]	(1)	0.01 to 600	0 s (2)	5.0 s			
()	Time to decelerate fro inertia being driven.	m [Rated motor freq.] (FrS	•		·			

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

()

⁽²⁾ Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page 136.

Activating this function automatically adapts the deceleration ramp, if this has been set at too low a value for the inertia of the load, which can cause an overvoltage fault. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active, for applications that do not require strong deceleration. The following selections appear depending on the rating of the drive and [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70. They enable stronger deceleration to be obtained than with [Yes] (YES). Use comparative testing to determine your selection. [High torq. A] (dYnA) [High torq. B] (dYnb) [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is forced to [No] (nO) if the brake logic control[Brake assignment] (bLC) is assigned (page 160), or if [Braking balance] (bbA) page 84 = [Yes] (YES). The factory setting changes to [High torq. A] (dYnA) with certain ratings if [Sinus filter] (OFI) page 81 = [Yes] (YES). The function is incompatible with applications requiring: Positioning on a ramp The use of a braking resistor (the resistor would not operate correctly) CAUTION Do not use [High torq. A] (dYnA), [High torq. B] (dYnB) or [High torq. C] (dYnC) configurations if the motor is a permanent magnet synchronous motor, as it will be demagnetized.	Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
for the inertia of the load, which can cause an overvoltage fault. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active, for applications that do not require strong deceleration. The following selections appear depending on the rating of the drive and [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70. They enable stronger deceleration to be obtained than with [Yes] (YES). Use comparative testing to determine your selection. [High torq. A] (dYnA) [High torq. B] (dYnB) [High torq. C] (dYnC) [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is forced to [No] (nO) if the brake logic control[Brake assignment] (bLC) is assigned (page 160), or if [Braking balance] (bbA) page 84 = [Yes] (YES). The factory setting changes to [High torq. A] (dYnA) with certain ratings if [Sinus filter] (OFI) page 81 = [Yes] (YES). The function is incompatible with applications requiring: Positioning on a ramp The use of a braking resistor (the resistor would not operate correctly) CAUTION Do not use [High torq. A] (dYnA), [High torq. B] (dYnB) or [High torq. C] (dYnC) configurations if the motor is a permanent magnet synchronous motor, as it will be demagnetized.	ЬгЯ	☐ [Dec ramp adapt.]		[Yes] (YES)
Do not use [High torq. A] (dYnA), [High torq. B] (dYnB) or [High torq. C] (dYnC) configurations if the motor is a permanent magnet synchronous motor, as it will be demagnetized.	4 Y n F 4 Y n F	for the inertia of the load, which can cause an overvoltage [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active, for applications that do not a The following selections appear depending on the rating of They enable stronger deceleration to be obtained than with determine your selection. [High torq. A] (dYnA) [High torq. B] (dYnb) [High torq. C] (dYnC) [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is forced to [No] (nO) if the brake log (page 160), or if [Braking balance] (bbA) page 84 = [Yes] (Yes] (dYnA) with certain ratings if [Sinus filter] (OFI) page 81 The function is incompatible with applications requiring: Positioning on a ramp	fault. require strong deceleration the drive and [Motor conton [Yes] (YES). Use compared to the control [Brake assign of Yes]. The factory setting a setting of Yes] (YES).	on. trol type] (Ctt) page 70. earative testing to
a permanent magnet synchronous motor, as it will be demagnetized.		CAUTION		
Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.		a permanent magnet synchronous motor, as it will be demagnetize	d.	tions if the motor is

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
5 £ £ -	■ [STOP CONFIGURATION]					
	Note: Some types of stop cannot be used with 129.	h all other functions. Follow	the instructions on page			
5 <i>E E</i>	☐ [Type of stop]		[Ramp stop] (rMP)			
r ПР F5L n5L dС I	Stop mode on disappearance of the run command or appearance of a stop command. [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop [Freewheel stop] (nSt): Freewheel stop [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop					
	Note: If the "brake logic" function on page 160 has been enabled, or if [Low speed time out] (tLS) page 61 or 179 is not 0, only ramp type stops may be configured.					
FFE	☐ [Freewheel stop Thd.] (1)	0.0 to 1600 Hz	0.0 Hz			
O	This parameter supports switching from a ramp stop or a fast stop to a freewheel stop below a low speed threshold. It can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [Fast stop] (FSt) or [Ramp stop] (rMP). 0.0: Does not switch to freewheel stop. 0.1 to 1600 Hz: Speed threshold below which the motor will switch to freewheel stop.					
n 5 E	☐ [Freewheel stop ass.]		[No] (nO)			
C d O O O C - C O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] can be switched with possible logic inputs □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] can be switched without logic inputs					
	The stop is activated when the input or the bit changes to 0. If the input returns to state 1 and the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 88 = [2 wire] (2C) and the [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). If not, a new run command must be sent.					
F 5 Ł	☐ [Fast stop assign.]		[No] (nO)			
n 0 L 1 1 -	Note: This function cannot be used with cerember 129. [No] (nO): Not assigned [L11] (L11) :	tain other functions. Follow	the instructions on page			
-	The stop is activated when the input changes to 0 of the input returns to state 1 and the run command in control] (tCC) page 88 = [2 wire] (2C) and the [2 with light in the input command must be sent.	or the bit changes to 1 (bit is still active, the motor will	only restart if [2/3 wire			
d C F	☐ [Ramp divider] (1)	0 to 10	4			
()	The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Sis not [No] (nO). The ramp that is enabled (dEC or dE2) is then divivalue 0 corresponds to a minimum ramp time.					

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

()

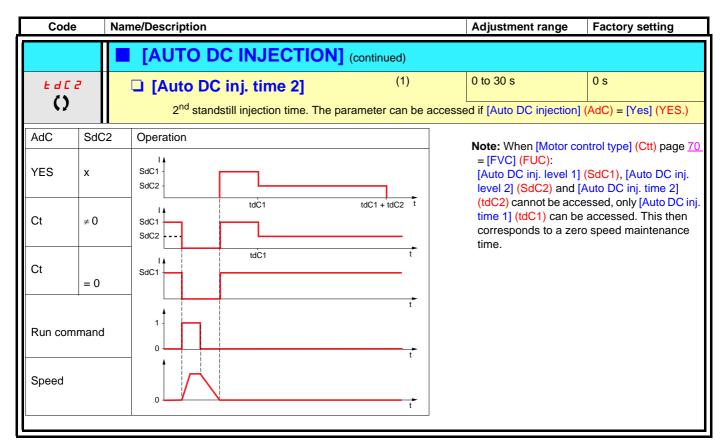
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
	■ [STOP CONFIGURATION] (continued)					
dC I	☐ [DC injection assign.]		[No] (nO)			
	Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 129.					
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned					
L 11	□ [Li1] (Li1)					
-	T I () Coo the assignment conditions on page 422					
_] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123.				
	DC injection braking is initiated when the assigned input or bit changes to state 1. If the input returns to state 1 and the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 88 = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). If not, a new run command must be sent.					
IdC	☐ [DC inject. level 1] (1) (3)	0.1 to 1.41 ln (2)	0.64 ln (2)			
()	Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic input or selected as stop mode. The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [DC injection] (dCl) or if [DC injection assign.] (dCl is not [No] (nO).					
	CAUTION Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.					
Edl	☐ [DC injection time 1] (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s			
O	Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 1] (IdC). After this time the injection current becomes [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2). The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [DC injection] (dCl) or if [DC injection assign.] (dCl) is not [No] (nO).					
14C2	□ [DC inject. level 2] (1) (3)	0.1 In (2) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 ln (2)			
V	Injection current activated by logic input or selected as stop mode, once period of time [DC injection has elapsed. The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [DC injection] (dCl) or if [DC injection is not [No] (nO).					
	CAUTION					
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.					
E d C	☐ [DC injection time 2] (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s			
()	Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) for The parameter can be accessed if [Stop type] (Stt) =		node only.			

- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.
- (3) Warning: These settings are independent of the [AUTO DC INJECTION] (AdC-) function.

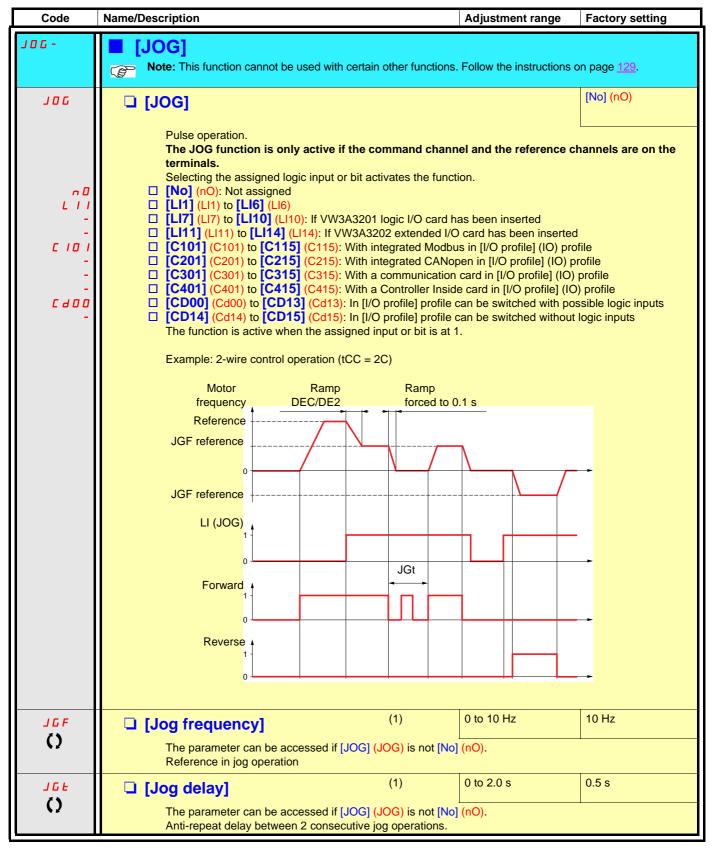
()

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting		
AGC -	■ [AUTO DC INJECTION]					
AAC ()	☐ [Auto DC injection] Automatic current injection on stopping	ng (at the end of	the ramp)	[Yes] (YES)		
C F A E 2	 [No] (nO): No injection. [Yes] (YES): Adjustable injection time. [Continuous] (Ct): Continuous standstill injection. Warning, there is an interlock between this function and [Motor fluxing] (FLU) page 153. If [Motor fluxing] (FLU) = [Continuous] (FCt) [Auto DC injection] (Adc) must be [No] (nO). Note: This parameter gives rise to the injection of current even if a run command has not been sent. It can be accessed with the drive running. 					
5 <i>dC </i>	☐ [Auto DC inj. level 1]	(1)	0 to 1.2 In (2)	0.7 ln (2)		
	Level of standstill DC injection current [Auto DC injection] (AdC) is not [No] (nO). This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn)					
	CAUTION					
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.					
() EdE 1	☐ [Auto DC inj. time 1]	(1)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s		
	Standstill injection time. The parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) is not [No] (nO). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync. mot.](SYn) this time corresponds to the zero speed maintenance time.					
5402	☐ [Auto DC inj. level 2]	(1)	0 to 1.2 In (2)	0.5 In (2)		
	2 nd level of standstill DC injection current. The parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) is not [No] (nO). This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn)					
	CAUTION					
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.					

- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.



(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.



⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Preset speeds

2, 4, 8 or 16 speeds can be preset, requiring 1, 2, 3 or 4 logic inputs respectively.

Note

You must configure 2 and 4 speeds in order to obtain 4 speeds. You must configure 2, 4 and 8 speeds in order to obtain 8 speeds. You must configure 2, 4, 8, and 16 speeds in order to obtain 16 speeds.

Combination table for preset speed inputs

16 speeds LI (PS16)	8 speeds LI (PS8)	4 speeds LI (PS4)	2 speeds LI (PS2)	Speed reference
0	0	0	0	Reference (1)
0	0	0	1	SP2
0	0	1	0	SP3
0	0	1	1	SP4
0	1	0	0	SP5
0	1	0	1	SP6
0	1	1	0	SP7
0	1	1	1	SP8
1	0	0	0	SP9
1	0	0	1	SP10
1	0	1	0	SP11
1	0	1	1	SP12
1	1	0	0	SP13
1	1	0	1	SP14
1	1	1	0	SP15
1	1	1	1	SP16

⁽¹⁾ See the diagram on page 117: Reference 1 = (SP1).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
P55-	[PRESET SPEEDS] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other f	unctions. Follow the inst	ructions on page <u>129</u> .
P 5 2	□ [2 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 1 1	□ [Li1] (Li1)		
-	: :		
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123.		
P 5 4	☐ [4 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 11	□ [Ll1] (Ll1)		
-			
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123.		
	To obtain 4 speeds you must also configure 2 speeds.		
P 5 8	☐ [8 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 1 1	□ [Li1] (Li1)		
-			
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123.		
	To obtain 8 speeds you must also configure 2 and 4 speed	S.	
P5 16	☐ [16 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 11	□ [Li1] (Li1)		
-			
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123.		
	To obtain 16 speeds you must also configure 2, 4 and 8 sp	eeds.	

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [PRESET SPEEDS] (conti	inued)		
5 <i>P2</i> ()	☐ [Preset speed 2]	(1)	0 to 1600 Hz	10 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 3	☐ [Preset speed 3]	(1)		15 Hz
5 <i>P4</i> ()	☐ [Preset speed 4]	(1)		20 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 5	☐ [Preset speed 5]	(1)		25 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 6	☐ [Preset speed 6]	(1)		30 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 7	☐ [Preset speed 7]	(1)		35 Hz
5 <i>P8</i> ()	☐ [Preset speed 8]	(1)		40 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 9	☐ [Preset speed 9]	(1)		45 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 10	☐ [Preset speed 10]	(1)		50 Hz
5 <i>P </i>	☐ [Preset speed 11]	(1)		55 Hz
5 <i>P 12</i>	☐ [Preset speed 12]	(1)		60 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 13	☐ [Preset speed 13]	(1)		70 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 14	☐ [Preset speed 14]	(1)		80 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 15	☐ [Preset speed 15]	(1)		90 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 16	☐ [Preset speed 16]	(1)		100 Hz
\circ	The appearance of these [Preset configured.	speed x] (SPx) param	neters is determined by the	number of speeds

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

+/- speed

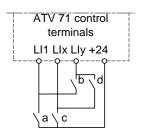
Two types of operation are available.

- Use of single action buttons: Two logic inputs are required in addition to the operating direction(s).
 The input assigned to the "+ speed" command increases the speed, the input assigned to the "- speed" command decreases the speed.
- 2. Use of double action buttons: Only one logic input assigned to "+ speed" is required.
- +/- speed with double-press buttons:

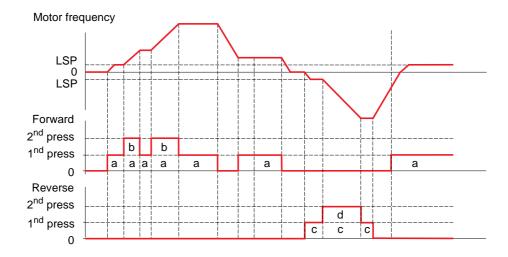
Description: 1 button pressed twice (2 steps) for each direction of rotation. A contact closes each time the button is pressed.

	Released (- speed)	1 st press (speed maintained)	2 nd press (faster)
Forward button	-	а	a and b
Reverse button	-	С	c and d

Example of wiring:



LI1: forward LIx: Reverse Lly: + speed



Do not use this +/-speed type with 3-wire control.

Whichever type of operation is selected, the max. speed is set by [High speed] (HSP) (see page 43).

Note

If the reference is switched via rFC (see page 125) from any one reference channel to another reference channel with "+/- speed", the value of reference rFr (after ramp) may be copied at the same time in accordance with the [Copy channel 1 --> 2] (COP) parameter, see page 126. If the reference is switched via rFC (see page 125) from one reference channel to any other reference channel with "+/- speed", the value of reference rFr (after ramp) is always copied at the same time.

This prevents the speed being incorrectly reset to zero when switching takes place.

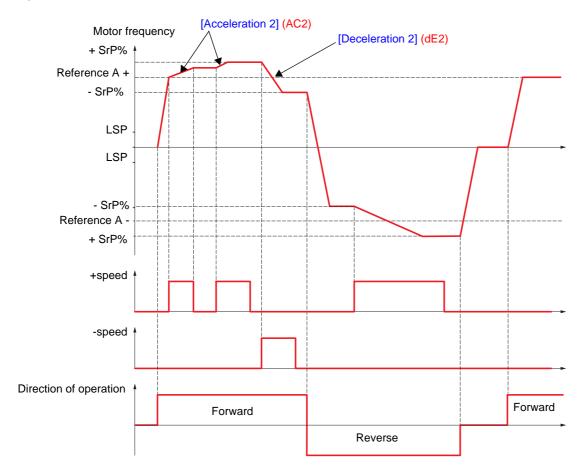
Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
UPd-	[+/- SPEED] Function can be accessed if reference channel [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [+/-Speed] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the in	
U 5 P	☐ [+ speed assignment]	[No] (nO)
C 4 0 0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] can be switched with possible □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] can be switched without logice.	D) IO) e logic inputs
	Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1.	·
d 5 P	☐ [-Speed assignment]	[No] (nO)
C 4 0 0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserte □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] can be switched with possibl □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] can be switched without logic	D) IO) e logic inputs : inputs
5 t r	☐ [Reference saved]	[No] (nO)
n 0	Associated with the "+/- speed" function, this parameter can be used to save the r • When the run commands disappear (saved to RAM) • When the line supply or the run commands disappear (saved to EEPROM) Therefore, the next time the drive starts up, the speed reference is the last refer [No] (nO): No save (the next time the drive starts up, the speed reference is [Le page 43)	ence saved.
г Я П Е Е Р	☐ [RAM] (rAM): Saved in RAM ☐ [EEprom] (EEP): Saved in EEPROM	

+/- speed around a reference

The reference is given by Fr1 or Fr1b with summing/subtraction/multiplication functions and preset speeds if relevant (see the diagram on page $\underline{117}$). For improved clarity, we will call this reference A. The action of the +speed and -speed buttons can be set as a % of this reference A. On stopping, the reference (A +/- speed) is not saved, so the drive restarts with reference A+ only.

The maximum total reference is always limited by [High speed] (HSP) and the minimum reference by [Low speed] (LSP), see page 43.

Example of 2-wire control:



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
SrE-	[+/-SPEED AROUND REF.] The function can be accessed for reference channel [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1). Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 129.					
П2 I	☐ [+ speed assignment]		[No] (nO)			
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive					
L 1 1	□ [Li1] (Li1)					
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123. Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1.					
d 5 I	☐ [-Speed assignment]		[No] (nO)			
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive					
LII	□ [LI1] (LI1)					
-	 : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123. Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1. 					
5 r P	☐ [+/-Speed limitation]	0 to 50 %	10 %			
()	This parameter limits the variation range with +/- speed as a % of the reference. The ramps used in this function are[Acceleration 2] (AC2) and [Deceleration 2] (dE2). The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.					
AC 5	☐ [Acceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 6000 s (2)	5.0 s			
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.					
4 E 2	☐ [Deceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 6000 s (2)	5.0 s			
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. inertia being driven. The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.	Make sure that this value	e is compatible with the			

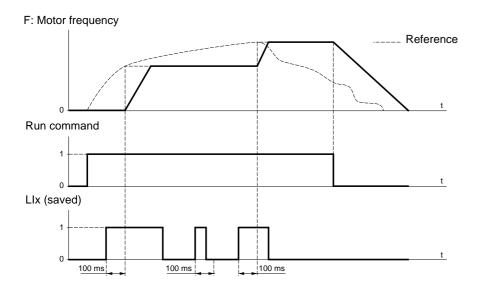
⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

⁽²⁾ Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page 136.

Save reference

Saving a speed reference value using a logic input command lasting longer than 0.1 s.

- This function is used to control the speed of several drives alternately via a single analog reference and one logic input for each drive.
- It is also used to confirm a line reference (communication bus or network) on several drives via a logic input. This allows movements to be synchronized by getting rid of variations when the reference is set.
- The reference is acquired 100 ms after the rising edge of the request. A new reference is not then acquired until a new request is made.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 <i>P</i> Π -	■ [MEMO REFERENCE]		
5 <i>P</i> П	☐ [Ref. memo ass.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - L 1 1 4	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card ha □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O Assignment to a logic input Function active if the assigned input is at 1.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
FL I-	■ [FLUXING BY LI]					
FLU ()	☐ [Motor fluxing]	(1)	[No] (FnO)			
FnC FCE FnO	 [Not cont.] (FnC): Non-continuous mode [Continuous] (FCt): Continuous mode. This option is not possible if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page is [Yes] (YES) or if [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140 is [Freewheel] (nSt). [No] (FnO): Function inactive This option is not possible if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [SVCI] (Cor [FVC] (FUC). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [SVCI] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [SVC V] (U at and above ATV71HD55M3X, ATV71HD90N4 and ATV71HC11Y, the factory setting is replaced by cont.] (FnC). In order to obtain rapid high torque on startup, magnetic flux needs to already have been established in motor. In [Continuous] (FCt) mode, the drive automatically builds up flux when it is powered up. In [Not cont.] (FnC) mode, fluxing occurs when the motor starts up. The flux current is greater than nCr (configured rated motor current) when the flux is established and is adjusted to the motor magnetizing current 					
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage. If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn), the [Motor fluxing] (FLU) parameter causes the alignment of the rotor and not the fluxing. If [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 160 is not [No] (nO), the [Motor fluxing] (FLU) parameter has no effect.					
FL I	☐ [Fluxing assignment]	<u> </u>	[No] (nO)			
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive					
L - - -	□ [LI1] (LI1) : : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page Assignment is only possible if [Motor fluxing] (FL - If an LI or a bit is assigned to the motor fluxin is at 1 If an LI or a bit has not been assigned, or if t fluxing occurs when the motor starts.	LU) = [Not cont.] (FnC). ng command, flux is built up when t				

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

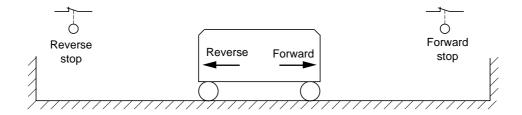
Limit switch management

This function can be used to manage trajectory limits using limit switches.

The stop mode is configurable.

When the stop contact is activated, startup in the other direction is authorized.

Example:



The stop is activated when the input is at 0 (contact open).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L 5 E -	[LIMIT SWITCHES] Note: This function cannot be used with certain oth	er functions. Follow the in:	structions on page <u>129</u> .
L A F	☐ [Stop FW limit sw.] ☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive		[No] (nO)
C 4 0 0 - - - - - - -	□ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI17) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Mod □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CAN □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communicati □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Ins □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO)	I/O card has been inserted bus in [I/O profile] (IO) Nopen in [I/O profile] (IO) on card in [I/O profile] (IO) side card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with poss	D) Sible logic inputs
LAr	☐ [Stop RV limit sw.] Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit sw.] (I	LAF) below.	[No] (nO)
L A S	☐ [Stop type]		[Freewheel] (nSt)
r ПР F 5 L n 5 L	☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP) ☐ [Fast stop] (FSt) ☐ [Freewheel] (nSt) When the assigned input changes to 0, the stop is control Restarting is only authorized for the other operating direct If the two inputs [Stop FW limit sw.] (LAF) and [Stop RV limit be impossible. The parameter can be accessed if [Stop FW limit sw.] (LAF)	tion once the motor has st mit sw.] (LAr) are assigned	opped. and at state 0, restarting

Brake logic control

Used to control an electromagnetic brake by the drive, for horizontal and vertical hoisting applications, and for unbalanced machines.

Principle:

Vertical hoisting movement:

Maintain motor torque in the driving load holding direction during brake opening and closing, in order to hold the load, start smoothly when the brake is released and stop smoothly when the brake is engaged.

Horizontal movement:

Synchronize brake release with the build-up of torque during startup and brake engage at zero speed on stopping, to prevent jolting.

Recommended settings for brake logic control for a vertical hoisting application:



WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Check that the selected settings and configurations will not result in the dropping or loss of control of the load being lifted.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Brake impulse (bIP): YES. Ensure that the direction of rotation FW corresponds to lifting the load. For applications in which the load being lowered is very different from the load being lifted, set BIP = 2 lbr (e.g., ascent always with a load and descent always without a load).
- 2. Brake release current (lbr and Ird if BIP = 2 lbr): Adjust the brake release current to the rated current indicated on the motor. During testing, adjust the brake release current in order to hold the load smoothly.
- 3. Acceleration time: For hoisting applications it is advisable to set the acceleration ramps to more than 0.5 seconds. Ensure that the drive does not exceed the current limit.

The same recommendation applies for deceleration.

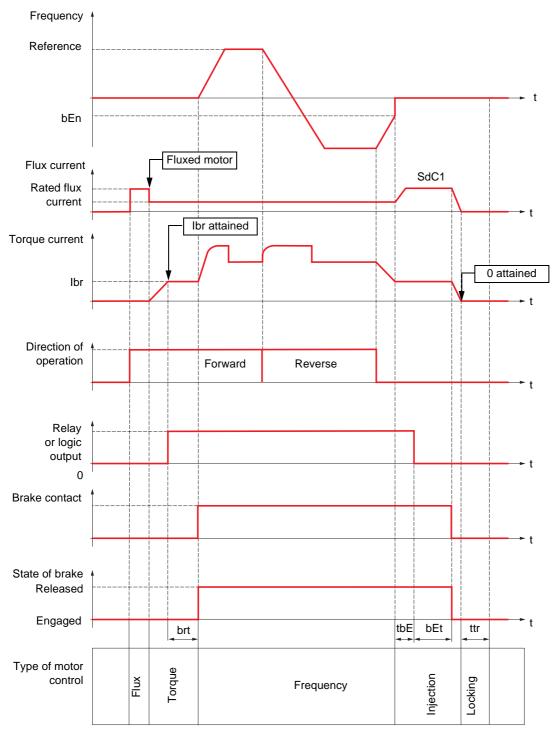
Reminder: For a hoisting movement, a braking resistor should be used.

- 4. Brake release time (brt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to release.
- 5. Brake release frequency (blr), in open-loop mode only: Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.
- 6. Brake engage frequency (bEn): Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.
- 7. Brake engage time (bEt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to engage.

Recommended settings for brake logic control for a horizontal hoisting application:

- 1. Brake impulse (bIP): No
- 2. Brake release current (lbr): Set to 0.
- 3. Brake release time (brt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to release.
- 4. Brake engage frequency (bEn), in open-loop mode only: Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.
- 5. Brake engage time (bEt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to engage.

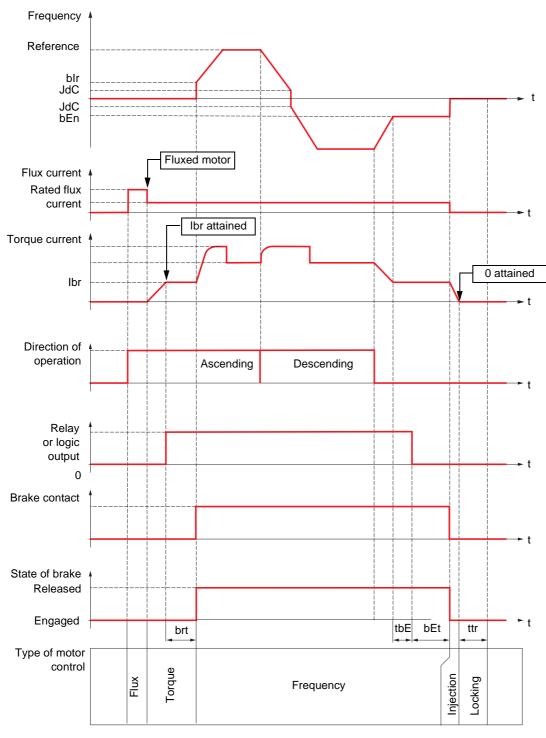
Brake logic control, horizontal movement in open-loop mode



Key:

- (bEn): [Brake engage freq]
- (bEt): [Brake engage time]
- (brt): [Brake Release time]
- (lbr): [Brake release I FW]
- (SdC1): [Auto DC inj. level 1]
- (tbE): [Brake engage delay]
- (ttr): [Time to restart]

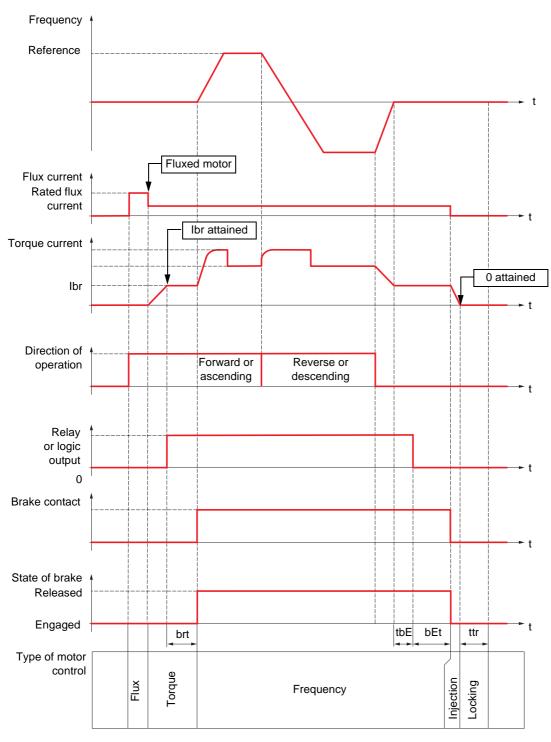
Brake logic control, vertical movement in open-loop mode



Key:

- (bEn): [Brake engage freq]
- (bEt): [Brake engage time]
- (blr): [Brake release freq]
- (brt): [Brake Release time]
- (lbr): [Brake release I FW]
- (JdC): [Jump at reversal]
- (tbE): [Brake engage delay]
- (ttr): [Time to restart]

Brake logic control, vertical or horizontal movement in closed-loop mode



Key:

- (bEt): [Brake engage time]

- (brt): [Brake Release time]

- (lbr): [Brake release I FW]

- (tbE): [Brake engage delay]

- (ttr): [Time to restart]

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting			
Prc-	■ [BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL]				
	Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the inst	ructions on page <u>129</u> .			
BL C	☐ [Brake assignment]	[No] (nO)			
	Note: If the brake is assigned, only a ramp stop is possible. Check the [140.	Type of stop] (Stt) page			
	Brake logic control can only be assigned if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page $\underline{70}$ = [SV (CUC) or [FVC] (FUC).	C V] (UUC), [SVC I]			
n 0 r 2	Logic output or control relay □ [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the function parameters ca □ [R2] (r2)	an be accessed).			
- 4 L 0 1	[R4] (r4): Relay (selection extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been [LO1] (LO1)	n inserted).			
40 I	 [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 of [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be ma (AO1) page 110 = [No] (nO). 				
6 S E	☐ [Movement type]	[Hoisting] (UEr)			
H O r U E r	 ☐ [Traveling] (HOr): Resistive-load movement (translational motion of overhead or ☐ [Hoisting] (UEr): Driving-load movement (hoisting winch, for example). If [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) page 166 is not [No] (nO) [Movement type] (bSt) is for 	• •			
ЬСІ	☐ [Brake contact]	[No] (nO)			
n 0 L 1 1 - -	If the brake has a monitoring contact (closed for released brake). [No] (nO): Function inactive [LI1] (LI1) :				
- 15] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123.	[No] (nO)			
()	☐ [Brake impulse]	[NO] (NO)			
	The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) = [No] (nO) (see page type] (bSt) = [Hoisting] (UEr).	166) and if [Movement			
n 0 9 E S	 [No] (nO): The motor torque is given in the required operating direction, at current [Yes] (YES): The motor torque is always Forward (check that this direction correspondents) 				
216r	current lbr. [2 IBR] (2lbr): The torque is in the required direction, at current lbr for Forward and Ird for Reverse, for certain specific applications.				
Ibr	☐ [Brake release I FW] (1) 0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0			
()	Brake release current threshold for ascending or forward movement The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) = [No] (nO) (see page 166).				
lr d	☐ [Brake release I Rev] (1) 0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0			
()	Brake release current threshold for descending or reverse movement The parameter can be accessed if [Brake impulse] (bIP) = [2 IBR] (2lbr).				

- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.
 - ()

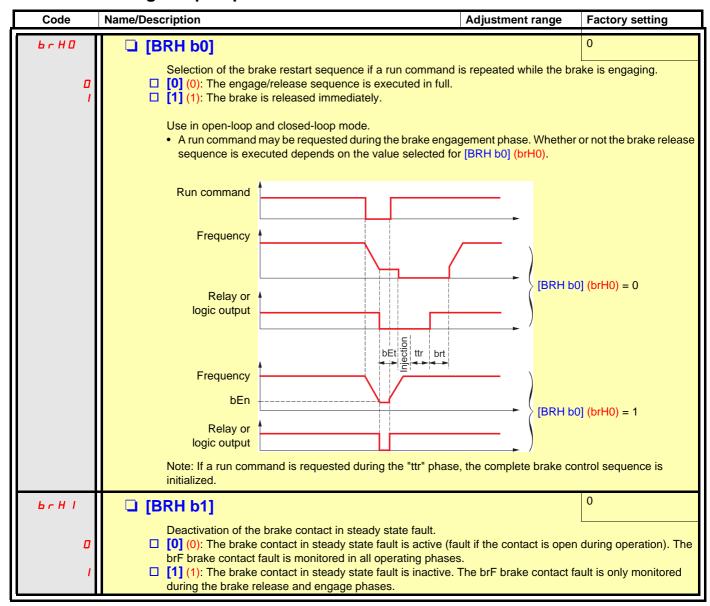
Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting			
	■ [BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL	(continued)					
brt ()	☐ [Brake Release time] Brake release time delay	(1)	0 to 5.00 s	0			
b /r ()	☐ [Brake release freq]	(1)		[Auto] (AUtO)			
A U F O	Brake release frequency threshold (initia The parameter can be accessed if [Mote type] (bSt) page 160 is [Hoisting] (UEr). [Auto] (AUtO): The drive takes a value parameters. 0 to 10 Hz: Manual control	or control type]	(Ctt) page 70 is not [FVC]				
bEn ()	☐ [Brake engage freq]	(1)		[Auto] (AUtO)			
П И Е О	Brake engage frequency threshold The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 is not [FVC] (FUC). [Auto] (AUtO): The drive takes a value equal to the rated slip of the motor, calculated using the drive parameters. 0 to 10 Hz: Manual control						
ь E С d	☐ [Brake engage at 0]			[No] (nO)			
n 0 -	Brake engages at regulated zero speed. The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [FVC] (FUC). Can be used to engage the brake at zero speed in closed-loop mode with speed regulation. This parameter can be used to adjust the brake engage delay once zero speed has been reached. If a speed other than zero is then required, the command to release the brake is sent following torque application. [No] (nO): Brake does not engage at regulated zero speed. 0.0 to 30.0 s: Brake engage delay once zero speed is reached.						
E B E	☐ [Brake engage delay]	(1)	0 to 5.00 s	0			
()	Time delay before request to engage bra when the drive comes to a complete stop		ake engagement, if you wish	n the brake to be engaged			
ЬE Ł	☐ [Brake engage time]	(1)	0 to 5.00 s	0			
()	Brake engage time (brake response time	<u>, </u>					
()	Level of standstill DC injection current.	(1)	0 to 1.2 ln (2)	0.7 ln (2)			
	Note: The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 is not [FVC] (FUC) and if [Movement type] (bSt) page 160 is [Traveling] (HOr).						
	CAUTION						
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.						

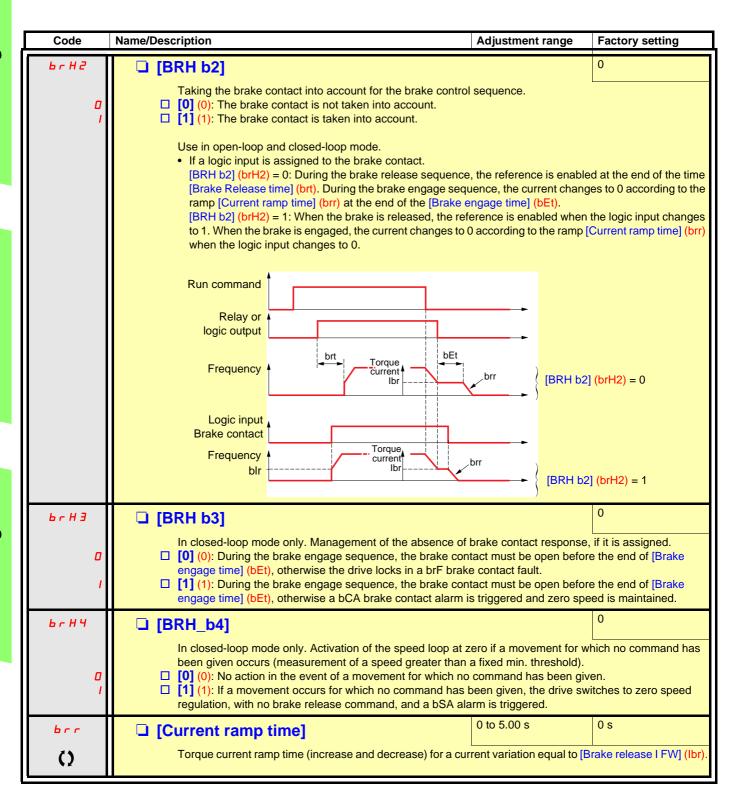
- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.
 - ()

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [BRAKE LOGIC CONTI	ROL] (continued)		
() PE 9	☐ [Engage at reversal]			[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S	 [No] (nO): The brake does not e [Yes] (YES): The brake engages Can be used to select whether or direction is reversed. 	S.	n transition to zero spee	ed when the operating
()	☐ [Jump at reversal]	(1)	0 to 10.0 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)
A U F O	The parameter can be accessed in type] (bSt) page 160 is [Hoisting] [Auto] (AUtO): The drive takes a parameters. 0 to 10 Hz: Manual control When the reference direction is reconsequential release of load) on reversal] (bEd) = [Yes] (YES).	(UEr). a value equal to the rated eversed, this parameter of	slip of the motor, calcul	ated using the drive
()	☐ [Time to restart] Time between the end of a brake	(1) engage sequence and the	0 to 5.00 s ne start of a brake releas	0 se sequence

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

Brake control logic expert parameters





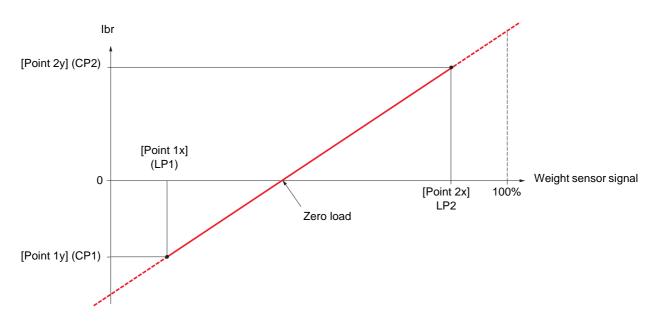
Load measurement

This function uses the information supplied by a weight sensor to adapt the current [Brake release I FW] (lbr) of the [BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL] (bLC-) function. The signal from the weight sensor can be assigned to an analog input (usually a 4 - 20 mA signal), to the pulse-in input or to the encoder input, according to the type of weight sensor.

Examples:

- Measurement of the total weight of a hoisting winch and its load
- Measurement of the total weight of an elevator winch, the cabin and counterweight

The current [Brake release I FW] (lbr) is adapted in accordance with the curve below.



This curve can represent a weight sensor on an elevator winch, where zero load on the motor occurs when the load in the cabin is not zero.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Е L П -	■ [EXTERNAL WEIGHT MEAS.]		
P E 5	☐ [Weight sensor ass.]		[No] (nO)
CO RII RI2 RI4 PI PG RIUI	Function can be accessed if brake logic control is assigned (see page 160). If [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) is not [No] (nO), [Movement type] (bSt) page 160 is forced to [Hoisting] (UEr). [No] (nO): Function inactive [A11] (A11): Analog input [A12] (A2): Analog input [A13] (A3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [A14] (A14): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Network A1] (AIU1): Virtual input via communication bus, to be configured via [AI net. channel] (AIC1) page 97. WARNING UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 241), the virtual input remains fixed at the last value transmitted. Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the same configuration. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.		
LPI	D IDeint 4 VI	0 to 99.99%	0
	O to 99.99% of signal on assigned input. [Point 1x] (LP1) must be less than [Point 2x] (LP2). The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor		
EP I	☐ [Point 1Y]	-1.36 to +1.36 ln (1)	- In
	Current corresponding to load [Point 1 X] (LP1), in The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor		
LP2	☐ [Point 2X]	0.01 to 100%	50%
	0.01 to 100% of signal on assigned input. [Point 2x] (LP2) must be greater than [Point 1x] (LF The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor		
CP2	☐ [Point 2Y]	-1.36 to +1.36 ln (1)	0
	Current corresponding to load [Point 2x] (LP2), in A The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor		
Ibr A	☐ [lbr 4-20 mA loss]	0 to 1.36 ln (1)	0
()	Brake release current in the event of the loss of the This parameter can be accessed if the weight senso loss fault is deactivated. Recommended settings: - 0 for elevators - Rated motor current for a hoisting application		nt input and the 4-20 mA

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

()

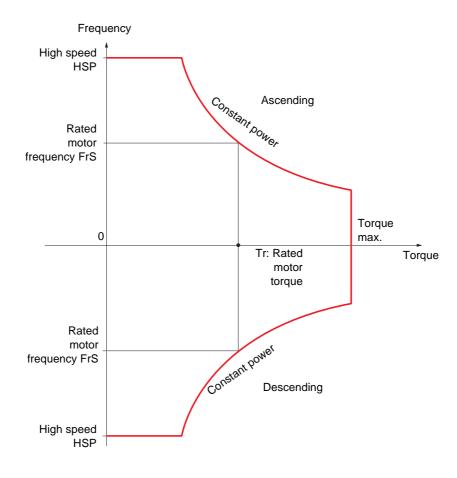
High-speed hoisting

This function can be used to optimize the cycle times for hoisting movements for zero or lightweight loads. It authorizes operation at "constant power" in order to reach a speed greater than the rated speed without exceeding the rated motor current.

The speed remains limited by the [High speed] (HSP) parameter, page 43.

The function acts on the speed reference pedestal and not on the reference itself.

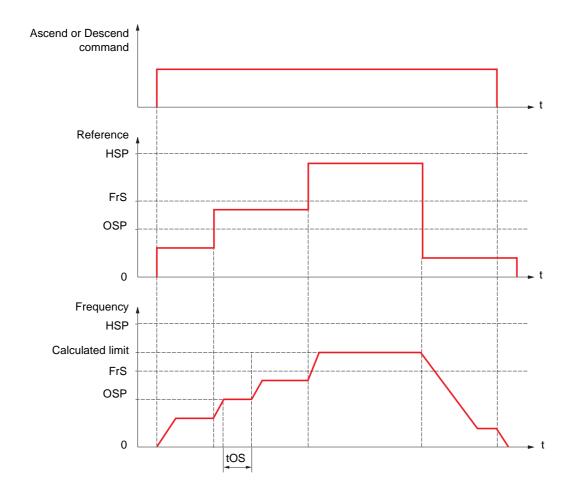
Principle:



There are 2 possible operating modes:

- "Speed reference" mode: The maximum permissible speed is calculated by the drive during a speed step that is set so that the drive can measure the load.
- "Current limitation" mode: The maximum permissible speed is the speed that supports current limitation in motor mode, in the "Ascending" direction only. For the "Descending" direction, operation is always in "Speed reference" mode.

Speed reference mode

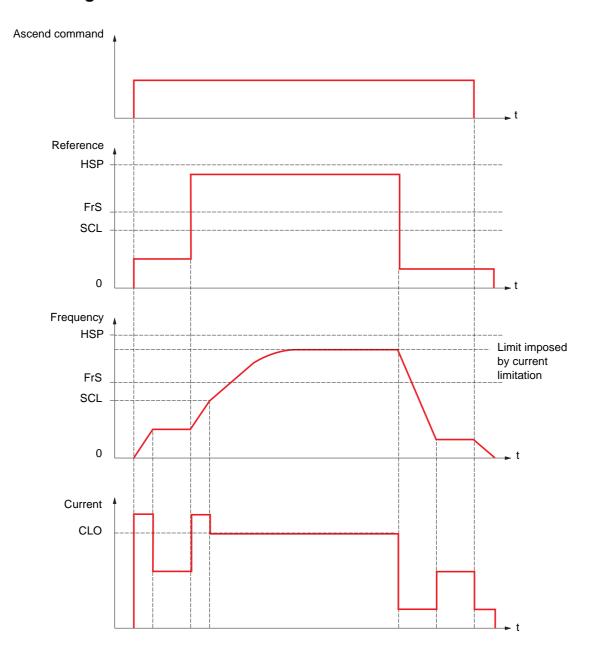


OSP: Adjustable speed step for load measurement

tOS: Load measuring time

Two parameters are used to reduce the speed calculated by the drive, for ascending and descending.

Current limiting mode



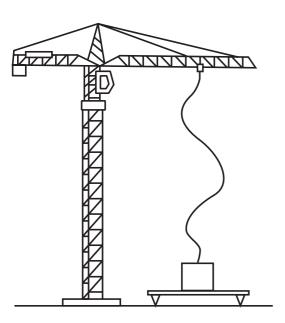
SCL: Adjustable speed threshold, above which current limitation is active

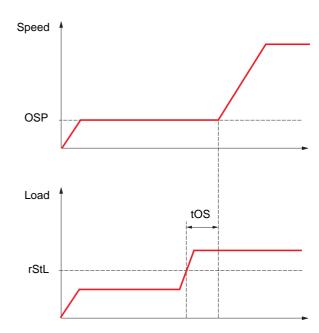
CLO: Current limitation for high-speed function

Note: The speed reached for a specific current will be lower in case of network undervoltage in comparison with nominal network voltage.

Rope slack

The "rope slack" function can be used to prevent starting up at high speed when a load has been set down ready for lifting but the rope is still slack (as illustrated below).





The speed step (OSP parameters) described on page 168 is used to measure the load. The effective measurement cycle will not be triggered until the load reaches the adjustable threshold rStL, which corresponds to the weight of the hook.

A logic output or a relay can be assigned to the indication of the "rope slack" state in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu.

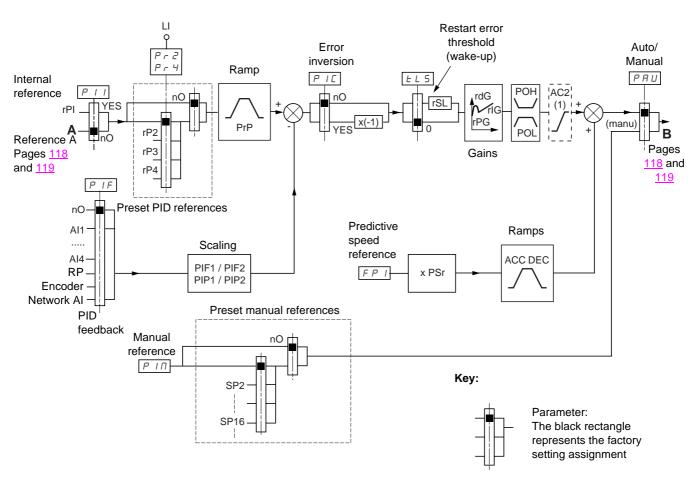
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
H 5 H -	[HIGH SPEED HOISTING] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions.	Follow the instructions	on page <u>129</u> .
H 5 D	☐ [High speed hoisting]		[No] (nO)
n 0 5 5 0 € 5 0	 □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Speed ref] (SSO): "Speed reference" mode □ [I Limit] (CSO): "Current limitation" mode 		
C O F	☐ [Motor speed coeff.]	0 to 100%	100%
()	Speed reduction coefficient calculated by the drive for Asconnection The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (High speed hoisting)		0).
[☐ [Gen. speed coeff]	0 to 100%	50%
()	Speed reduction coefficient calculated by the drive for Des The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (H		
L 0 5	☐ [Load measuring tm.]	0.1 s to 65 s	0.5 s
()	Duration of speed step for measurement. The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (High speed hoisting)	HSO) is not [No] (nO).	
0 S P	☐ [Measurement spd]	0 to [Rated motor freq.] (FrS)	40 Hz
()	Speed stabilized for measurement. The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (High speed hoisting)	HSO) is not [No] (nO).	
C L O	☐ [High speed I Limit]	0 to 1.65 ln (1)	In
O	Current limitation at high speed. The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (HSO) = [I Limit] (CSO). The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.](SFr) page 60 is less than 2 kHz. Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 221).		
5 C L	☐ [I Limit. frequency]	0 to 500 or 1600 Hz according to rating	40 Hz
()	Frequency threshold, above which the high-speed limitation current is active. The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (HSO) = [I Limit] (CSO)		
r 5 d	☐ [Rope slack config.]		[No] (nO)
n D dr I PES	Rope slack function. The parameter can be accessed if [Hi	ting the torque generate	d by the drive.
r 5 E L	☐ [Rope slack trq level]	0 to 100%	0%
	Adjustment threshold corresponding to a load weighing slig the rated load. The parameter can be accessed if [Rope slack trq level] (rs	•	when off-load, as a % of

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

PID regulator

Block diagram

The function is activated by assigning an analog input to the PID feedback (measurement).



(1) Ramp AC2 is only active when the PID function starts up and during PID "wake-ups".

PID feedback:

The PID feedback must be assigned to one of the analog inputs Al1 to Al4, to the frequency input or the encoder, according to whether any extension cards have been inserted.

PID reference:

The PID reference must be assigned to the following parameters:

- Preset references via logic inputs (rP2, rP3, rP4)
- In accordance with the configuration of [Act. internal PID ref.] (PII) pages 176:
 - Internal reference (rPI) or
 - Reference A (Fr1 or Fr1b, see page 118)

Combination table for preset PID references

LI (Pr4)	LI (Pr2)	Pr2 = nO Reference	
			rPI or A
0	0		rPI or A
0	1	rP2	
1	0		rP3
1	1		rP4

A predictive speed reference can be used to initialize the speed on restarting the process.

Scaling of feedback and references:

• PIF1, PIF2 parameters

Can be used to scale the PID feedback (sensor range).

This scale MUST be maintained for all other parameters.

· PIP1, PIP2 parameters

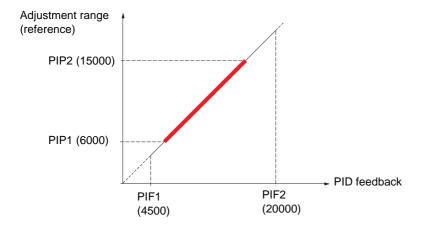
Can be used to scale the adjustment range, i.e., the reference. The adjustment range MUST lie within the sensor range.

The maximum value of the scaling parameters is 32767. To facilitate installation, we recommend using values as close as possible to this maximum level, while retaining powers of 10 in relation to the actual values.

Example (see graph below): Adjustment of the volume in a tank, between 6 m³ and 15 m³.

- Sensor used 4-20 mA, 4.5 m³ for 4 mA, 20 m³ for 20 mA, with the result that PIF1 = 4500 and PIF2 = 20000.
- Adjustment range 6 to 15 m³, with the result that PIP1 = 6000 (min. reference) and PIP2 = 15000 (max. reference).
- Example references:
 - rP1 (internal reference) = 9500
 - rp2 (preset reference) = 6500
 - rP3 (preset reference) = 8000
 - rP4 (preset reference) = 11200

The [DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu can be used to customize the name of the unit displayed and its format.



Other parameters:

· rSL parameter:

Can be used to set the PID error threshold, above which the PID regulator will be reactivated (wake-up) after a stop due to the max. time threshold being exceeded at low speed (tLS).

- Reversal of the direction of correction (PIC): If PIC = nO, the speed of the motor will increase when the error is positive, for example: pressure control with a compressor. If PIC = YES, the speed of the motor will decrease when the error is positive, for example: temperature control using a cooling fan.
- The integral gain may be short-circuited by a logic input.
- · An alarm on the PID feedback may be configured and indicated by a logic output.
- An alarm on the PID error may be configured and indicated by a logic output.

"Manual - Automatic" operation with PID

This function combines the PID regulator, the preset speeds and a manual reference. Depending on the state of the logic input, the speed reference is given by the preset speeds or by a manual reference input via the PID function.

Manual reference (PIM)

- Analog inputs Al1 to Al4
- · Frequency input
- Encoder

Predictive speed reference (FPI)

- [Al1] (Al1): Analog input
- [Al2] (Al2): Analog input
- [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted
- [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal
- [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus
- [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen
- [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)
- [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)

Setting up the PID regulator

1. Configuration in PID mode

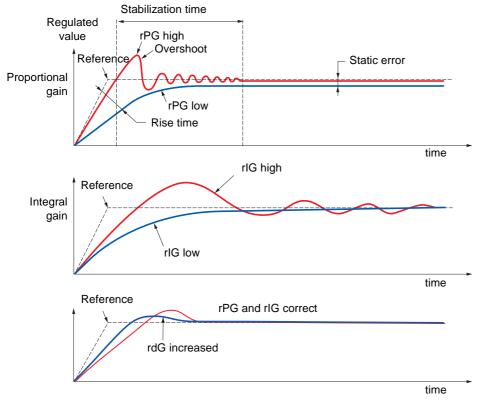
See the diagram on page 172.

2. Perform a test in factory settings mode (in most cases, this will be sufficient).

To optimize the drive, adjust rPG or rIG gradually and independently and observe the effect on the PID feedback in relation to the reference.

3. If the factory settings are unstable or the reference is incorrect

- Perform a test with a speed reference in Manual mode (without PID regulator) and with the drive on load for the speed range of the system:
 - In steady state, the speed must be stable and comply with the reference and the PID feedback signal must be stable.
 - In transient state, the speed must follow the ramp and stabilize quickly, and the PID feedback must follow the speed. If this is not the case, see the settings for the drive and/or sensor signal and wiring.
- Switch to PID mode.
- Set brA to no (no auto-adaptation of the ramp).
- · Set the PID ramp (PrP) to the minimum permitted by the mechanism without triggering an ObF fault.
- Set the integral gain (rIG) to minimum.
- Leave the derivative gain (rdG) at 0.
- Observe the PID feedback and the reference.
- · Switch the drive ON/OFF a number of times or vary the load or reference rapidly a number of times.
- Set the proportional gain (rPG) in order to ascertain the best compromise between response time and stability in transient phases (slight overshoot and 1 to 2 oscillations before stabilizing).
- If the reference varies from the preset value in steady state, gradually increase the integral gain (rIG), reduce the proportional gain (rPG) in the event of instability (pump applications), find a compromise between response time and static precision (see diagram).
- Lastly, the derivative gain may permit the overshoot to be reduced and the response time to be improved, although this will make it more difficult to obtain a compromise in terms of stability, as it depends on 3 gains.
- · Perform in-production tests over the whole reference range.



The oscillation frequency depends on the system kinematics.

Parameter	Rise time	Overshoot	Stabilization time	Static error
rPG	**	1	=	`
rlG	`	11	1	**
rdG	=	`	`	=

Code	Name/Description Adjustment ran	ge Factory setting		
PId-	■ [PID REGULATOR]			
	Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 129.			
PIF	☐ [PID feedback ass.]	[No] (nO)		
п D Я I I Я I З Я I Ч Р I Р Б Я I U I	 No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) In this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed. [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted [Network Al] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication bus Note: If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 241), the virtual input remains fixed at the last value transmitted. 			
A IC I	☐ [Al net. channel]	[No] (nO)		
~ 0 П d b С A r r E b A P P	The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) = [Network AI] (AIU1). This parameter can also be accessed in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu. [No] (nO): Not assigned [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)			
PIFI	☐ [Min PID feedback] (1)	100		
$\langle \rangle$	Value for minimum feedback. Adjustment range from 0 to [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) (2).			
P IF 2	☐ [Max PID feedback] (1)	1000		
()	Value for maximum feedback Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback] (PII	F1) to 32767 (2).		
PIPI	☐ [Min PID reference] (1)	150		
()	Minimum process value. Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) to (2).	o [Max PID reference] (PIP2)		
PIPZ	☐ [Max PID reference] (1)	900		
	Maximum process value Adjustment range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) (2).			
PII	☐ [Act. internal PID ref.]	[No] (nO)		
7 E S	Internal PID regulator reference □ [No] (nO): The PID regulator reference is given by Fr1 or Fr1b with summing functions (see the diagram on page 117). □ [Yes] (YES): The PID regulator reference is internal via parameter rPI.	g/subtraction/multiplication		
rP I	☐ [Internal PID ref.]	150		
()	Internal PID regulator reference This parameter can also be accessed in the menu. Adjustment range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Max PID reference]			
r P G	☐ [PID prop. gain] 0.01 to 100	1		
()	Proportional gain			

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu. (2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)			
()	☐ [PID integral gain] Integral gain		0.01 to 100	1
r d [☐ [PID derivative gain] Derivative gain		0.00 to 100	0
Pr P ()	☐ [PID ramp] PID acceleration/deceleration ramp, defined (PIP2) and vice versa.	(1) d to go from [Mi	0 to 99.9 s n PID reference] (PIP1)	0 s to [Max PID reference]
P IC ~ D YE 5	☐ [PID correct. reverse] ☐ [No] (nO) ☐ [Yes] (YES) Reversal of the direction of correction (PIC) If PIC = nO, the speed of the motor will incre a compressor. If PIC = YES, the speed of the motor will dec using a cooling fan.	ease when the		
()	☐ [Min PID output] Minimum value of regulator output in Hz	(1)	- 500 to 500 or -1600 to 1600 according to rating	0 Hz
P	☐ [Max PID output] Maximum value of regulator output in Hz	(1)	0 to 500 or 1600 according to rating	60 Hz
PAL ()	[Min fbk alarm] Minimum monitoring threshold for regulator Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback]		PID feedback] (PIF2) (2)	100
PAH ()	☐ [Max fbk alarm] Maximum monitoring threshold for regulator Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback]		PID feedback] (PIF2) (2)	1000
PEr ()	☐ [PID error Alarm] Regulator error monitoring threshold	(1)	0 to 65535 (2)	100
P 15	☐ [PID integral reset] ☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive ☐ [LI1] (LI1)			[No] (nO)
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function	on is inactive (tl		

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

()

⁽²⁾ If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit,

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [PID REGULATOR] (continued)			
FPI	☐ [Speed ref. assign.]			[No] (nO)
C D A I I A I 3 A I 4 L C C C A c C A c P I P G	PID regulator predictive speed input [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 exterminal [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 exterminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card ([C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside of IRP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 exterminal	ension card ha if inserted) ard (if inserted xtension card l	s been inserted) nas been inserted	
P5r	☐ [Speed input %]	(1)	1 to 100%	100%
()	Multiplying coefficient for predictive speed in The parameter cannot be accessed if [Spee		(FPI) = [No] (nO).	
PAU	☐ [Auto/Manual assign.]			[No] (nO)
n 0 L I I	□ [No] (nO): The PID is always active. □ [LI1] (LI1)			
-	: : : : :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :	active.	<i>r</i> e.	
AC 5	☐ [Acceleration 2]	(1)	0.01 to 6000 s (3)	5.0 s
()	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven. Ramp AC2 is only active when the PID function starts up and during PID "wake-ups".			
РІП	☐ [Manual reference]			[No] (nO)
∩ 0 A I I A I 2 A I 3 A I 4 P I P G	Manual speed input. The parameter can be [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) [Al1] (Al1): Analog input [Al2] (Al2): Analog input [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 ext [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 ext [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 e [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encode The preset speeds are active on the manual	ension card ha ension card ha xtension card l r card has bee	s been inserted s been inserted nas been inserted n inserted	

- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.
- (2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit,
 - e.g., 15.65 for 15650.
- (3) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page 136.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)		
<i>EL</i> 5	☐ [Low speed time out] (1)	0 to 999.9 s	0 s
O	Maximum operating time at [Low speed] (LSP) (see page Following operation at LSP for a defined period, a motor sto if the reference is greater than LSP and if a run command Caution: Value 0 corresponds to an unlimited period. Note: If [Low speed time out] (tLS) is not 0, [Type (rMP) (only if a ramp stop can be configured).	p is requested automation is still present.	
r 5 L	☐ [PID wake up thresh.]	0.0 to 100.0	0
	If the "PID" and "Low speed operating time" tLS functions are configured at the same time, the PID regulator may attempt to set a speed lower than LSP. This results in unsatisfactory operation, which consists of starting, operating at low speed then stopping, and so on Parameter rSL (restart error threshold) can be used to set a minimum PID error threshold for restarting after a stop at prolonged LSP. The function is inactive if tLS = 0 or if rSL = 0.		
	▲ WARNING		
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Check that unintended restarts will not present any danger.	ner .	
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.		

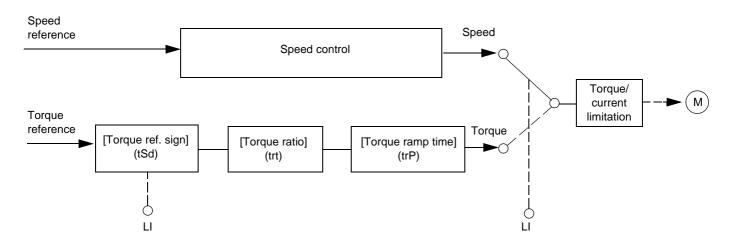
(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

()

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Pr I-	[PID PRESET REFERENCES] Function can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) is as	signed.	
Pr2	☐ [2 preset PID ref.] ☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive		[No] (nO)
L I I - - -	☐ [LI1] (LI1) : : : ☐ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123. If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function is inactive. If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function is active.		
Pr4	☐ [4 preset PID ref.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	Make sure that [2 preset PID ref.] (Pr2) has been assigned [No] (nO): Function inactive [LI1] (LI1) : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	d before assigning this fo	unction.
r P Z	☐ [2 preset PID ref.] (1)		300
()	The parameter can be accessed if [Preset ref. PID 2] (Pr2 Adjustment range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Ma	,	2).
r P 3	☐ [3 preset PID ref.]		600
()	The parameter can be accessed if [Preset ref. PID 4] (Preset ref.	,	2).
r P Y	☐ [4 preset PID ref.] (1)		900
()	The parameter can be accessed if [Preset ref. PID 4] (Practical Adjustment range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Material Reference]		2).

- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.
- (2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

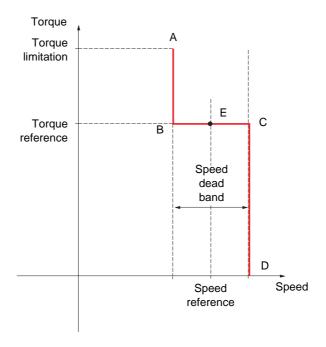
Torque regulation



The function can be used to switch between operation in speed regulation mode and operation in torque control mode. In torque control mode, the speed may vary within a configurable "deadband". When it reaches a lower or upper limit, the drive automatically reverts to speed regulation mode (fallback) and remains at this limit speed. The regulated torque is therefore no longer maintained and two scenarios may occur.

- If the torque returns to the required value, the drive will return to torque control mode.
- If the torque does not return to the required value at the end of a configurable period of time, the drive will switch to fault or alarm mode.

WARNING UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION Check that the changes in the behavior of the motor do not present any danger. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.



- AB and CD: "Fallback" to speed regulation
- BC: Torque control zone
- E: Ideal operating point

The torque sign and value can be transmitted via a logic output and an analog output.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EOr-	This function can only be accessed for [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC I] (CUC) or [FVC] (FUC). Note 1: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 129. Note 2: This function is not compatible with the fault management of [Load slipping] (AnF).		
£ 5 5	☐ [Trq/spd switching]		[No] (nO)
n D 4 E S L I I - - -	 No] (nO): Function inactive, thereby preventing access to other parameters. Yes] (YES): Permanent torque control [LI1] (LI1) : : : Image: Image: Ima		
Erl	☐ [Torque ref. channel]		[No] (nO)
60 811 813 814 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60	No] (nO): Not assigned (zero torque reference). [A11] (A11): Analog input [A12] (A12): Analog input [A13] (A13): Analog input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted [A14] (A14): Analog input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted 100% of the reference corresponds to 300% of the rated torque.		
E 5 d	☐ [Torque ref. sign] [No] (nO)		
n 0 L I I - - -	 □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [L11] (L11) : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123. If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the torque sign is the sa If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the torque sign is the op 		
ErE	☐ [Torque ratio]	0 to 1000%	100%
()	Coefficient applied to [Torque reference] (tr1).	L	
ErP ()	☐ [Torque ramp time] Rise and fall time for a variation of 100% of the rated torque.	0 to 99.99 s ie.	3 s
<i>E</i> 5 <i>E</i>	☐ [Torque control stop]		[Speed] (SPd)
5 P d 9 E S 5 P n	 □ [Speed] (SPd): Speed regulation stop, in accordance wit □ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop □ [Spin] (SPn): Zero torque stop, but maintaining the flux in if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [FVC] (FUC). 		
5 P L	☐ [Spin time]	0 to 3600 s	1
()	The parameter can be accessed if [Torque control stop] (to Spin time following stop, in order to remain ready to restar	, ,	

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[TORQUE CONTROL] (continued)		
46P ()	☐ [Positive deadband]	0 to 2 x [Max frequency] (tFr)	10 Hz
•	Positive deadband. Value added algebraically to the speed reference. Example for dbP = 10: If reference = +50 Hz: +50 + 10 = 60 If reference = -50 Hz: -50 + 10 = -40		
dbn ()	☐ [Negative deadband]	0 to 2 x [Max frequency] (tFr)	10 Hz
C)	Negative deadband. Value subtracted algebraically from the speed reference. Example for dbn = 10: If reference = +50 Hz: +50 - 10 = 40 If reference = -50 Hz: -50 - 10 = -60		
r E O	☐ [Torque ctrl time out]	0 to 999.9 s	60
	Time following automatic exit of torque control mode in the	event of a fault or alar	n.
£ 0 b	[Alarm] (ALrM) Response of drive once time [Torque ctrl time out] (rtO) has elapsed.		[Alarm] (ALrM)
AL r N F L E	☐ [Alarm] (ALrM) ☐ [Fault] (FLt): Fault with freewheel stop.		



Note: If the motor is equipped with an encoder assigned to speed feedback, the "torque control" function will trigger a [Load slipping] (AnF) fault. One of the following solutions should be applied:

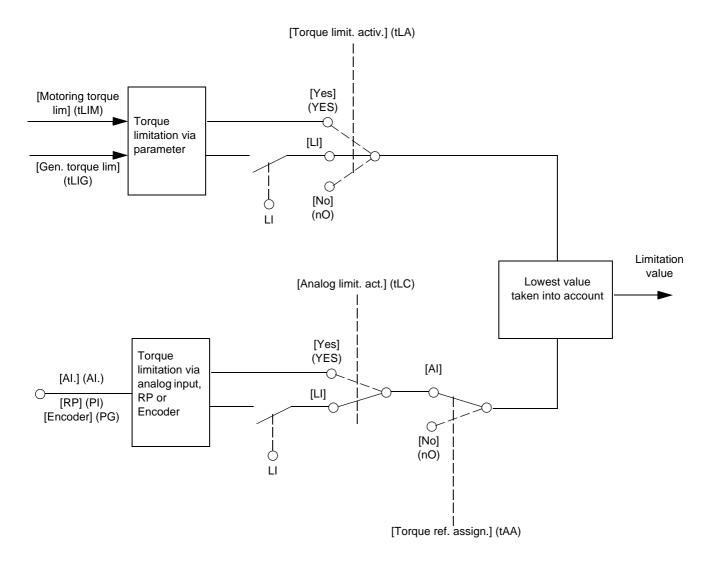
- Set [Load slip detection] (Sdd) page 230 = [No] (nO).
- Set both [Positive deadband] (dbP) and [Negative deadband] (dbn) to a value less than 10% of the rated motor frequency.
- Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Torque limitation

There are two types of torque limitation:

- · With a value that is fixed by a parameter
- With a value that is set by an analog input (AI, pulse or encoder)

If both types are enabled, the lowest value is taken into account. The two types of limitation can be configured or switched remotely using a logic input or via the communication bus.



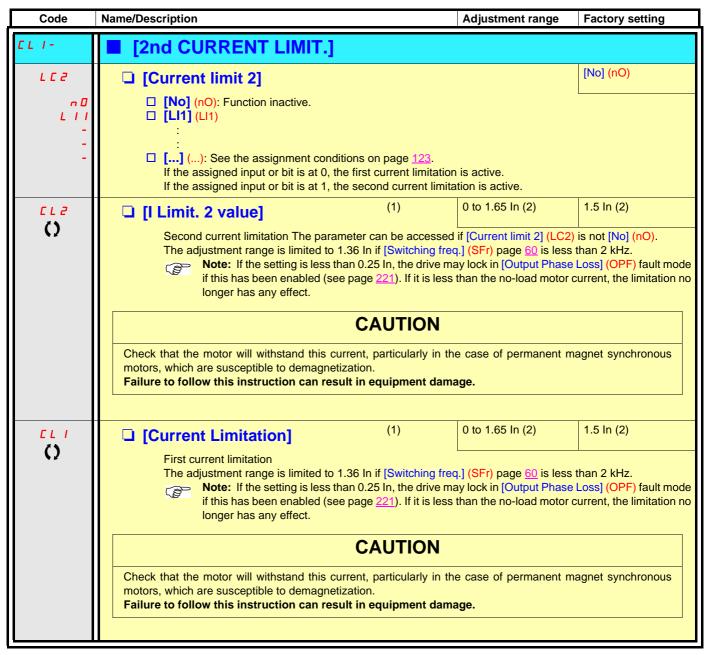
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EOL-	[TORQUE LIMITATION] This function cannot be accessed in V/F profile mode.		
E L A	☐ [Torque limit. activ.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 9E5 L I I - -	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Yes] (YES): Function always active □ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123 If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function is inac If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function is active	tive.	
IntP	☐ [Torque increment]		[1 %] (1)
a. <i>I</i>	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. a Selection of units for the [Motoring torque lim] (tLIM) □ [0,1%] (0.1): unit 0.1%. □ [1%] (1): unit 1%.		parameters.
ELIN	☐ [Motoring torque lim] (1)	0 to 300%	100%
O	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. a Torque limitation in motor mode, as a % or in 0.1% ir [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter.		e in accordance with the
EL IG	☐ [Gen. torque lim] (1)	0 to 300%	100%
O	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. a Torque limitation in generator mode, as a % or in 0.1 the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter.		rque in accordance with
Ł A A	☐ [Torque ref. assign.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 Я I I - Я I Ч Р I Р Б Я I U I	If the function is assigned, the limitation varies betwee the 0% to 100% signal applied to the assigned input. Examples: - 12 mA on a 4-20 mA input results in limitation to - 2.5 V on a 10 V input results in 75% of the rated [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) [AI1] (AI1) to [AI4] (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has [RP] (PI): Encoder input, if encoder card has [Network AI] (AIU1): Virtual input via communicationage 97.	150% of the rated torque. torque. been inserted as been inserted s been inserted ion bus, to be configured via	
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION	NING	sing fixed at the last
	If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see pag- value transmitted. Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the Failure to follow these instructions can result in de	e same configuration.	ains fixed at the last

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[TORQUE LIMITATION] (continued)		
FLC	☐ [Analog limit. act.]		[Yes] (YES)
УЕ 5 L I I - -	The parameter can be accessed if [Torque ref. assign. [Yes] (YES): The limitation depends on the input assi [Li1] (Li1) : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	gned by [Torque ref. assign. n] (tLIM) and [Gen. torque lir . rque ref. assign.] (tAA).	n.] parameters (tLIG) if



- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

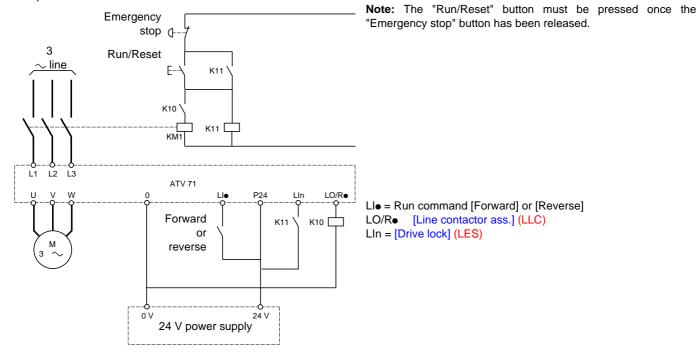
Line contactor command

The line contactor closes every time a run command (forward or reverse) is sent and opens after every stop, as soon as the drive is locked. For example, if the stop mode is stop on ramp, the contactor will open when the motor reaches zero speed.

(8

Note: The drive control power supply must be provided via an external 24 V source.

Example circuit:



CAUTION

This function can only be used for a small number of consecutive operations with a cycle time longer than 60 s (in order to avoid premature aging of the filter capacitor charging circuit).

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LLC-	■ [LINE CONTACTOR COMMAND]		
LLC	☐ [Line contactor ass.]		[No] (nO)
90 . 4 . 5 . 0 . 0	Logic output or control relay [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed). [LO1] (LO1) to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected). [R2] (r2) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted). [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page 110 = [No] (nO).		
L E S	☐ [Drive lock]		[No] (nO)
- - - - -	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive. □ [LI1] (LI1) : : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123. The drive locks when the assigned input or bit changes to 0.		
LEE	☐ [Mains V. time out]	5 to 999 s	5 s
	Monitoring time for closing of line contactor. If, once this time has elapsed, there is no voltage on the drive power circuit, the drive will lock with a "Line contactor" fault (LCF).		

Output contactor command

This allows the drive to control a contactor located between the drive and the motor. The request for the contactor to close is made when a run command is sent. The request for the contactor to open is made when there is no longer any current in the motor.

CAUTION

If a DC injection braking function has been configured it should not be left operating too long in stop mode, as the contactor only opens at the end of braking.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Output contactor feedback

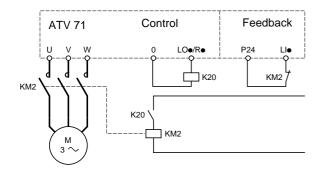
The corresponding logic input should be at 1 when there is no run command and at 0 during operation.

In the event of an inconsistency, the drive trips on an FCF2 fault if the output contactor fails to close (Llx at 1) and on an FCF1 fault if it is stuck (Llx at 0).

The parameter [Delay to motor run] (dbS) can be used to delay tripping in fault mode when a run command is sent and the [Delay to open cont.] (dAS) parameter delays the fault when a stop command is set.

Note:

Fault FCF2 (contactor failing to close) can be reset by the run command changing state from 1 to 0 (0 --> 1 --> 0 in 3-wire control).



The [Out. contactor ass.] (OCC) and [Output contact. fdbk] (rCA) functions can be used individually or together.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
OCC -	■ [OUTPUT CONTACTOR CMD]		
0 C C	☐ [Out. contactor ass.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 0 1	Logic output or control relay □ [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the control of the co	ne function parameters ca	an be accessed).
L 0 4 r 2 -	[LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have be [R2] (r2) to		·
r 4 d	 [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if □ [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic ou (AO1) page 110 = [No] (nO). 		ide if [AO1 assignment]
r C A	☐ [Output contact. fdbk]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-		es to 0.	
d 6 5	☐ [Delay to motor run]	0.05 to 60 s	0.15
()	Time delay for: • Motor control following the sending of a run command • Output contactor fault monitoring, if the feedback is ass the set time, the drive will lock in FCF2 fault mode. This parameter can be accessed if [Out. contactor ass.] (Cois assigned. The time delay must be greater than the closing time of the sending services of the sending of a run command.	CC) is assigned or if [Out	
d A 5	☐ [Delay to open cont.]	0 to 5.00 s	0.10
()	Time delay for output contactor opening command following This parameter can be accessed if [Output contact. fdbk] The time delay must be greater than the opening time of the not be monitored. If the contactor fails to open at the end of the set time, the	(rCA) is assigned. he output contactor. If it i	

()

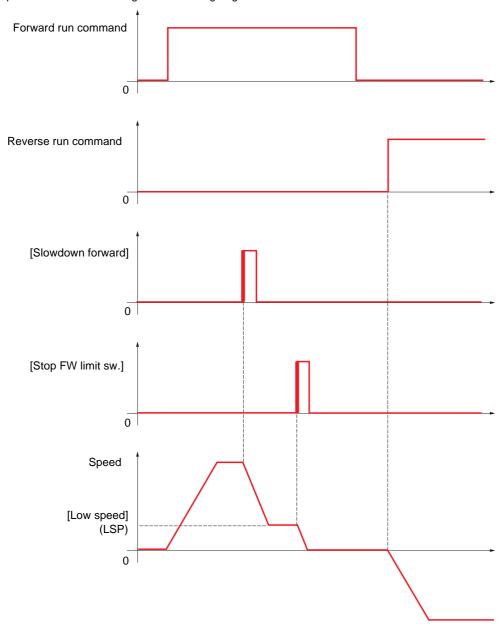
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Positioning by sensors or limit switches

This function is used for managing positioning using position sensors or limit switches linked to logic inputs or using control word bits:

- · Slowing down
- Stopping

The action logic for the inputs and bits can be configured on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) or a falling edge (change from 1 to 0). The example below has been configured on a rising edge:



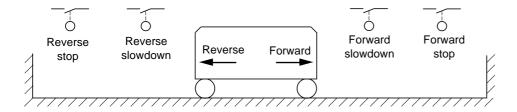
The slowdown mode and stop mode can be configured.

The operation is identical for both directions of operation. Slowdown and stopping operate according to the same logic, described below.

Example: Forward slowdown, on rising edge

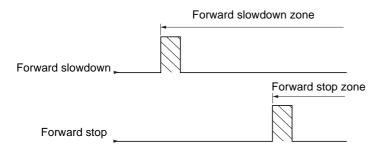
- Forward slowdown takes place on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the input or bit assigned to forward slowdown if this rising edge occurs in forward operation. The slowdown command is then memorized, even in the event of a power outage. Operation in the opposite direction is authorized at high speed. The slowdown command is deleted on a falling edge (change from 1 to 0) of the input or bit assigned to forward slowdown if this falling edge occurs in reverse operation.
- A bit or a logic input can be assigned to disable this function.
- Although forward slowdown is disabled while the disable input or bit is at 1, sensor changes continue to be monitored and saved.

Example: Positioning on a limit switch, on rising edge



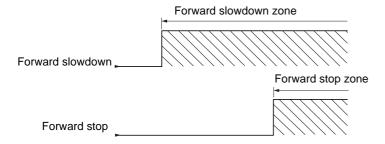
Operation with short cams:

In this instance, when operating for the first time or after restoring the factory settings, the drive must initially be started outside the slowdown and stop zones in order to initialize the function.



Operation with long cams:

In this instance, there is no restriction, which means that the function is initialized across the whole trajectory.



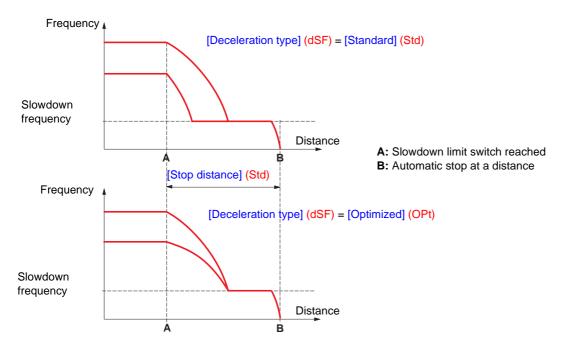
Stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch

This function can be used to control the stopping of the moving part automatically once a preset distance has been traveled after the slowdown limit switch.

On the basis of the rated linear speed and the speed estimated by the drive when the slowdown limit switch is tripped, the drive will induce the stop at the configured distance.

This function is useful in applications where one manual-reset overtravel limit switch is common to both directions. It will then only respond to ensure safety if the distance is exceeded. The stop limit switch retains priority in respect of the function.

The [Deceleration type] (dSF) parameter can be configured to obtain either of the functions described below:



Note:

- If the deceleration ramp is modified while stopping at a distance is in progress, this distance will not be observed.
- · If the direction is modified while stopping at a distance is in progress, this distance will not be observed.

▲ DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Check that the parameters configured are consistent (in particular, you should check that the required distance is possible).
- This function does not replace the stop limit switch, which remains necessary for safety reasons.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LPO-	[POSITIONING BY SENSORS] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 129.		
5 A F	☐ [Stop FW limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
C 4 0 0 - - - - - - - - - - - -	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O car □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Mod □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CAI □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communicat □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller In □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO)	I I/O card has been inserted dbus in [I/O profile] (IO) Nopen in [I/O profile] (IO) tion card in [I/O profile] (IO) side card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possi) ble logic inputs
5 A r	☐ [Stop RV limit sw.] Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit sw.] ((SAF) above.	[No] (nO)
SAL	☐ [Stop limit config.]		[Active high] (HIG)
L 0 H 1 G	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one stop sensor has been assigned. It defines the positive or negative logic of the bits or inputs assigned to the stop. [Active low] (LO): Stop controlled on a falling edge (change from 1 to 0) of the assigned bits or inputs. [Active high] (HIG): Stop controlled on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the assigned bits or inputs.		
d A F	☐ [Slowdown forward]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit sw.] ((SAF) above.	
dAr	☐ [Slowdown reverse]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit sw.] ((SAF) above.	
d A L	☐ [Slowdown limit cfg.]		[Active high] (HIG)
L O H I G	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit swindefines the positive or negative logic of the bits or input ☐ [Active low] (LO): Slowdown controlled on a falling expression inputs. ☐ [Active high] (HIG): Slowdown controlled on a rising inputs.	ts assigned to the slowdowr edge (change from 1 to 0) o	n. f the assigned bits or

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[POSITIONING BY SENSORS] (continued)		
C L 5	□ [Disable limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L -	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch □ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1) :	or one sensor has been	assigned.
_	 [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123. The action of the limit switches is disabled when the assign stopped or being slowed down by limit switches, it will rest. 	the state of the s	
PR5	☐ [Stop type]		[Ramp stop] (rMP)
-ПР F5L YE5	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned. [Ramp stop] (rMP): On ramp [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop (ramp time reduced by [Ramp divider] (dCF), see page 140) [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop		
d 5 F	☐ [Deceleration type]		[Standard] (Std)
5 E d OPE	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned. [Standard] (Std): Uses the [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2) ramp (depending on which has been enabled). [Optimized] (OPt): The ramp time is calculated on the basis of the actual speed when the slowdown contact switches, in order to limit the operating time at low speed (optimization of the cycle time: the slowdown time is constant regardless of the initial speed).		
5 <i>E d</i>	☐ [Stop distance]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned. Activation and adjustment of the "Stop at distance calculated after the slowdown limit switch" function. [No] (no): Function inactive (the next two parameters will, therefore, be inaccessible). 0.01 yd to 10.94 yd: Stop distance range in yards.		
n L 5	☐ [Rated linear speed]	0.20 to 5.00 m/s	1.00 m/s
	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch Rated linear speed in meters/second.	or one sensor has been	assigned.
5 F d	☐ [Stop corrector]	50 to 200%	100%
	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch Scaling factor applied to the stop distance to compensate,		•

Parameter set switching [PARAM. SET SWITCHING]

A set of 1 to 15 parameters from the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu on page <u>53</u> can be selected and 2 or 3 different values assigned. These 2 or 3 sets of values can then be switched using 1 or 2 logic inputs or control word bits. This switching can be performed during operation (motor running).

It can also be controlled on the basis of one or two frequency thresholds, whereby each threshold acts as a logic input (0 = threshold not reached, 1 = threshold reached).

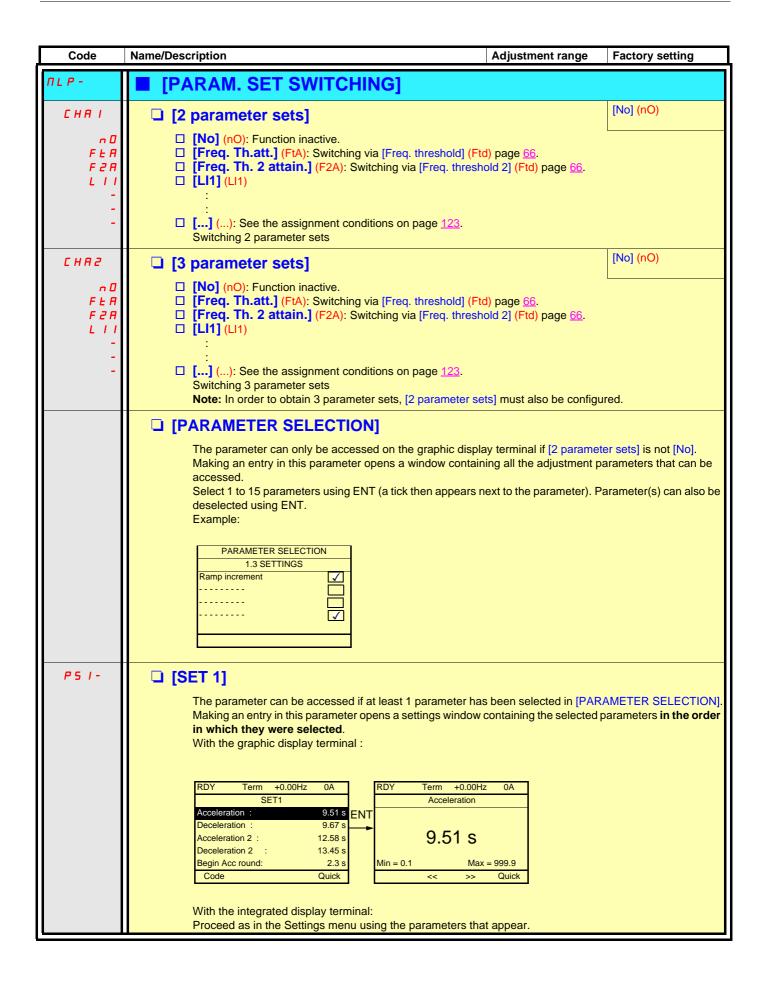
	Values 1	Values 2	Values 3
Parameter 1	Parameter 1	Parameter 1	Parameter 1
Parameter 2	Parameter 2	Parameter 2	Parameter 2
Parameter 3	Parameter 3	Parameter 3	Parameter 3
Parameter 4	Parameter 4	Parameter 4	Parameter 4
Parameter 5	Parameter 5	Parameter 5	Parameter 5
Parameter 6	Parameter 6	Parameter 6	Parameter 6
Parameter 7	Parameter 7	Parameter 7	Parameter 7
Parameter 8	Parameter 8	Parameter 8	Parameter 8
Parameter 9	Parameter 9	Parameter 9	Parameter 9
Parameter 10	Parameter 10	Parameter 10	Parameter 10
Parameter 11	Parameter 11	Parameter 11	Parameter 11
Parameter 12	Parameter 12	Parameter 12	Parameter 12
Parameter 13	Parameter 13	Parameter 13	Parameter 13
Parameter 14	Parameter 14	Parameter 14	Parameter 14
Parameter 15	Parameter 15	Parameter 15	Parameter 15
Input LI or bit or frequency threshold 2 values	0	1	0 or 1
Input LI or bit or frequency threshold 3 values	0	0	1



Note: Do not modify the parameters in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu, because any modifications made in this menu ([1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)) will be lost on the next power-up. The parameters can be adjusted during operation in the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) menu, on the active configuration.

Note: Parameter set switching cannot be configured from the integrated display terminal.

Parameters can only be adjusted on the integrated display terminal if the function has been configured previously via the graphic display terminal, by PowerSuite or via the bus or communication network. If the function has not been configured, the **MLP-** menu and the **PS1-**, **PS2-**, **PS3-** submenus will not appear.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (continued)		
P 5 2 -	The parameter can be accessed if at least 1 parameter has Procedure identical to [SET 1] (PS1-).	as been selected in [PAR/	AMETER SELECTION].
P S 3 -	The parameter can be accessed if [3 parameter sets] is reselected in [PARAMETER SELECTION]. Procedure identical to [SET 1] (PS1-).	ot [No] and if at least 1 pa	arameter has been



Note: We recommend that a parameter set switching test is carried out while stopped and a check is made to ensure that it has been performed correctly.

Some parameters are interdependent and in this case may be restricted at the time of switching.

Interdependencies between parameters must be respected, even between different sets.

Example: The highest [Low speed] (LSP) must be below the lowest [High speed] (HSP).

Motor or configuration switching [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]

The drive may contain up to 3 configurations, which can be saved using the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu, page 245. Each of these configurations can be activated remotely, enabling adaptation to:

- · 2 or 3 different motors or mechanisms (multimotor mode)
- 2 or 3 different configurations for a single motor (multiconfiguration mode)

The two switching modes cannot be combined.



Note: The following conditions MUST be observed:

- Switching may only take place when stopped (drive locked). If a switching request is sent during operation, it will not be executed
 until the next stop.
- In the event of motor switching, the following additional conditions apply:
 - When the motors are switched, the power and control terminals concerned must also be switched as appropriate.
 - The maximum power of the drive must not be exceeded by any of the motors.
- All the configurations to be switched must be set and saved in advance in the same hardware configuration, this being the definitive configuration (option and communication cards). Failure to follow this instruction can cause the drive to lock on an [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault.

Menu and parameters switched in multimotor mode

- [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)
- [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)
- [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)
- [1.6 COMMAND] (CtL-)
- [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) with the exception of the [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.] function (to be configured once only)
- [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt)
- [1.13 USER MENU]
- [USER CONFIG.]: The name of the configuration specified by the user in the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu

Menu and parameters switched in multiconfiguration mode

As in multimotor mode, except for the motor parameters that are common to the three configurations:

- Rated current
- Thermal current
- Rated voltage
- Rated frequency
- Rated speed
- Rated power
- IR compensation
- Slip compensation
- Synchronous motor parameters
- Type of thermal protection
- Thermal state
- The auto-tuning parameters and motor parameters that can be accessed in expert mode
- Type of motor control



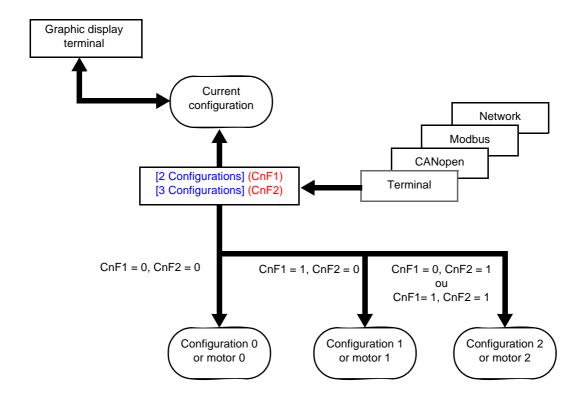
Note: No other menus or parameters can be switched.

Transfer of a drive configuration to another one, with graphic display terminal, when the drive uses [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.] function

Let A be the source drive and B the drive addressed. In this example, switching are controlled by logic input.

- 1. Connect graphic display terminal to the drive A.
- 2. Put logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) and LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 0.
- 3. Download configuration 0 in a file of graphic display terminal (example : file 1 of the graphic display terminal).
- 4. Put logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) to 1 and leave logic input LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 0.
- 5. Download configuration 1 in a file of graphic display terminal (example : file 2 of the graphic display terminal).
- 6. Put logic input LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 1 and leave logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) to 1.
- 7. Download configuration 2 in a file of graphic display terminal (example : file 3 of the graphic display terminal).
- 8. Connect graphic display terminal to the drive B.
- 9. Put logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) and LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 0.
- 10. Make a factory setting of the drive B.
- **11.** Download the configuration file 0 in the drive (file 1 of graphic display terminal in this example).
- 12. Put logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) to 1 and leave logic input LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 0.
- **13.** Download the configuration file 1 in the drive (file 2 of graphic display terminal in this example).
- 14. Put logic input LI ([3 Configurations] (CnF2)) to 1 and leave logic input LI ([2 Configurations] (CnF1)) to 1.
- **15.** Download the configuration file 2 in the drive (file 3 of graphic display terminal in this example).

Nota: Steps 6, 7, 14 et 15 are necessary only if [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.] function is used with 3 configurations or 3 motors.

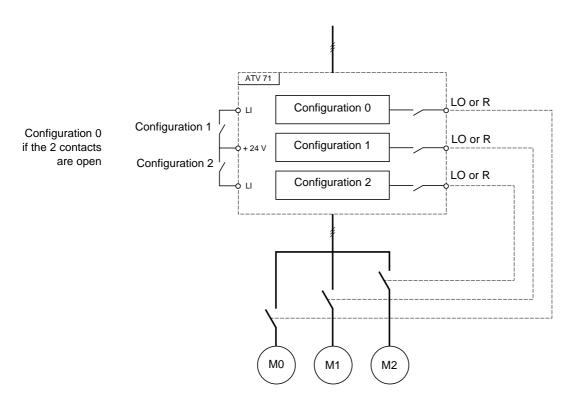


Switching command

Depending on the number of motors or selected configuration (2 or 3), the switching command is sent using one or two logic inputs. The table below lists the possible combinations.

LI 2 motors or configurations	LI 3 motors or configurations	Number of configuration or active motor
0	0	0
1	0	1
0	1	2
1	1	2

Schematic diagram for multimotor mode



Auto-tuning in multimotor mode

This auto-tuning can be performed:

- Manually using a logic input when the motor changes
- Automatically each time the motor is activated for the 1st time after switching on the drive, if the [Automatic autotune] (AUt) parameter
 on page 69 = [Yes] (YES).

Motor thermal states in multimotor mode:

The drive protects the three motors individually. Each thermal state takes into account all stop times, including drive shutdowns. It is, therefore, not necessary to perform auto-tuning every time the power is switched on. It is sufficient to auto-tune each motor at least once.

Configuration information output

In the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu, a logic output can be assigned to each configuration or motor (2 or 3) for remote information transmission.

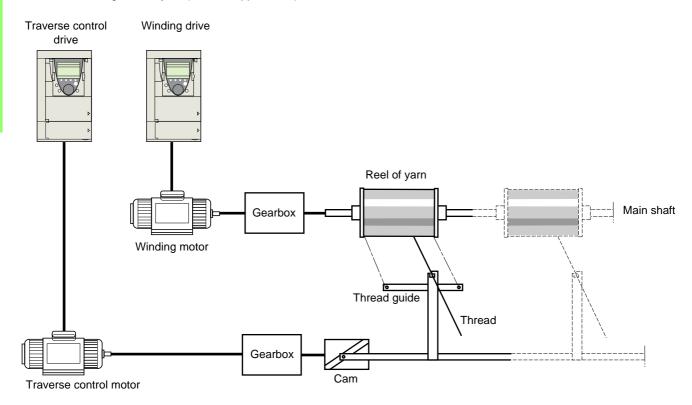


Note: As the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu is switched, these outputs must be assigned in all configurations in which information is required.

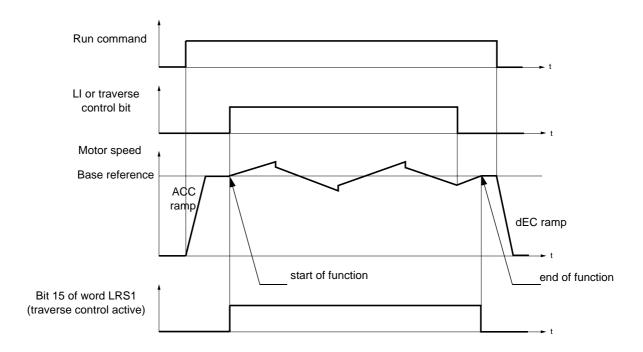
Code	Name/Description Adjustment ran	ge Factory setting
חחב -	■ [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]	
ЕНП	□ [Multimotors]	[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E S	[No] (nO): Multiconfiguration possible[Yes] (YES): Multimotor possible	
Enf I	☐ [2 Configurations]	[No] (nO)
C	□ [No] (nO): No switching □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been ins □ [C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus □ [C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen □ [C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card □ [C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card	serted
	Switching of 2 motors or 2 configurations [3 Configurations]	[No] (nO)
C	□ [No] (nO): No switching □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus □ [C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen □ [C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card □ [C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card Switching of 3 motors or 3 configurations	
L - L -	Note: In order to obtain 3 motors or 3 configurations, [2 Configurations] (CnF	=1) must also be configured.
EnL-	■ [AUTO TUNING BY LI]	[No] (nO)
E U L	☐ [Auto-tune assign.]	
n 0 L 1 1 - -	☐ [No] (nO): Not assigned ☐ [LI1] (LI1) ☐ :	
-	 [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123. Auto-tuning is performed when the assigned input or bit changes to 1. Note: Auto-tuning causes the motor to start up. 	

Traverse control

Function for winding reels of yarn (in textile applications)



The speed of rotation of the cam must follow a precise profile to ensure that the reel is steady, compact and linear:

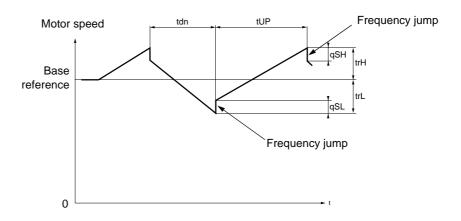


The function starts when the drive has reached its base reference and the traverse control command has been enabled. When the traverse control command is disabled, the drive returns to its base reference, following the ramp determined by the traverse control function. The function then stops, as soon as it has returned to this reference.

Bit 15 of word LRS1 is at 1 while the function is active.

Function parameters:

These define the cycle of frequency variations around the base reference, as shown in the diagram below:



- trC: [Yarn control]: Assignment of the traverse control command to a logic input or to a communication bus control word bit
- tdn: [Traverse ctrl. decel] time, in seconds
- tUP: [Traverse ctrl. accel.] time, in seconds
- trH: [Traverse freq. high], in Hertz
- trL: [Traverse Freq. Low], in Hertz
- qSH: [Quick step High], in Hertz
- qSL: [Quick step Low], in Hertz

Reel parameters:

• tbO: [Reel time]: Time taken to make a reel, in minutes.

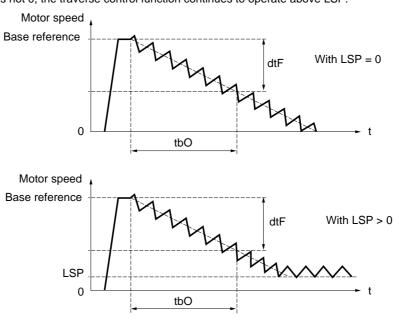
This parameter is intended to signal the end of winding. When the traverse control operating time since command trC reaches the value of tbO, the logic output or one of the relays changes to state 1, if the corresponding function EbO has been assigned.

The traverse control operating time EbOt can be monitored online by a communication bus and in the Monitoring menu.

• dtF: [Decrease ref. speed]: Decrease in the base reference.

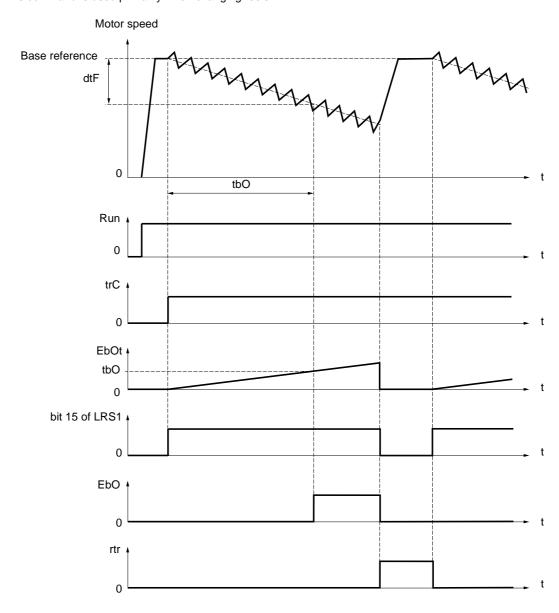
In certain cases, the base reference has to be reduced as the reel increases in size. The dtF value corresponds to time tbO. Once this time has elapsed, the reference continues to fall, following the same ramp. If low speed LSP is at 0, the speed reaches 0 Hz, the drive stops and must be reset by a new run command.

If low speed LSP is not 0, the traverse control function continues to operate above LSP.

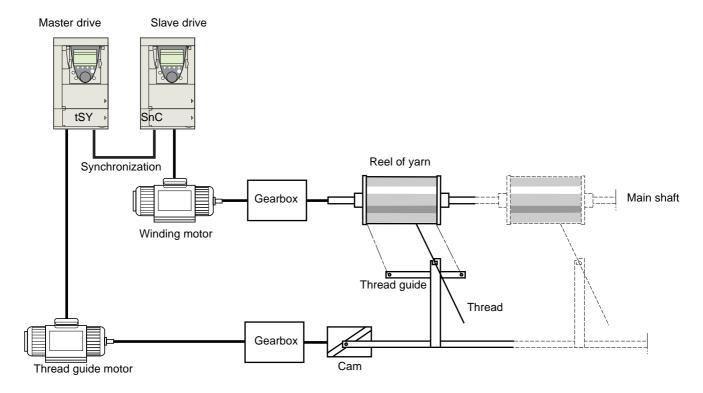


• rtr: [Init. traverse ctrl] Reinitialize traverse control.

This command can be assigned to a logic input or to a communication bus control word bit. It resets the EbO alarm and the EbOt operating time to zero and reinitializes the reference to the base reference. As long as rtr remains at 1, the traverse control function is disabled and the speed remains the same as the base reference. This command is used primarily when changing reels.



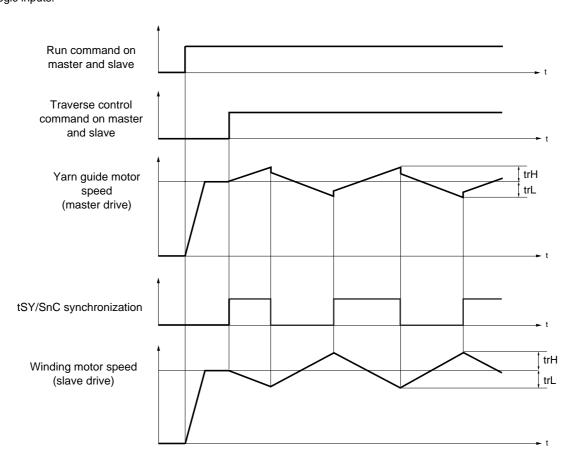
Counter wobble



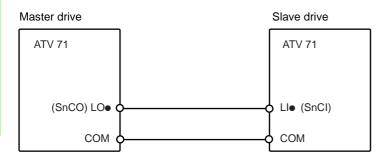
The "Counter wobble" function is used in certain applications to obtain a constant yarn tension when the "Traverse control" function is producing considerable variations in speed on the yarn guide motor (trH and trL, see page 209).

Two motors must be used (one master and one slave).

The master controls the speed of the yarn guide, the slave controls the winding speed. The function assigns the slave a speed profile, which is in antiphase to that of the master. This means that synchronization is required, using one of the master's logic outputs and one of the slave's logic inputs.



Connection of synchronization I/O



The starting conditions for the function are:

- Base speeds reached on both drives
- [Yarn control] (trC) input activated
- Synchronization signal present

Note: On the slave drive, the [Quick step High] (qSH) and [Quick step Low] (qSL) parameters should generally be left at zero.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
ErO-	[TRAVERSE CONTROL] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 129.			
ErC	☐ [Yarn control]			[No] (nO)
L L - -	 [No] (nO): Function inactive, thereby preventing access to other parameters. [LI1] (LI1) : 			
-	 [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123. The "traverse control" cycle starts when the assigned input or bit changes to 1 and stops when it changes to 0. 			d stops when it changes
ErH	☐ [Traverse freq. high]	(1)	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz
ErL ()	☐ [Traverse Freq. Low]	(1)	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz
95H ()	□ [Quick step High]	(1)	0 to [Traverse freq. high] (trH)	0 Hz
95L ()	□ [Quick step Low]	(1)	0 to [Traverse Freq. Low] (trL)	0 Hz
EUP ()	☐ [Traverse ctrl. accel.]		0.1 to 999.9 s	4 s
t dn ()	☐ [Traverse ctrl. decel]		0.1 to 999.9 s	4 s
() ()	☐ [Reel time] Reel execution time		0 to 9999 minutes	0 minute
ЕЬО	☐ [End reel]			[No] (nO)
n 0 L 0 1 - L 0 4 r 2	□ [No] (nO): Function not assigned. □ [LO1] (LO1) to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected). □ [R2] (r2)			
- - 4 - 4	to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted). □ [d01] (d01): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page 110 = [No] (nO). The assigned output or relay changes to state 1 when the traverse control operating time reaches the [Reel time] (tbO).			

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [TRAVERSE CONTROL] (continued)		
5 n C	☐ [Counter wobble]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1	□ [No] (nO): Function not assigned. □ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123. Synchronization input. To be configured on the winding drive (slave) only.		
£ 5 Y	☐ [Sync. wobble]		[No] (nO)
	□ [No] (nO): Function not assigned. □ [LO1] (LO1)		
L 0 4 r 2 -	 [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected). [R2] (r2) to 		
40 I	 [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted). □ [d01] (d01): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page 110 = [No] (nO). Synchronization output. To be configured on the yarn guide drive (master) only. 		
d Ł F	☐ [Decrease ref. speed]	0 to 1600 Hz	0 Hz
()	Decrease in the base reference during the traverse control cycle.		
rEr	☐ [Init. traverse ctrl]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1	☐ [No] (nO): Function not assigned. ☐ [LI1] (LI1) :		
1-1	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 123. When the state of the assigned input or bit changes to 1, the along with [Decrease ref. speed] (dtF).	e traverse control operat	ing time is reset to zero,

Evacuation function

The evacuation function is designed for "elevator" applications. It is only accessible for ATV71•••N4 (380/480 V) drives up to ATV71•D75N4, and ATV71•OY, drives up to ATV71•D90Y.

When an elevator is stuck between 2 floors due to a power outage, it must be possible to evacuate its occupants within a reasonable period of time.

This function requires an emergency power supply to be connected to the drive.

This power supply is at a reduced voltage, and only allows a derated operating mode, at reduced speed, but with full torque.

The function requires:

- One logic input to control "evacuation" operation
- · Reduction of the voltage monitoring threshold
- · An appropriate low speed reference

Following a power outage, the drive can restart without going into [Undervoltage] (USF) fault mode if the corresponding logic input is at 1 at the same time.

CAUTION

- This input must not be at 1 when the drive is powered from the line supply. To ensure this and also avoid any short-circuits, supply changeover contactors must be used.
- · Set this input to 0 before connecting the emergency power supply to the line supply.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
rFE-	EVACUATION] Function only accessible for ATV71●●●N4 (380/480 V) drives up to ATV71●D75N4, and ATV71●●●Y (500/690 V) drives up to ATV71●D90Y.		
rFE- n0 L111 - L114	☐ [Evacuation assign.] ☐ [No] (nO): Function not assigned. ☐ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) ☐ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted ☐ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted. Evacuation is activated when the assigned input is at 1, if the drive is stationary. Evacuation is activated when the assigned input is at 0, as soon as the drive stops.		
r 5 U	☐ [Evacuation Input V.] Minimum permissible AC voltage value of the emergence The parameter can be accessed if [Evacuation assign.] • ATV71●●●N4: range from 220 to 320 V, factory setting • ATV71●●●Y: range from 380 to 415 V, factory setting	According to voltage rating / power supply. (rFt) is not [No] (nO). 220 V.	According to voltage rating
r 5 P	☐ [Evacuation freq.]		5 Hz
O	Value of the "evacuation" mode frequency reference. The parameter can be accessed if [Evacuation assign.] (rFt) is not [No] (nO). The adjustment range is determined by the [Low speed] (LSP) (page 55), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) and [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) (page 68) parameters and by [Evacuation Input V.] (rSU) above. If LSP < (Frs x rSU/UnS): rSP min. = LSP, rSP max. = (Frs x rSU/UnS) If LSP ≥ (Frs x rSU/UnS): rSP = (Frs x rSU/UnS).		

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

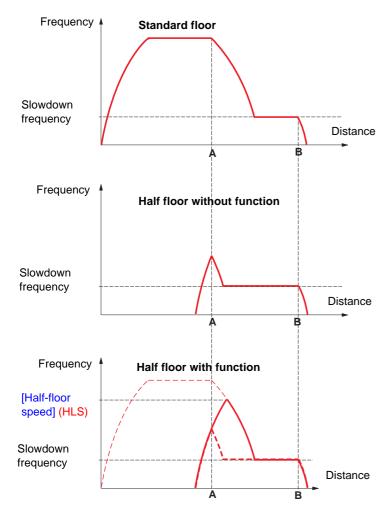
Half floor

The "half floor" function is designed for "elevator" applications.

When an elevator sets off from floors and half floors, the cycle time for half floors can be too long, as the elevator does not have time to reach full speed before crossing the slowdown limit switch. As a result, the slowdown time is unnecessarily long.

The "half floor" function can be used to compensate this by not triggering slowdown until the speed reaches a preset threshold [Half-floor speed] (HLS) in order that the final part of the path will be the same as for a standard floor.

The graphs below illustrate the various operating scenarios with and without the function:



- A: Slowdown limit switch reached
- B: Stop limit switch reached

The function is only activated if, when the slowdown limit switch is tripped, the motor frequency is less than [Half-floor speed] (HLS). Acceleration is then maintained up to this value prior to slowing down.

The final part of the path is identical to that of the standard floor.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
HFF-	■ [HALF FLOOR]		
HL 5	☐ [Half-floor speed]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	Activation and adjustment of the "half floor" function. This function has priority over all speed reference functions (preset speeds, for example) with the exception of those generated via fault monitoring (fallback speed, for example). [No] (nO): Function inactive 0.1 Hz to 500.0 Hz: Activation of the function by adjusting the motor frequency to be reached prior to slowing down.		

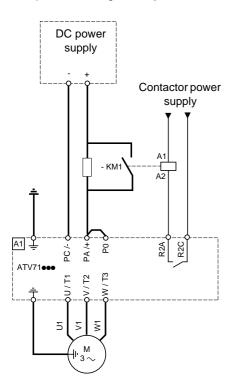
Direct power supply via DC bus

This function is only accessible for ATV71eeeM3 drives ≥ 18.5 kW, ATV71eeeN4 drives ≥ 18.5 kW and all ratings of ATV71eeeY drives.

Direct power supply via the DC bus requires a protected direct current source with adequate power and voltage as well as a suitably dimensioned resistor and capacitor precharging contactor. Consult Schneider Electric for information about specifying these components.

The "direct power supply via DC bus" function can be used to control the precharging contactor via a relay or a logic input on the drive.

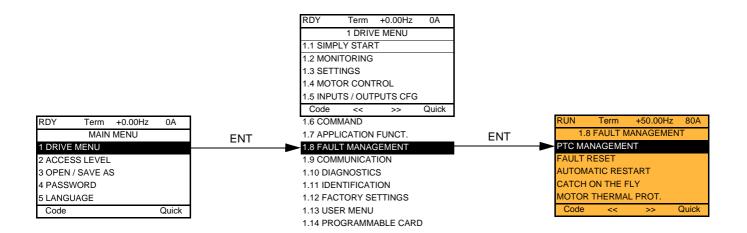
Example circuit using R2 relay:



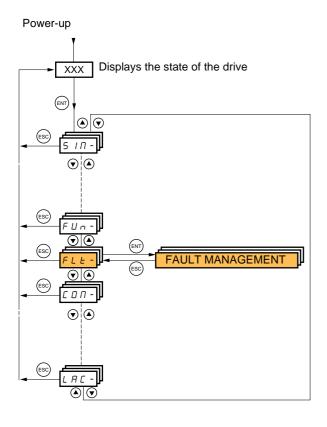
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
aco-	This function is only accessible for ATV7 ratings of ATV71●●●Y drives.	1•••M3 drives > 18.5 kW, ATV71•••N4 dri	ves ≽ 18.5 kW and all
4 C O	☐ [Precharge cont. ass.]		[No] (nO)
	Logic output or control relay		
n D			
L O I	□ [LO1] (LO1)		
	to		
L 0 4	[LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected).		
r 2	[R2] (r2)		
	to	- d- d t- D2 D4 if t U2 d- b	h :
۲ 4	[R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted). [d01] (d01): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment]		
40 I	(AO1) page $\frac{110}{1}$ = [No] (nO).	lioning as a logic output. Selection can be m	ade ii [AOT assignmen

[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-)

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



Summary of functions:

Code	Name	Page
PEC-	[PTC MANAGEMENT]	<u>216</u>
r 5 E -	[FAULT RESET]	217
Atr-	[AUTOMATIC RESTART]	218
FLr-	[CATCH ON THE FLY]	<u>219</u>
EHE-	[MOTOR THERMAL PROT.]	<u>221</u>
OPL-	[OUTPUT PHASE LOSS]	<u>221</u>
IPL -	[INPUT PHASE LOSS]	222
OHL-	[DRIVE OVERHEAT]	222
5 A L -	[THERMAL ALARM STOP]	<u>223</u>
EEF-	[EXTERNAL FAULT]	<u>224</u>
U5Ь-	[UNDERVOLTAGE MGT]	<u>225</u>
E IE -	[IGBT TESTS]	<u>226</u>
LFL-	[4-20mA LOSS]	<u>227</u>
InH-	[FAULT INHIBITION]	228
CLL-	[COM. FAULT MANAGEMENT]	<u>229</u>
5 d d -	[ENCODER FAULT]	<u>230</u>
Eld-	[TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT]	230
F9F-	[FREQUENCY METER]	<u>232</u>
dLd-	[DYNAMIC LOAD DETECT.]	<u>234</u>
6 r P -	[DB RES. PROTECTION]	<u>235</u>
БИ F -	[BU PROTECTION]	235
EnF-	[AUTO TUNING FAULT]	<u>235</u>
PPI-	[CARDS PAIRING]	<u>236</u>
LFF-	[FALLBACK SPEED]	237
FSE-	[RAMP DIVIDER]	<u>237</u>
dC 1-	[DC INJECTION]	<u>237</u>

[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-)

The parameters in the [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and there is no run command, except for parameters with a Ω symbol in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

PTC probes

3 sets of PTC probes can be managed by the drive in order to protect the motors:

- 1 on logic input LI6 converted for this use by switch "SW2" on the control card.
- 1 on each of the 2 option cards VW3A3201 and VW3A3202.

Each of these sets of PTC probes is monitored for the following faults:

- · Motor overheating
- · Sensor break fault
- · Sensor short-circuit fault

Protection via PTC probes does not disable protection via I^2t calculation performed by the drive (the two types of protection can be combined).

[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-)

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting		
PEC-	[PTC MANAGEMENT]			
PECL	☐ [LI6 = PTC probe]	[No] (nO)		
n 0 A 5 r d 5 r 5	Can be accessed if switch SW2 on the control card is set to PTC. [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permanently, even if the power supply is not connected (as long as the control remains connected to the power supply). [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the drive power supply is connected. [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the motor power supply is connected.			
PECI	□ [PTC1 probe]	[No] (nO)		
n 0 # 5 r d 5 r S	Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inserted. [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permanently, even if the power supply is not connected (as long as the control remains connected to the power supply). [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the drive power supply is connected. [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the motor power supply is connected.			
P E C 2	☐ [PTC2 probe]	[No] (nO)		
n 0 A 5 r d 5	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted. [No] (nO): Not used [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permanently, even if the power supply is not connected (as long as the control remains connected to the power supply). [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the drive power supply is connected. [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the motor power supply is connected.			
רי				

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
r 5 E -	■ [FAULT RESET]	
r 5 F L I I - C I O I - C d O O	Manual fault reset □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the cause of the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched withouth and the communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) can be sw	O) IO) (IO) ossible logic inputs t logic inputs e fault has disappeared.
r P	Parameter can only be accessed in [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expert] mode. Drive reinitialization. Can be used to reset all faults without having to disconnect the drive from the power supply. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Reinitialization. Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. The parameter changes back to [No] (nO) automatically as soon as the operation is complete. The drive can only be reinitialized when locked. CAUTION Make sure that the cause of the fault that led to the drive locking has been removed before reinitializing. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.	
r P A L I I I L I I I I	Parameter can only be modified in [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expert] mode. Drive reinitialization via logic input. Can be used to reset all faults without havir from the power supply. The drive is reinitialized on a rising edge (change from 0 The drive can only be reinitialized when locked. [No] (nO): Function inactive [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) [L17] (L17) to [L10] (L10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted To assign reinitialization, press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. CAUTION Make sure that the cause of the fault that led to the drive locking has been reinitializing. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.	to 1) of the assigned input.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
AFr-	■ [AUTOMATIC RESTART]		
A E r n 0 y E 5	□ [Automatic restart] □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Yes] (YES): Automatic restart, after locking		
	conditions permit the restart. The restart is performed by a series of automatic attempts separated by increasingly longer waiting periods: 1 s, 5 s, 10 s, then 1 minute for the following attempts. The drive fault relay remains activated if this function is active. The speed reference and the operating direction must be maintained. Use 2-wire control ([2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) see page 88).		
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPER	WARNING ATION	
	Check that an automatic restart will not endanger personnel or equipment in any way. Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.		
	If the restart has not taken place once the configurable time tAr has elapsed, the procedure is aborted and the drive remains locked until it is turned off and then on again. The faults, which permit this function, are listed on page 268:		
<i>E A r</i>	☐ [Max. restart time]		[5 minutes] (5)
5 10 30 1h 2h 3h C E	☐ [5 min] (5): 5 minutes ☐ [10 minutes] (10): 10 minutes ☐ [30 minutes] (30): 30 minutes ☐ [1 hour] (1h): 1 hour ☐ [2 hours] (2h): 2 hours ☐ [3 hours] (3h): 3 hours ☐ [Unlimited] (Ct): Unlimited ☐ This parameter appears if [Automatic restar consecutive restarts on a recurrent fault.	t] (Atr) = [Yes] (YES). It can be used to	limit the number of

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FLr-	[CATCH ON THE FLY] Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 129.		
FLr	☐ [Catch on the fly]		[No] (nO)
n 0 Y E 5	Used to enable a smooth restart if the run command is maintained after the following events: • Loss of line supply or disconnection • Reset of current fault or automatic restart • Freewheel stop. The speed given by the drive resumes from the estimated speed of the motor at the time of the restart, then follows the ramp to the reference speed. This function requires 2-wire level control. [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active When the function is operational, it activates at each run command, resulting in a slight delay of the current (0.5 s max.). [Catch on the fly] (FLr) is forced to [No] (nO) if brake logic control [Brake assignment] (bLC) is assigned (page 160) or if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [FVC] (FUC) or if, in open-loop control, [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page 142 = [Continuous] (Ct).		
ись	□ [Sensitivity]	0.4 to 15%	0.6%
O	Parameter accessible at and above ATV71HD55M3X, ATV71HD90N4 and ATV71HC11Y. Adjusts the catch-on-the-fly sensitivity around the zero speed. Decrease the value if the drive is not able to perform the catch on the fly, and increase it if the drive locks on a fault as it performs the catch on the fly.		

Motor thermal protection

Function:

Thermal protection by calculating the I²t.

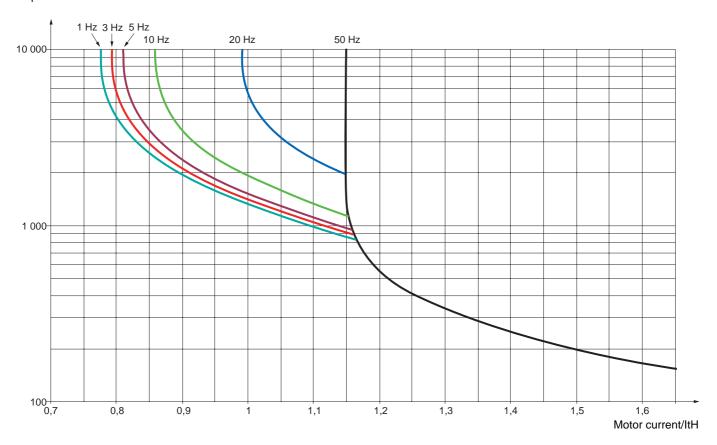


Note: The memory of the motor thermal state is saved when the drive is switched off. The power-off time is used to recalculate the thermal state the next time the drive is switched on.

- Naturally-cooled motors:

 The tripping curves depend on the motor frequency.
- Force-cooled motors:
 Only the 50 Hz tripping curve needs to be considered, regardless of the motor frequency.

Trip time in seconds



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EHE-	■ [MOTOR THERMAL PROT.]		
E H E	☐ [Motor protect. type]		[Self cooled] (ACL)
∩ 0 A C L F C L	 □ [No] (nO): No protection. □ [Self cooled] (ACL): For self-cooled motors □ [Force-cool] (FCL): For force-cooled motors Note: A fault trip will occur when the thermal state reaches 118% of the rated state and reactivation will occur when the state falls back below 100%. 		
() ()	[Motor therm. level] Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or related)	0 to 118%	100%
EE d 2	☐ [Motor2 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
()	Trip threshold for motor 2 thermal alarm (logic output or rel	ay)	
E E d 3	☐ [Motor3 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
()	Trip threshold for motor 3 thermal alarm (logic output or rel	ay)	
OLL	☐ [Overload fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
.0 9ES 5EE LFF - LS - NP FSE dC I	Type of stop in the event of a motor thermal fault. [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (2). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (2). [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other functions. See table on page 129.		
OPL-	■ [OUTPUT PHASE LOSS]		
OPL	☐ [Output Phase Loss]		[Yes] (YES)
о 0 9 E S 0 R C	 □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Yes] (YES): Tripping on OPF fault with freewheel stop. □ [Output cut] (OAC): No fault triggered, but management of the output voltage in order to avoid an overcurrent when the link with the motor is re-established and catch on the fly performed (even if this function has not been configured). Note: [Output phase loss] (OPL) is forced to [No] (nO) if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). For other [Motor control type] (Ctt) configurations, [Output phase loss] (OPL) is forced to [Yes] (YES) if brake logic control is configured (see page 160). 		
Odt	☐ [OutPh time detect]	0.5 to 10 s	0.5 s
\Box	Time delay for taking the [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) fault	into account.	

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)menu.

()

⁽²⁾ Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

IPL -	■ [INPUT PHASE LOSS]			
IPL	☐ [Input phase loss] According to drive rating			
n 0	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored, to be used when the drive is	supplied via a single pha	se supply or by the DC	
<i>4E</i> 5	bus. [Freewheel] (YES): Fault with freewheel stop. If one phase disappears, the drive switches to fault mode [Input phase loss] (IPL) but if 2 or 3 phases disappear, the drive continues to operate until it trips on an undervoltage fault. Factory setting: [Ignore] (nO) for ATV71•037M3 to U30M3, [Freewheel] (YES) for all others.			
OHL -	■ [DRIVE OVERHEAT]			
OHL	☐ [Overtemp fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)	
	CAUTION			
	RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE			
	Inhibiting faults results in the drive not being protected. T		anty.	
	Check that the possible consequences do not present any risk. Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.			
	Behavior in the event of the drive overheating			
n 0	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.			
9 E S S E E	☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. ☐ [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140, without fault tripping. In			
322	this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is read			
	according to the restart conditions of the active command ch	annel (e.g., according to	[2/3 wire control] (tCC)	
	and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the terminals recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in			
LFF	[fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintain			
r L 5	command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being	applied when the fault o	courred as long as the	
	fault is present and the run command has not been remove		ccurred, as long as the	
- NP	☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.			
F 5 E d C	□ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.□ [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop.	cannot be used with certa	ain other functions. See	
	table on page 129. Note: A fault trip will occur when the thermal state reaches 118% of the rated state and reactivation will occur when the state falls back below 90%.			
E H A	☐ [Drv therm. state al]	0 to 118%	100%	
()	Trip threshold for drive thermal alarm (logic output or relay)			
	The unconoid for differ thermal dialin (logic output of felay)			

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Deferred stop on thermal alarm

This function is designed in particular for elevator applications. It prevents the elevator stopping between two floors if the drive or motor overheats, by authorizing operation until the next stop. At the next stop, the drive is locked until the thermal state falls back to a value, which undershoots the set threshold by 20%. Example: A trip threshold set at 80% enables reactivation at 60%.

One thermal state threshold must be defined for the drive, and one thermal state threshold for the motor(s), which will trip the deferred stop.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
SAE -	■ [THERMAL ALARM STOP]		
5 A L	☐ [Thermal alarm stop]		[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E S	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive (in this case, the following parameters cannot be accessed) □ [Yes] (YES): Freewheel stop on drive or motor thermal alarm		
	CAUTION		
	The drive and motor are no longer protected in the event of thermal alarm stops. This invalidates the warranty. Check that the possible consequences do not present any risk. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.		
ЕНЯ	☐ [Drv therm. state al]	0 to 118%	100%
\Box	Thermal state threshold of the drive tripping the deferred	stop.	
()	☐ [Motor therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
	Thermal state threshold of the motor tripping the deferred		1000/
() FE d 2	☐ [Motor2 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
()	Thermal state threshold of the motor 2 tripping the deferred stop.		
EE d 3	☐ [Motor3 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
\circ	Thermal state threshold of the motor 3 tripping the deferre	ed stop.	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EEF-	■ [EXTERNAL FAULT]		
ELF	☐ [External fault ass.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 -	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) :		
]	: [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 12 If the assigned bit is at 0, there is no external fault. If the assigned bit is at 1, there is an external fault. Logic can be configured via [External fault config] (LE)		signed.
LEE	☐ [External fault config]		[Active high] (HIG)
L 0 H 16	Parameter can be accessed if the external fault has to regative logic of the input assigned to the fault. [Active low] (LO): Fault on falling edge (change from [Active high] (HIG): Fault on rising edge (change)	om 1 to 0) of the assigned inp	ut.
EPL	☐ [External fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
n 0 4 E S 5 E E	Type of stop in the event of an external fault [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [this case the fault relay does not open and the drive according to the restart conditions of the active command [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the term recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example	is ready to restart as soon as and channel (e.g., according to minals). Configuring an alarm	the fault disappears, o [2/3 wire control] (tCC) for this fault is
LFF	[fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, in command has not been removed (1).	naintained as long as the fault	persists and the run
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed fault is present and the run command has not been re		occurred, as long as the
-ПР F5Ł d[l	 □ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. □ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. □ [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type o 	, <i>,</i>	ain other functions. See
	table on page <u>129</u> .		

⁽¹⁾ Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
U 5 Ь -	■ [UNDERVOLTAGE MGT]		
И 5 Ь	☐ [UnderV. fault mgt]		[Flt&R1open] (0)
ם ا ع	Behavior of the drive in the event of an undervoltage [Flt&R1open] (0): Fault and fault relay open. [Flt&R1close] (1): Fault and fault relay closed. [Alarm] (2): Alarm and fault relay remains closed. The ala	arm can be assigned to	a logic output or a relay.
Ur E S	☐ [Mains voltage]	According to drive voltage rating	According to drive voltage rating
200 220 240 260 380 400 440 460 480 500 600	Rated voltage of the line supply in V. For ATV71ATV71•••M3: [200V ac] (200): 200 Volts AC [220V ac] (220): 220 Volts AC [240V ac] (240): 240 Volts AC [260V ac] (260): 260 Volts AC (factory setting) For ATV71•••N4: [380V ac] (380): 380 Volts AC [400V ac] (400): 400 Volts AC [440V ac] (440): 440 Volts AC [460V ac] (460): 460 Volts AC [480V ac] (480): 480 Volts AC (factory setting) For ATV71•••Y: [500 Vac] (500): 500 Volts AC [600 Vac] (600): 600 Volts AC		
U 5 L	☐ [Undervoltage level]		
	Undervoltage fault trip level setting in V. The adjustment radrive voltage rating and the [Mains voltage] (UrES) value.	nge and factory setting	are determined by the
U S E	☐ [Undervolt. time out]	0.2 s to 999.9 s	0.2 s
	Time delay for taking undervoltage fault into account		
5 <i>E P</i>	☐ [UnderV. prevention]		[No] (nO)
n 0 ПП 5 - ПР	Behavior in the event of the undervoltage fault prevention I [No] (nO): No action [DC Maintain] (MMS): This stop mode uses the inertia t possible. [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop following an adjustable ramp [o maintain the DC bus v	oltage as long as
LnF	☐ [Lock-out] (LnF): Stop following an adjustable famp [wax stop timej (stivi).	

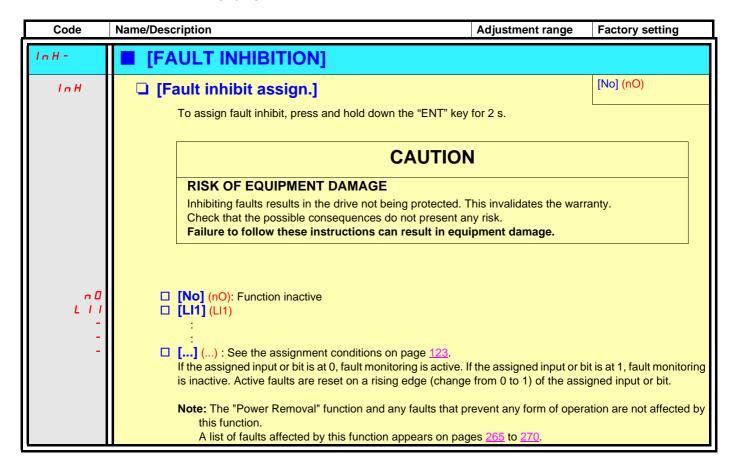
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
U5Ь-	[UNDERVOLTAGE MGT] (continued)		
£ 5 ∏	☐ [UnderV. restart tm]	1.0 s to 999.9 s	1.0 s
	Time delay before authorizing the restart after a complete stop for [UnderV. prevention] (StP) = [Ramp stop] (rMP), if the voltage has returned to normal.		
UPL	☐ [Prevention level]		
	Undervoltage fault prevention level setting in V, which can be accessed if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) is not [No] (nO). The adjustment range and factory setting are determined by the drive voltage rating and the [Mains voltage] (UrES) value.		
5 E П	☐ [Max stop time]	0.01 to 60.00 s	1.00 s
()	Ramp time if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) = [Ramp stop] (rN	P).	
£ 6 5	☐ [DC bus maintain tm]	1 to 9999 s	9999 s
()	DC bus maintain time if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) = [DC N	Maintain] (MMS).	
E IE-	■ [IGBT TESTS]		
5 <i>E</i> r <i>E</i>	☐ [IGBT test]		[No] (nO)
n	□ [No] (nO): No test □ [Yes] (YES): The IGBTs are tested on power up and every time a run command is sent. These tests cause a slight delay (a few ms). In the event of a fault, the drive will lock. The following faults can be detected: - Drive output short-circuit (terminals U-V-W): SCF display - IGBT faulty: xtF, where x indicates the number of the IGBT concerned - IGBT short-circuited: x2F, where x indicates the number of the IGBT concerned		

Parameter that can b

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
LFL-	■ [4-20mA LOSS]	
LFL2	☐ [Al2 4-20mA loss]	[Ignore] (nO)
n 0	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one possible if [Al2 min. is not greater than 3 mA or if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) page 94 = [Voltage] (10U).	value] (CrL2) page 94
9 E S	☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.	vikh a vik favilk kvina in a . In
5 E E	 □ [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. □ [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1). 	
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault of fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1).	ccurred, as long as the
гПР F5E	□ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.□ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.	
961	[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certa table on page 129.	ain other functions. See
LFL3	☐ [Al3 4-20mA loss]	[Ignore] (nO)
n 0	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one possible if [Al3 min. is not greater than 3 mA.	value] (CrL3) page 95
<i>4 E S</i>	☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.	
5 £ £	□ [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.	
LFF rL5	 [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault of fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1). 	
г ПР	☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.	
FSE d[l	 [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certa table on page 129. 	ain other functions. See
LFL4	□ [Al4 4-20mA loss]	[Ignore] (nO)
n 0	□ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one possible if [Al4 min. is not greater than 3 mA or if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) page 96 = [Voltage] (10U).	value] (CrL4) page <u>96</u>
9 E S S E E	 □ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. □ [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140, where the stop is the sto	vithout fault tripping. In
	this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as t according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cau	he fault disappears, [2/3 wire control] (tCC) for this fault is se of the stop.
LFF	[fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault command has not been removed (1).	
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault or fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1).	ccurred, as long as the
rПР F5E	□ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.□ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.	
4C I	[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certa table on page 129.	ain other functions. See

⁽¹⁾ Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Parameter can be accessed in [Expert] mode.



Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
CLL-	■ [COM. FAULT MANAGEMENT]	
C L L	☐ [Network fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)
n 0 9 E S 5 E E	Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with a communication of [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140, within the start and the stop of the active is ready to restart as soon as a according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm	without fault tripping. In the fault disappears, [2/3 wire control] (tCC)
LFF	recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cau [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault command has not been removed (1).	se of the stop. persists and the run
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault of fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1).	ccurred, as long as the
- NP F5L d[□ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. □ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. □ [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certa table on page 129. 	ain other functions. See
C O L	☐ [CANopen fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)
n 0 4 E S 5 E E	Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with integrated CANopen [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is	
LFF rLS rNP	recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1).	
F S E d C I	 □ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. □ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. □ [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certa table on page 129. 	ain other functions. See
5 L L	☐ [Modbus fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)
n 0 4 E S 5 E E	Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with integrated Modbus [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.	
L F F r L S r N P F S E	 [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault of fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1). [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. 	persists and the run
d € I	[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certa table on page <u>129</u> .	ain other functions. See

⁽¹⁾ Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 d d -	[ENCODER FAULT] Can be accessed if the encoder option card has been inserted and the encoder is used for speed feedback (see page 78).		
5 d d	☐ [Load slip detection]		[No] (nO)
9 E S	 [No] (nO): Fault not monitored. Only the alarm may be assigned to a logic output or a relay. [Yes] (YES): Fault monitored. [Load slip detection] (Sdd) is forced to [Yes] (YES) if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [FVC] (FUC). The fault is triggered by comparison with the ramp output and the speed feedback, and is only effective for speeds greater than 10% of the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), see page 68. In the event of a fault, the drive will switch to a freewheel stop, and if the brake logic control function has been configured, the brake command will be set to 0. 		
ECC	☐ [Encoder coupling]		[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E 5	 [No] (nO): Fault not monitored. [Yes] (YES): Fault monitored. If the brake logic control function has been configured, the factory setting changes to [Yes] (YES). [Encoder coupling] (ECC) = [Yes] (YES) is only possible if [Load slip detection] (Sdd) = [Yes] (YES) and [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 70 = [FVC] (FUC) and [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 160 is not [No] (nO). The fault monitored is the break in the mechanical coupling of the encoder. In the event of a fault, the drive will switch to a freewheel stop, and if the brake logic control function has been configured, the brake command will be set to 0. 		
ECE	☐ [Encoder check time]	2 to 10 s	2 s
	Encoder faults filtering time. The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder coupling] (EC	CC) = [Yes] (YES)	
Eld-	■ [TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT]		
5 5 <i>6</i>	☐ [Trq/l limit. stop]		[Ignore] (nO)
.0 9E5 5EE LFF -L5 -NP F5E dC I	Behavior in the event of switching to torque or current limitation [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 140, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop. [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1). [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1). [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop. [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other functions. See table on page 129.		
5 Ł O	☐ [Trq/I limit. time out]	0 to 9999 ms	1000 ms
()	(If fault has been configured) Time delay for taking SSF "Limitation" fault into account		

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

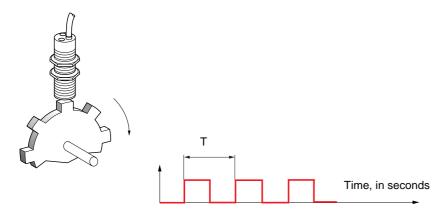
(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Use of the "Pulse input" input to measure the speed of rotation of the motor.

This function uses the "Pulse input" input from the VW3A3202 extension card and can, therefore, only be used if this card has been inserted and if the "Pulse input" input is not being used for another function.

Example of use

An indexed disk driven by the motor and connected to a proximity sensor can be used to generate a frequency signal that is proportional to the speed of rotation of the motor.



When applied to the "Pulse input" input, this signal supports:

- Measurement and display of the motor speed: signal frequency = 1/T. This frequency is displayed by means of the [Pulse in. work. freq.] (FqS) parameter, page 50 or 52.
- · Overspeed detection (if the measured speed exceeds a preset threshold, the drive will trip on a fault).
- Brake failure detection, if brake logic control has been configured: If the speed does not drop sufficiently quickly following a command to engage the brake, the drive will trip on a fault. This function can be used to detect worn brake linings.
- Detection of a speed threshold that can be adjusted using [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page 66 and is assignable to a relay or logic output, see page 102.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
F9F-	[FREQUENCY METER] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted		
F9F	☐ [Frequency meter]		[No] (nO)
n 0 Y E S	Activation of the speed measurement function. [No] (nO): Function inactive, In this case, none of the function [Yes] (YES): Function active, assignment only possible if "Pulse input" input.		
F9C	☐ [Pulse scal. divisor]	1.0 to 100.0	1.0
	 Scaling factor for the "Pulse input" input (divisor). The frequence in. work. freq.] (FqS) parameter, page <u>50</u> or <u>52</u>. 	cy measured is displayed	by means of the [Pulse
F9R	☐ [Overspd. pulse thd.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	Activation and adjustment of overspeed monitoring: [Overspeed] (SOF) fault. [No] (nO): No overspeed monitoring. 1 Hz to 30.00 Hz: Adjustment of the frequency tripping threshold on the "Pulse input" input divided by [Pulse scal. divisor] (FqC).		
E d 5	☐ [Pulse overspd delay]	0.0 s to 10.0 s	0.0 s
	Time delay for taking overspeed fault into account		
FdE	☐ [Level fr. pulse ctrl]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	Activation and adjustment of monitoring for the input Pulse input (speed feedback): [Speed fdback loss] (SPF) fault. [No] (nO): No monitoring of speed feedback. 0.1 Hz to 500.0 Hz: Adjustment of the motor frequency threshold for tripping a speed feedback fault (difference between the estimated frequency and the measured speed).		
F9E	☐ [Pulse thd. wo Run]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	Activation and adjustment of brake failure monitoring: [Brake feedback] (brF). If brake logic control [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 160 is not configured, this parameter is forced to [No] (nO). [No] (nO): No brake monitoring. 1 Hz to 1000 Hz: Adjustment of the motor frequency threshold for tripping abrake failure fault (detection of speeds other than zero).		
£ 9 b	☐ [Pulse thd. wo Run]	0.0 s to 10.0 s	0.0 s
	Time delay for taking brake failure fault into account.		

Load variation detection

This detection is only possible with the "high-speed hoisting" function. It can be used to detect if an obstacle has been reached, triggering a sudden (upward) increase or (downward) decrease in the load.

Load variation detection triggers a [Dynamic load fault] fault (dLF). The [Dyn. load Mgt.] (dLb) parameter can be used to configure the response of the drive in the event of this fault.

Load variation detection can also be assigned to a relay or a logic output.

There are two possible detection modes, depending on the configuration of high-speed hoisting:

"Speed reference" mode

[High speed hoisting] (HSO) page 171 = [Speed ref] (SSO).

Torque variation detection.

During high-speed operation, the load is compared to that measured during the speed step. The permissible load variation and its duration can be configured. If exceeded, the drive switches to fault mode.

"Current limitation" mode

[High speed hoisting] (HSO) page 171 = [Current Limit] (CSO).

On ascend, during high-speed operation, an increase in load will result in a drop in speed. Even if high-speed operation has been activated, if the motor frequency drops below the [I Limit Frequency] (SCL) threshold page 171 the drive will switch to fault mode. The detection is realised only for a positive variations of the load and only in the high speed area (area upper to [I Limit. frequency] (SCL)).

On descend, operation takes the form of "speed reference" mode.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
dLd-	[DYNAMIC LOAD DETECT.] Load variation detection. This can be accessed if [High speed	d hoisting] (HSO) page 1	1 <u>71</u> is not [No] (n O).
E L d	☐ [Dynamic load time]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	Activation of load variation detection and adjustment of tim load fault] (dLF) into account. □ [No] (nO): No load variation detection. □ 0.00 s to 10.00 s : Adjustment of the time delay for taking		ariation fault[Dynamic
d L d	☐ [Dynamic load time]	1 to 100 %	100 %
	Adjustment of the trip threshold for load variation detection, step.	as a % of the load meas	sured during the speed
dLЬ	☐ [Dyn. load Mgt.]		[Freewheel] (YES)
2 F F 7 E 2 4 U	Behavior of the drive in the event of a load variation fault. [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of[Type of stop] (Stt) page 140, without tripping fault. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel, (e.g. according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 88 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.		
LFF	☐ [Fallback spd.] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintacommand has not been removed (1).		
r L 5	☐ [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed at the persists and the run command has not been removed (1).	time the fault occurred,	as long as the fault
- ПР F 5 Ł	☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. ☐ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.		

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Ь г P -	■ [DB RES. PROTECTION]		
b г О	☐ [DB res. protection]		[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S F L E	 □ [No] (nO): No braking resistor protection (thereby preventing access to the other function parameters). □ [Alarm] (YES): Alarm. The alarm may be assigned to a logic output or a relay (see page 102) □ [Fault] (FLt): Switch to fault (bOF) with locking of drive (freewheel stop). 		
	Note: The thermal state of the resistor can be discalculated for as long as the drive control remain		
6 r P	□ [DB Resistor Power]	0.1 kW (0.13 HP) to 1000 kW (1333 HP)	0.1 kW (0.13 HP)
• •	This parameter can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (be Rated power of the resistor used.	rO) is not [No] (nO).	
ЬгЦ	☐ [DB Resistor value]	0.1 to 200 ohms	0.1 ohms
	This parameter can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (be Rated value of the braking resistor in ohms.	rO) is not [No] (nO).	
Ь U F -	[BU PROTECTION] Parameter accessible at and above ATV71HD55M3X, ATV71HD90N4 and ATV71HC11Y.		
ЬИЬ	☐ [Brake res. fault Mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
n 0 4 E S	Management of short-circuit [DB unit sh. circuit] (bUF) and overheating [Internal- th. sensor] (InFb) faultsin the braking unit. [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. Configuration to be used if there is no resistor or braking unit connected to the drive. [Freewheel] (YES): freewheel stop.		
EnF-	■ [AUTO TUNING FAULT]		
EnL	☐ [Autotune fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
n 0 Y E S	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. ☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.		

Card pairing

Function can only be accessed in [Expert] mode.

This function is used to detect whenever a card has been replaced or the software has been modified in any way.

When a pairing password is entered, the parameters of the cards currently inserted are stored. On every subsequent power-up these parameters are verified and, in the event of a discrepancy, the drive locks in HCF fault mode. Before the drive can be restarted you must revert to the original situation or re-enter the pairing password.

The following parameters are verified:

- The type of card for: all cards.
- The software version for: the two control cards, the VW3A3202 extension card, the Controller Inside card and the communication cards.
- The serial number for: the two control cards.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PP I-	■ [CARDS PAIRING]		
PPI	☐ [Pairing password]	OFF to 9999	[OFF] (OFF)
	The [OFF] (OFF) value signifies that the card pairing function is inactive. The [ON] (On) value signifies that card pairing is active and that an access code must be entered start the drive in the event of a card pairing fault. As soon as the code has been entered the drive is unlocked and the code changes to [ON] (On the PPI code is an unlock code known only to Schneider Electric Product Support.		[ON] (On).

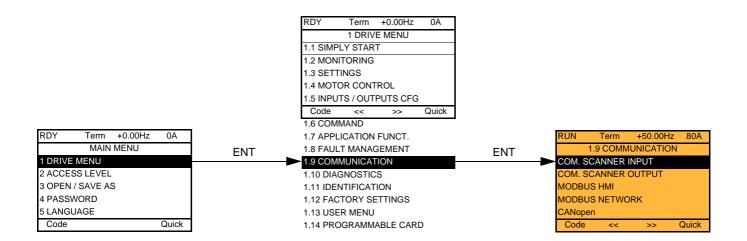
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LFF-	■ [FALLBACK SPEED]		
LFF	☐ [Fallback speed]	0 to 1600 Hz	0 Hz
	Selection of the fallback speed		
FSE-	■ [RAMP DIVIDER]		
d C F	☐ [Ramp divider] (1)	0 to 10	4
()	The ramp that is enabled (dEC or dE2) is then divided be Value 0 corresponds to a minimum ramp time.	y this coefficient when sto	p requests are sent.
dC I-	■ [DC INJECTION]		
IdC	☐ [DC inject. level 1] (1) (3)	0.1 to 1.41 ln (2)	0.64 In (2)
()	Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic	input or selected as stop r	node.
	CAUTI	ON	
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.		
	Tallare to follow this instruction can result in eq	aipment damage.	
Ed I	☐ [DC injection time 1] (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
()	Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 1] (IdC). After this time the injection current becomes [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2).		
1402	☐ [DC inject. level 2] (1) (3)	0.1 In (2) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 ln (2)
Injection current activated by logic input or selected as stop mode, once period of time [D has elapsed.			DC injection time 1] (tdl)
	CAUTION		
Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			
		· · · · ·	
FAC	☐ [DC injection time 2] (1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
()	Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) for inj (Can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [DC injection]		ode only.
	(Out to accept in [13po of clop] (Out) = [50 injection]	(5.7).	

⁽¹⁾ The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) and [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menus.

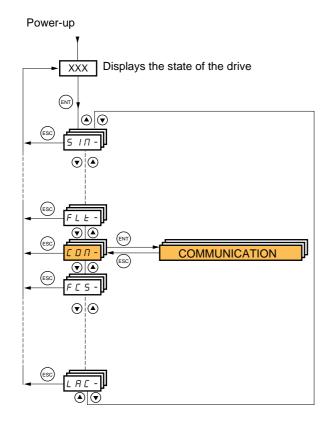
⁽²⁾ In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

⁽³⁾ Warning: These settings are independent of the [AUTO DC INJECTION] (AdC-) function.

With graphic display terminal:



With integrated display terminal:



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[COM. SCANNER INPUT] Only accessible via graphic display terminal		
пПЯ І	☐ [Scan. IN1 address] Address of the 1 st input word.		3201
n ∏ A Z	☐ [Scan. IN2 address] Address of the 2 nd input word.		8604
пПЯ Э	☐ [Scan. IN3 address] Address of the 3 rd input word.		0
лПЯЧ	[Scan. IN4 address] Address of the 4 th input word.		0
nΠ85	[Scan. IN5 address] Address of the 5 th input word.		0
n N A 6	[Scan. IN6 address] Address of the 6 th input word.		0
оПЯ I	[Scan. IN7 address] Address of the 7 th input word.		0
~ ΠЯΘ	☐ [Scan. IN8 address] Address of the 8 th input word.		0
	[COM. SCANNER OUTPUT] Only accessible via graphic display terminal		
n C A I	☐ [Scan.Out1 address] Address of the 1 st output word.		8501
n C A 2	☐ [Scan.Out2 address] Address of the 2 nd output word.		8602
n С Я Э	☐ [Scan.Out3 address] Address of the 3 rd output word.		0
n C A 4	☐ [Scan.Out4 address] Address of the 4 th output word.		0
n C A S	☐ [Scan.Out5 address] Address of the 5 th output word.		0
n C A B	☐ [Scan.Out6 address] Address of the 6 th output word.		0
о С Я Т	[Scan.Out7 address] Address of the 7 th output word.		0
n C A B	☐ [Scan.Out8 address]		0
	Address of the 8 th output word.		

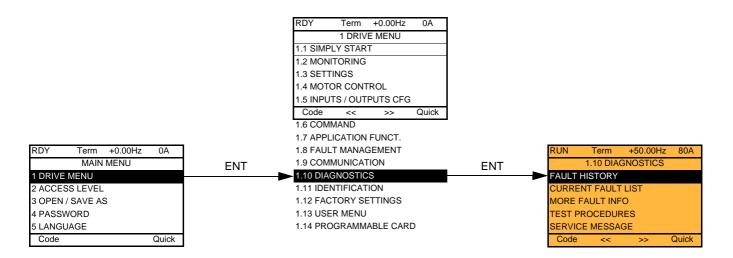
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
П d ≥ -	[MODBUS HMI] Communication with the graphic display terminal		
Ebr∂	9.6 or 19.2 kbps via the integrated display terminal. 9600 or 19200 bauds via the graphic display terminal. The graphic display terminal only operates if [HMI baud rate In order for any change in the assignment of [HMI baud rate - Provide confirmation in a confirmation window if using the - Press the ENT key for 2 s if using the integrated display to	e] (tbr2) to be taken into graphic display termina	account you must:
£ F 0 2	[HMI format] Read-only parameter, cannot be modified.		8E1
Па I-	■ [MODBUS NETWORK]		
A 9 9	☐ [Modbus Address] OFF to 247		OFF
япоя	[Modbus add Prg C.] Modbus address of the Controller Inside card OFF at 247 The parameter can be accessed if the Controller Inside card has been inserted and depending on its configuration (please consult the specific documentation).		
япос	[Modbus add Com.C.] Modbus address of the communication card OFF to 247 The parameter can be accessed if a communication card has been inserted and depending on its configuration (please consult the specific documentation).		
Ebr	[Modbus baud rate] 4.8 - 9.6 - 19.2 - 38.4 kbps on the integrated display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display terminates 4800, 96000, 9600		19.2 kbps
Ŀ F O	[Modbus format] 801 - 8E1 - 8n1, 8n2		8E1
FFO	☐ [Modbus time out] 0.1 to 30 s		10.0 s
C n 0 -	■ [CANopen]		
A G C O	☐ [CANopen address] OFF to 127		OFF
6 d C 0	☐ [CANopen bit rate] 50 - 125 - 250 - 500 kbps - 1 Mbps		125 kbps
ErCO	[Error code] Read-only parameter, cannot be modified.		

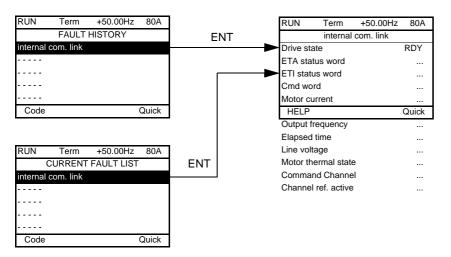
[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

Code	Name/Description Adjus	stment range	Factory setting
-	■ [COMMUNICATION CARD]		
	See the specific documentation for the card used.		
LEF-	■ [FORCED LOCAL]		
FLO	☐ [Forced local assign.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - L 1 1 4	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has beer □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card h		
	Forced local mode is active when the input is at state 1. [Forced local assign.] (FLO) is forced to [No] (nO) if [Profile] (CHC	CF) page <u>124</u> = [l/	O profile] (IO).
FLOC	☐ [Forced local Ref.]		[No] (nO)
C D R I I I R I 2 R I 3 R I 4 L C C P I P G	 No] (nO): Not assigned (control via the terminals with zero reference). [AI1] (AI1): Analog input [AI2] (AI2): Analog input [AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [AI4] (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [HMI] (LCC): Assignment of the reference and command to the graphic display terminal. Reference: [HMI Frequency ref.] (LFr), page 50, command: RUN/STOP/FWD/REV buttons. [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted If the reference is assigned to an analog input, [RP] (PI) or [Encoder] (PG) the command is automatically assigned to the terminals as well (logic inputs) 		
FLOE	☐ [Time-out forc. local]		10.0 s
	0.1 to 30 s The parameter can be accessed if [Forced local assign.] (FLO) is Time delay before communication monitoring is resumed on leaving		ode.

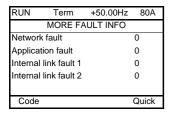
[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.





This screen indicates the state of the drive at the moment the selected fault occurred.

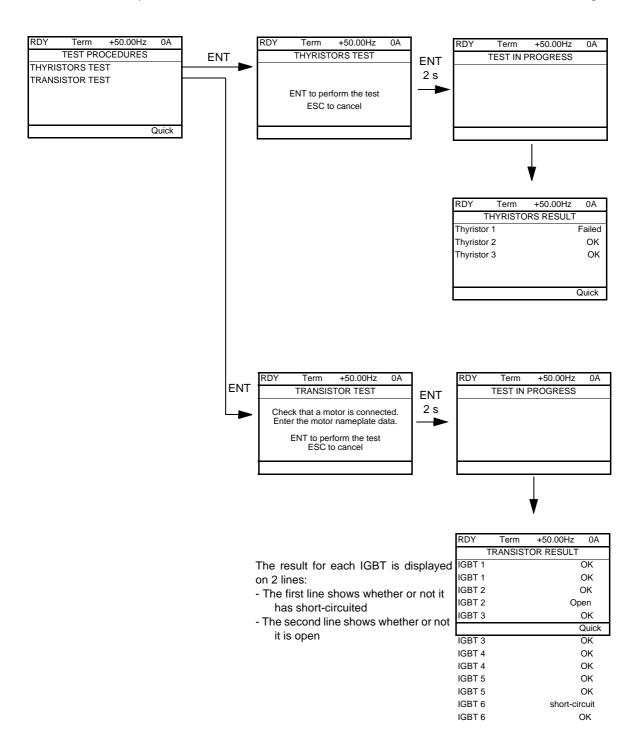


This screen indicates the number of communication faults, for example, with the option cards.

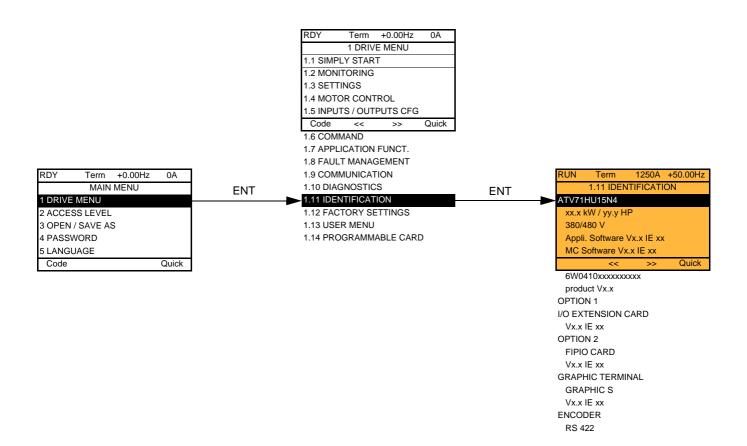
Number: from 0 to 65535

[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]

[THYRISTORS TEST] is only accessible for ATV71●●●M3 drives > 18.5 kW, ATV71●●●N4 drives > 18.5 kW and all ratings of ATV71●●●Y drives.



Note: To start the tests, press and hold down (2 s) the ENT key.

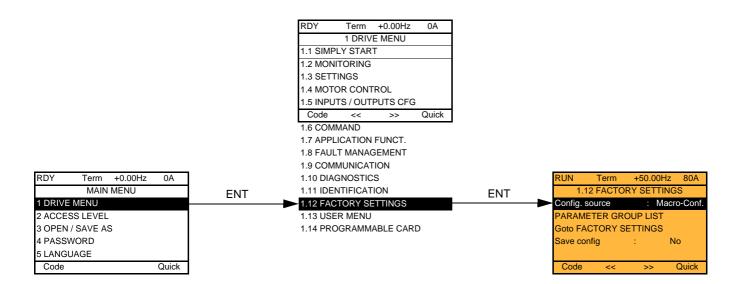


The [1.11 IDENTIFICATION] menu can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal.

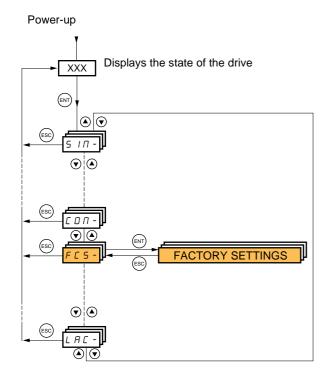
This is a read-only menu that cannot be configured. It enables the following information to be displayed:

- Drive reference, power rating and voltage
- Drive software version
- · Drive serial number
- Type of options present, with their software version

With graphic display terminal:

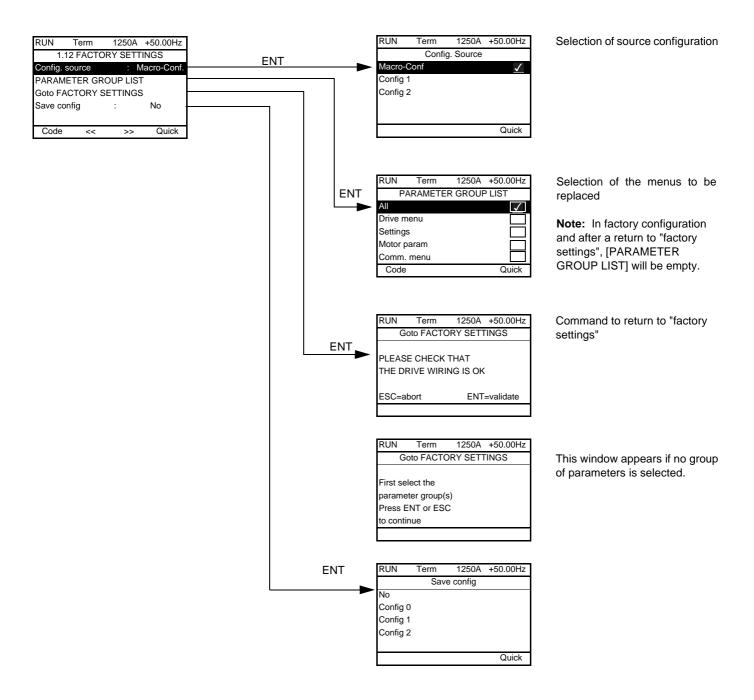


With integrated display terminal:



The [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu is used to:

- Replace the current configuration with the factory configuration or a previously saved configuration.
 All or part of the current configuration can be replaced: select a group of parameters in order to select the menus you wish to load with the selected source configuration.
- · Save the current configuration to a file.



Code	Name/Description
FC5 I	□ [Config. Source]
n C F G Z	Choice of source configuration. [Macro-Conf] (InI) Factory configuration, return to selected macro configuration. [Config 1] (CFG1) [Config 2] (CFG2) If the configuration switching function is configured, it will not be possible to access [Config 1] (CFG1) and [Config 2] (CFG2).
Fry-	☐ [PARAMETER GROUP LIST]
ALL drn SEE NOE CON PLC NOA d IS	Selection of menus to be loaded [All] (ALL): All parameters. [Drive menu] (drM): The [1 DRIVE MENU] menu without [1.9 COMMUNICATION] and [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD]. In the[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]menu, [Return std name] page 259 returns to [No]. [Settings] (SEt): The [1.3 SETTINGS] menu without the [IR compensation] (UFr), [Slip compensation (SLP) and [Mot. therm. current] (ItH) parameters [Motor param] (MOt):motor parameters, see list below. The following selections can only be accessed if [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf.] (InI): [Comm. menu] (COM): The [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu without either [Scan. In1 address] (nMA1) to [Scan. In8 address] (nMA8) or [Scan.Out1 address] (nCA1) to [Scan.Out8 address] (nCA8). [Prog. card menu] (PLC): the [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] menu. [Monitor config.] (MOn): the [6 MONITORING CONFIG.] menu. [Display config.] (dlS): the [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu. See the multiple selection procedure on page 29 for the integrated display terminal and page 20 for the graphic display terminal. Note: In factory configuration and after a return to "factory settings", [PARAMETER GROUP LIST] will be empty.
G F 5	☐ [Goto FACTORY SETTINGS]
∩ 0 Y E S	It is only possible to revert to the factory settings if at least one group of parameters has previously been selected. With the integrated display terminal: - No - Yes: The parameter changes back to nO automatically as soon as the operation is complete. With the graphic display terminal: see previous page
5051	□ [Save config]
n0 5£r0 5£r2	 No] (nO): Config 0] (Str0): Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. [Config 1] (Str0): Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. [Config 2] (Str0): Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. The active configuration to be saved does not appear for selection. For example, if it is [Config 0] (Str0), only [Config 1] (Str1) and [Config 2] (Str2) appear. The parameter changes back to[No] (nO) as soon as the operation is complete.

List of motor parameters

[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu:

 $[Rated\ motor\ power]\ (nPr)\ -\ [Rated\ motor\ volt.]\ (UnS)\ -\ [Rated\ mot\ current]\ (nCr)\ -\ [Rated\ motor\ freq.]\ (FrS)\ -\ [Rated\ motor\ speed]\ (nSP)\ -\ [Auto\ tuning\ status]\ (tUS)\ -\ [U0]\ (U0)\ to\ [U5]\ (U5)\ -\ [F1]\ (F1)\ to\ [F5]\ (F5)\ -\ [V.\ constant\ power]\ (UCP)\ -\ [Freq.\ Const\ Power]\ (FCP)\ -\ [Nominal\ I\ sync]\ (nCrS)\ -\ [Nom\ motor\ spdsync]\ (nSPS)\ -\ [Pole\ pairs.]\ (PPnS)\ -\ [Syn.\ EMF\ constant]\ (PHS)\ -\ [Autotune\ L\ d-axis]\ (LdS)\ -\ [Autotune\ L\ q-axis]\ (LqS)\ -\ [Cust.\ stator\ R\ syn]\ (rSAS)\ -\ [IR\ compensation]\ (UFr)\ -\ [Slip\ compensation]\ (SLP)\ -\ motor\ parameters\ that\ can\ be\ accessed\ in[Expert]\ mode\ page\ 74.$

[1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu:

[Mot. therm. current] (ItH)

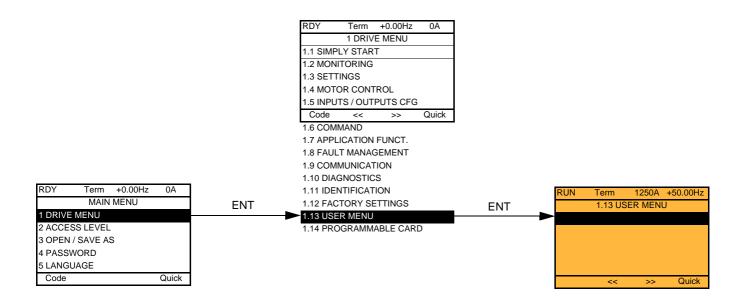
Example of total return to factory settings

- 1. [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf] (InI)
- 2. [PARAMETER GROUP LIST] (FrY-) = [AII] (ALL)
- 3. [Goto FACTORY SETTINGS] (GFS = YES)

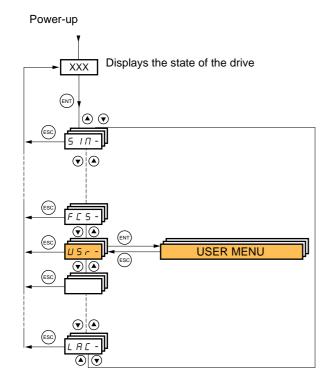
[1.13 USER MENU] (USr-)

This menu contains the parameters selected in the [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu on page 258.

With graphic display terminal:



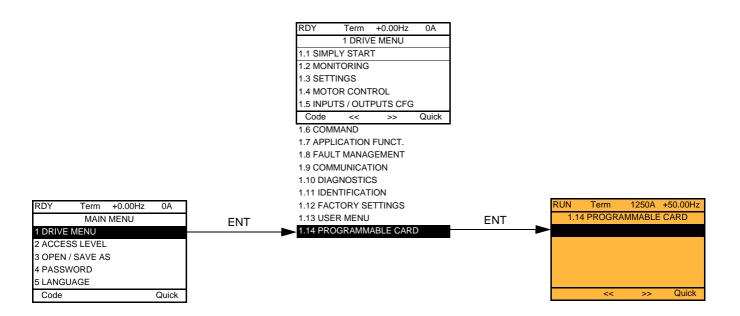
With integrated display terminal:



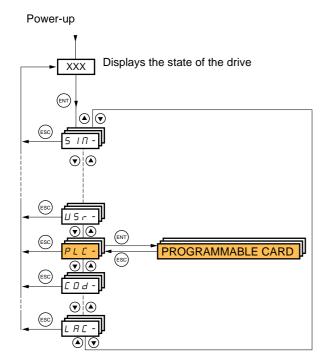
[1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] (PLC-)

This menu can only be accessed if a Controller Inside card has been inserted. Please refer to the documentation specific to this card.

With graphic display terminal:

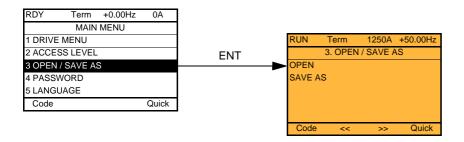


With integrated display terminal:

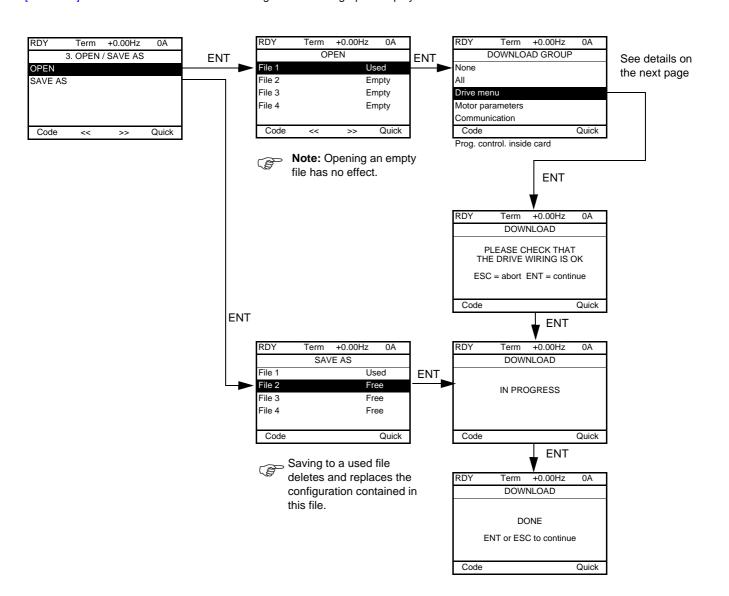


[3. OPEN/SAVE AS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.



[Open]: To download one of the 4 files from the graphic display terminal to the drive. [SAVE AS]: To download the current drive configuration to the graphic display terminal.



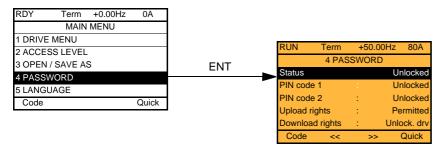
Various messages may appear when the download is requested:

- [IN PROGRESS]
- [DONE]
- Error messages if download not possible
- [Motor parameters are NOT COMPATIBLE. Do you want to continue?]: In this case the download is possible, but the parameters will be restricted.

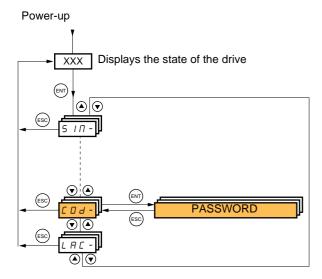
[DOWNLOAD GROUP]

[None]:		No parameters
[All]:		All parameters in all menus
[Drive menu]:		The entire [1 DRIVE MENU] without [1.9 COMMUNICATION] and [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD].
[Motor parameters]:	[Rated motor power] (nPr)	in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu
	[Rated motor volt.] (UnS)	
	[Rated mot. current] (nCr)	
	[Rated motor freq.] (FrS)	
	[Rated motor speed] (nSP)	
	[Auto tuning] (tUn)	
	[Auto tuning status] (tUS)	
	[U0] (U0) to [U5] (U5)	
	[F1] (F1) to [F5] (F5)	
	[V. constant power] (UCP)	
	[Freq. Const Power] (FCP)	
	[Nominal I sync.] (nCrS)	
	[Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS)	
	[Pole pairs] (PPnS)	
	[Syn. EMF constant] (PHS)	
	[Autotune L d-axis] (LdS)	
	[Autotune L q-axis] (LqS)	
	[Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS)	
	[IR compensation] (UFr)	
	[Slip compensation] (SLP)	
	The motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode, page 74	
	[Mot. therm. current] (ItH)	in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu
[Communication]:		All the parameters in the [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu
[Prog. control. inside card]:		All the parameters in the [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] menu

With graphic display terminal:

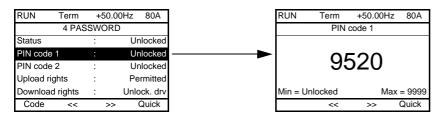


With integrated display terminal:



Enables the configuration to be protected with an access code or a password to be entered in order to access a protected configuration.

Example with graphic display terminal:



- The drive is unlocked when the PIN codes are set to [unlocked] (OFF) (no password) or when the correct code has been entered.
- Before protecting the configuration with an access code, you must:
 - Define the [Upload rights] (ULr) and [Download rights] (dLr).
 - Make a careful note of the code and keep it in a safe place where you will always be able to find it.
- The drive has 2 access codes, enabling 2 access levels to be set up.
 - PIN code 1 is a public unlock code: 6969.
 - PIN code 2 is an unlock code known only to Schneider Electric Product Support. It can only be accessed in [Expert] mode.
 - Only one PIN1 or PIN2 code can be used the other must remain set to [OFF] (OFF).

Note: When the unlock code is entered, the user access code appears.

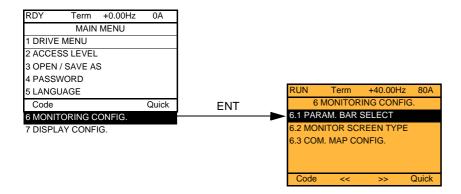
The following items are access-protected:

- Return to factory settings ([1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu.
- The channels and parameters protected by the [1.13 USER MENU] as well as the menu itself.
- The custom display settings ([7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
CSE LC ULC	☐ [Status] Information parameter, cannot be modified. ☐ [Locked] (LC): The drive is locked by a password. ☐ [Unlocked] (ULC): The drive is not locked by a password.		[Unlocked] (ULC)
C 0 4		de must be entered in o	order to unlock it. Once
C 0 d 2	Parameter can only be accessed in [Expert] mode. 2 nd access code. The value [OFF] (OFF) indicates that no passing [ON] (On) indicates that the drive is protected and an access conthe correct code has been entered, it remains on the display are power supply is disconnected. - PIN code 2 is an unlock code known only to Schneider Electrical PIN code 2.	de must be entered in c nd the drive is unlocked	order to unlock it. Once
UL	□ [Upload rights] Read or copy the current configuration to the drive. □ [Permitted] (ULr0): The current drive configuration can alway or PowerSuite. □ [Not allowed] (ULr1): The current drive configuration can or or PowerSuite if the drive is not protected by an access code or	nly be uploaded to the g	raphic display terminal
dLr0 dLr0 dLr1 dLr2 dLr3	□ [Download rights] Writes the current configuration to the drive or downloads a cor □ [Locked drv] (dLr0): A configuration file can only be download access code, which is the same as the access code for the cor □ [Unlock. drv] (dLr1): A configuration file can be downloaded be modified if the drive is unlocked (access code entered) or is □ [Not allowed] (dLr2): Download not authorized. □ [Lock/unlock] (dLr3): Combination of [Locked drv.] (dLr0) and the drive is unlocked drv.]	aded to the drive if the configuration to be downlood to the drive or a configuration protected by an according to the drive of the dri	aded. uration in the drive can

[6 MONITORING CONFIG.]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.



This can be used to configure the information displayed on the graphic display screen during operation.



- [6.1. PARAM. BAR SELECT]: Selection of 1 to 2 parameters displayed on the top line (the first 2 cannot be modified)
- [6.2. MONITOR SCREEN TYPE]: Selection of parameters displayed in the centre of the screen and the display mode (digital values or bar graph format).
- [6.3. COM. MAP CONFIG.]: Selection of the words displayed and their format.

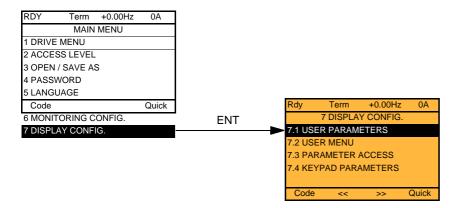
Name/Description [6.1 PARAM. BAR SELECT] □ [Alarm groups] ☐ [Frequency ref.] in Hz: parameter displayed in factory configuration. as a % □ [Torque reference] □ [Output frequency] in Hz in A: parameter displayed in factory configuration. □ [Motor current] ☐ [ENA avg speed] in Hz □ [Motor speed] in rpm □ [Motor voltage] in V in W □ [Motor power] □ [Motor torque] as a % in V □ [Mains voltage] ☐ [Motor thermal state] as a % as a % □ [Drv. thermal state] as a % □ [DBR thermal state] □ [Consumption] in Wh or kWh depending on drive rating □ [Run time] in hours (length of time the motor has been switched on) in hours (length of time the drive has been switched on) □ [Power on time] in seconds (total time of IGBT overheating alarms) ☐ [IGBT alarm counter] as a % □ [PID reference] as a % □ [PID feedback] □ [PID error] as a % □ [PID Output] in Hz Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted) □ [---- **02**] to □ [----06] Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted) CNFO, 1 or 2 (see page 200) □ [Config. active] ☐ [Utilised param. set] SET1, 2 or 3 (see page 198) Select the parameter using ENT (a then appears next to the parameter). Parameter(s) can also be deselected using ENT. 1 or 2 parameters can be selected. Example: PARAM, BAR SELECT MONITORING

Name/Description [6.2. MONITOR SCREEN TYPE] □ [Display value type] [Digital]: Display of one or two digital values on the screen (factory configuration). [Bar graph]: Display of one or two bar graphs on the screen. ☐ [List]: Display a list of between one and five values on the screen. **□** [PARAMETER SELECTION] can only be accessed if [Display value type] = [List] □ [Alarm groups] □ [Frequency ref.] in Hz: parameter displayed in factory configuration. □ [Torque reference] as a % □ [Output frequency] in Hz □ [Motor current] in A □ [ENA avg speed] in Hz ☐ [Motor speed] in rpm □ [Motor voltage] in V □ [Motor power] in W □ [Motor torque] as a % in V □ [Mains voltage] □ [Motor thermal state] as a % □ [Drv. thermal state] as a % □ [DBR thermal state] as a % □ [Consumption] in Wh or kWh depending on drive rating □ [Run time] in hours (length of time the motor has been switched on) in hours (length of time the drive has been switched on) □ [Power on time] ☐ [IGBT alarm counter] in seconds (total time of IGBT overheating alarms) □ [PID reference] as a % □ [PID feedback] as a % □ [PID error] as a % □ [PID Output] in Hz □ [---- **02**] Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been to inserted) □ [----06] Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted) □ [Config. active] CNFO, 1 or 2 (see page 200), can only be accessed if [Display value type] = [List] ☐ [Utilised param. set] SET1, 2 or 3 (see page 198), can only be accessed if [Display value type] = [List] Select the parameter(s) using ENT (a then appears next to the parameter). Parameter(s) can also be deselected using ENT. PARAMETER SELECTION MONITORING Examples include: Display of 2 digital values Display of a list of 5 Display of 2 bar graphs values MONITORING Motor speed Min Motor speed max 0 1250 rpm 1500 50.1Hz Frequency ref. 1250 rpm Motor current: 80 A Motor current Min Motor current Motor speed: 1250 rpm ma 0 80 A 150 Motor thermal state: 80% 80 A Dry thermal state 80% Quick

Name/Description
[6.3. COM. MAP CONFIG.]
□ [Word 1 add. select.]
Select the address of the word to be displayed by pressing the <<, >> (F2 and F3) keys and rotating the navigation button.
☐ [Format word 1]
Format of word 1. [Hex]: Hexadecimal [Signed]: Decimal with sign [Unsigned]: Decimal without sign
□ [Word 2 add. select.]
Select the address of the word to be displayed by pressing the <<, >> (F2 and F3) keys and rotating the navigation button.
☐ [Format word 2]
Format of word 2. [Hex]: Hexadecimal [Signed]: Decimal with sign [Unsigned]: Decimal without sign
□ [Word 3 add. select.]
Select the address of the word to be displayed by pressing the <<, >> (F2 and F3) keys and rotating the navigation button.
☐ [Format word 3]
Format of word 3. [Hex]: Hexadecimal [Signed]: Decimal with sign [Unsigned]: Decimal without sign
□ [Word 4 add. select.]
Select the address of the word to be displayed by pressing the <<, >> (F2 and F3) keys and rotating the navigation button.
☐ [Format word 4]
Format of word 4. [Hex]: Hexadecimal [Signed]: Decimal with sign [Unsigned]: Decimal without sign
It will then be possible to view the selected words in the [COMMUNICATION MAP] submenu of the [1.2 MONITORING] menu. Example:
RUN Term +35.00Hz 80A COMMUNICATION MAP W3141: F230 Hex <

[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It can be used to customize parameters or a menu and to access parameters.



- 7.1: USER PARAMETERS: Customization of 1 to 15 parameters.
- 7.2 USER MENU: Creation of a customized menu.
- 7.3 PARAMETER ACCESS: Customization of the visibility and protection mechanisms of menus and parameters.
- 7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS: Adjustment of the contrast and stand-by mode of the graphic display terminal (parameters stored in the terminal rather than in the drive).

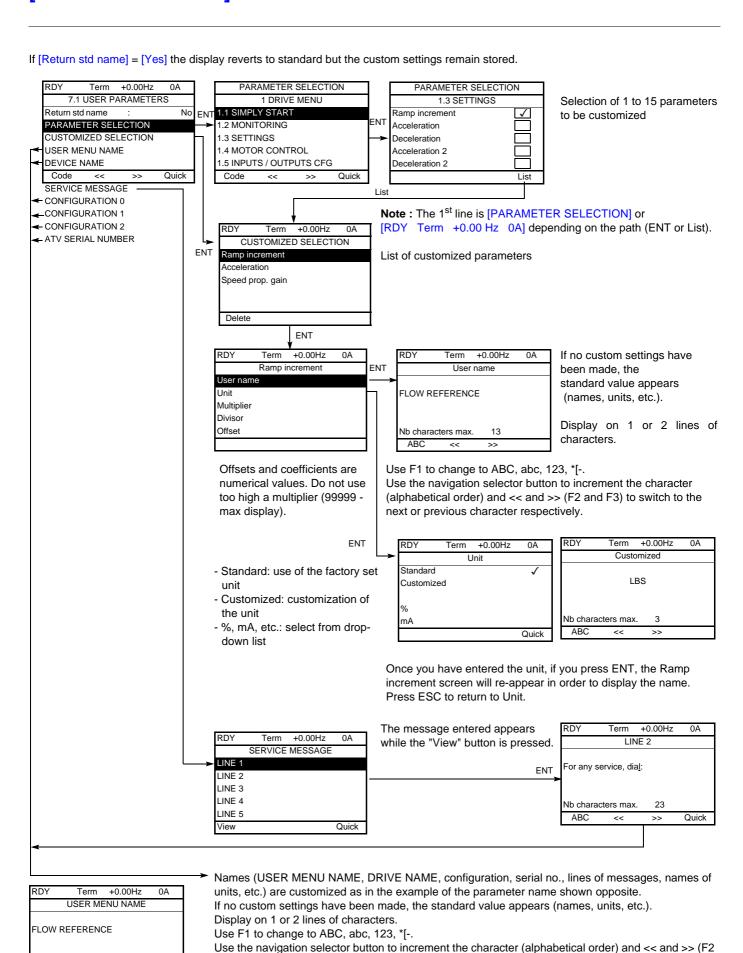
Nb characters max

ABC

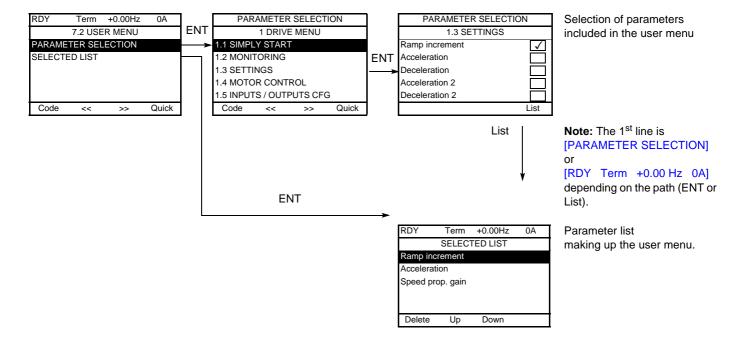
18

>>

Quick

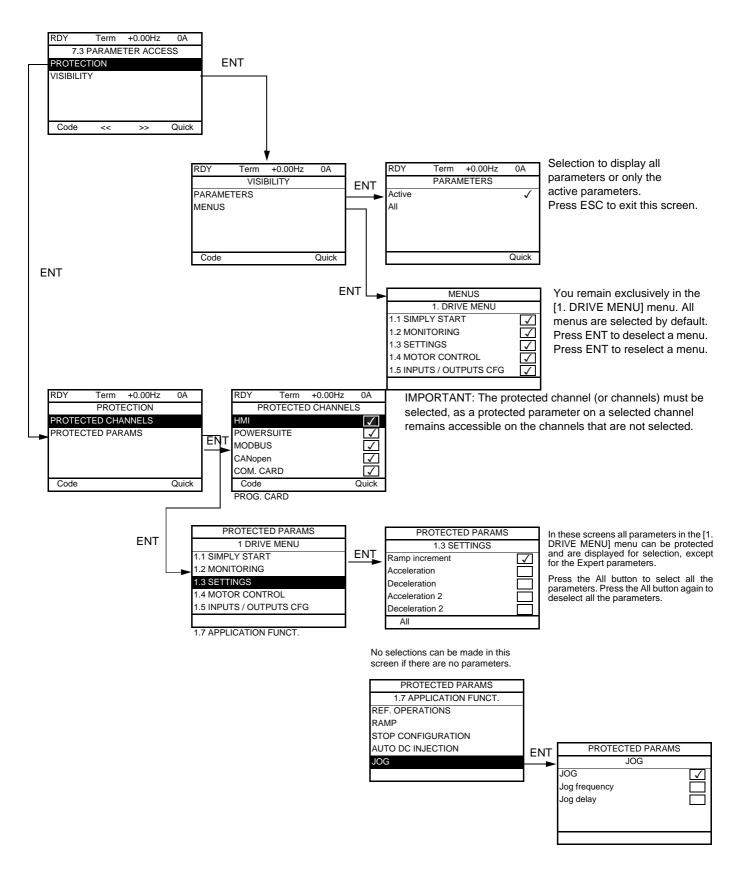


and F3) to switch to the next or previous character respectively.



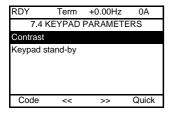
Use the F2 and F3 keys to arrange the parameters in the list (example below using F3).

RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A
	SELEC	TED LIST	
Accelerat	ion		
Ramp inc	rement		
Speed pr	Speed prop. gain		
Delete	Up	Down	



Note: The protected parameters are no longer accessible and are not, therefore, displayed for the selected channels.

[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]

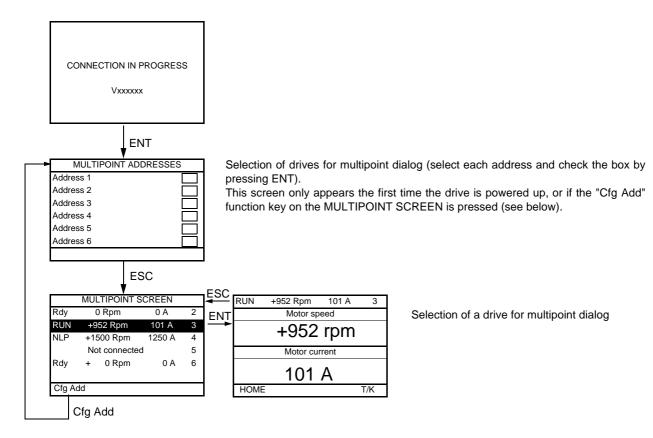


Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
☐ [Keypad contrast]	0 to 100 %	50 %
Adjustment of contrast on graphic display unit.		
☐ [Keypad stand-by] [5]		
Configures and adjusts the stand-by mode of the graphic display unit. [No]: No stand-by mode. [1] to [10]: Adjusts the time during which the terminal is to remain idle before stand-by mode is triggered, in minutes. After this idle time, the display backlight turns off and the contrast is reduced. The screen returns to normal operation we key or the navigation button is pressed. It also returns to normal operation if the terminal exits the normal display mode example, if a fault occurs.		ormal operation when a

[MULTIPOINT SCREEN]

Communication is possible between a graphic display terminal and a number of drives connected on the same bus. The addresses of the drives must be configured in advance in the [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu using the [Modbus Address] (Add) parameter, page 240.

When a number of drives are connected to the same display terminal, the terminal automatically displays the following screens:



In multipoint mode, the command channel is not displayed. From left to right, the state, then the 2 selected parameters and finally the drive address appear.

All menus can be accessed in multipoint mode. Only drive control via the graphic display terminal is not authorized, apart from the Stop key, which locks all the drives.

If there is a fault on a drive, this drive is displayed.

Maintenance

Servicing

The Altivar 71 does not require any preventive maintenance. It is nevertheless advisable to perform the following regularly:

- · Check the condition and tightness of the connections.
- Ensure that the temperature around the unit remains at an acceptable level and that ventilation is effective (average service life of fans: 3 to 5 years, depending on the operating conditions).
- · Remove any dust from the drive.

Assistance with maintenance, fault display

If a problem arises during setup or operation, first check that the recommendations relating to the environment, mounting and connections have been observed.

The first fault detected is saved and displayed, and the drive locks.

The drive switching to fault mode can be indicated remotely via a logic output or a relay, which can be configured in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu, see, for example, [R1 CONFIGURATION] (r1-) page 102.

Menu [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It displays faults and their cause in plain text and can be used to carry out tests, see page 242.

Clearing the fault

Disconnect the drive power supply in the event of a non-resettable fault.

Wait for the display to disappear completely.

Find the cause of the fault in order to correct it.

The drive is unlocked after a fault:

- · By switching off the drive until the display disappears completely, then switching on again
- Automatically in the scenarios described for the [AUTOMATIC RESTART] (Atr-) function, page 218
- By means of a logic input or control bit assigned to the [FAULT RESET] (rSt-) function, page 217
- · By pressing the STOP/RESET button on the graphic display terminal

Menu [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-):

This is used to prevent and find the causes of faults by displaying the drive state and its current values. It can be accessed with the integrated display terminal.

Spares and repairs:

Consult Schneider Electric product support.

Drive does not start, no fault displayed

- If the display does not light up, check the power supply to the drive.
- The assignment of the "Fast stop" or "Freewheel" functions will prevent the drive starting if the corresponding logic inputs are not powered up. The ATV71 then displays [Freewheel] (nSt) in freewheel stop and [Fast stop] (FSt) in fast stop. This is normal since these functions are active at zero so that the drive will be stopped safely if there is a wire break.
- Make sure that the run command input or inputs are activated in accordance with the selected control mode ([2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) parameters, page 88).
- If an input is assigned to the limit switch function and this input is at zero, the drive can only be started up by sending a command for the opposite direction (see pages 154 and 192).
- If the reference channel or command channel is assigned to a communication bus, when the power supply is connected, the drive will display [Freewheel] (nSt) and remain in stop mode until the communication bus sends a command.

Faults, which cannot be reset automatically

The cause of the fault must be removed before resetting by turning off and then back on.

AnF, brF, ECF, EnF, SOF, SPF and tnF faults can also be reset remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault reset] (rSF) parameter, page 217).

AnF, EnF, InFA, InFb, SOF, SPF, and tnF faults can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH) parameter, page 228).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
A 12F	[Al2 input]	Non-conforming signal on analog input Al2	Check the wiring of analog input Al2 and the value of the signal.
AnF	[Load slipping]	The encoder speed feedback does not match the reference	 Check the motor, gain and stability parameters. Add a braking resistor. Check the size of the motor/drive/load. Check the encoder's mechanical coupling and its wiring. If the "torque control" function is used, see "Note" on page 183.
6 O F	[DBR overload]	The braking resistor is under excessive stress	 Check the size of the resistor and wait for it to cool down Check the [DB Resistor Power] (brP) and [DB Resistor value] (brU) parameters, page 235.
brF	[Brake feedback]	 The brake feedback contact does not match the brake logic control The brake does not stop the motor quickly enough (detected by measuring the speed on the "Pulse input" input). 	Check the feedback circuit and the brake logic control circuit Check the mechanical state of the brake Check the brake linings
ЬИГ	[DB unit sh. Circuit]	Short-circuit output from braking unit Braking unit not connected	 Check the wiring of the braking unit and the resistor. Check the braking resistor The monitoring of this fault must be disabled by the [Brake res. fault Mgt.] (bUb) parameter, page 235 if there is no resistor or braking unit connected to the drive, at and above 55 kW (75 HP) for ATV71•••M3X and at and above 90 kW (120 HP) for ATV71•••N4.
ErF I	[Precharge]	Charging relay control fault or charging resistor damaged	Turn the drive off and then back on again Check the internal connections
CrF2	[Thyr. soft charge]	DC bus charging fault (thyristors)	Inspect/repair the drive
ECF	[Encoder coupling]	Break in encoder's mechanical coupling	Check the encoder's mechanical coupling
EEFI	[Control Eeprom]	Internal memory fault, control card	Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility) Turn off, reset, return to factory settings
EEF2	[Power Eeprom]	Internal memory fault, power card	Inspect/repair the drive
EnF	[Encoder]	Encoder feedback fault	 Check [Number of pulses] (PGI) and [Encoder type] (EnS) page 76. Check that the encoder's mechanical and electrical operation, its power supply and connections are all correct If necessary, reverse the direction of rotation of the motor ([Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter, page 69) or the encoder signals
FCFI	[Out. contact. stuck]	The output contactor remains closed although the opening conditions have been met	Check the contactor and its wiring Check the feedback circuit

Faults, which cannot be reset automatically (continued)

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
HdF	[IGBT desaturation]	Short-circuit or grounding at the drive output	Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor insulation. Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.
ILF	[internal com. link]	Communication fault between option card and drive	 Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility) Check the connections Check that no more than 2 option cards (max. permitted) have been installed on the drive Replace the option card Inspect/repair the drive
InFI	[Rating error]	The power card is different from the card stored	Check the reference of the power card
InF2	[Incompatible PB]	The power card is incompatible with the control card	Check the reference of the power card and its compatibility.
InF3	[Internal serial link]	Communication fault between the internal cards	Check the internal connections Inspect/repair the drive
In F 4	[Internal-mftg zone]	Internal data inconsistent	Recalibrate the drive (performed by Schneider Electric Product Support).
InF6	[Internal - fault option]	The option installed in the drive is not recognized	Check the reference and compatibility of the option.
InF7	[Internal-hard init.]	Initialization of the drive is incomplete	Turn off and reset.
InFB	[Internal-ctrl supply]	The control power supply is incorrect	Check the control section power supply
InF9	[Internal- I measure]	The current measurements are incorrect	Replace the current sensors or the power card. Inspect/repair the drive
InFA	[Internal-mains circuit]	The input stage is not operating correctly	Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu. Inspect/repair the drive
Infb	[Internal- th. sensor]	 The drive temperature sensor is not operating correctly The braking unit's temperature sensor is not operating correctly. 	 Replace the drive temperature sensor Inspect/repair the drive Replace the braking unit's temperature sensor Inspect/repair the braking unit The monitoring of this fault must be disabled by the [Brake res. fault Mgt.] (bUb) parameter, page 235 if there is no braking unit connected to the drive.
InFE	[Internal-time meas.]	Fault on the electronic time measurement component	Inspect/repair the drive
InFE	[internal- CPU]	Internal microprocessor fault	Turn off and reset. Inspect/repair the drive.
OCF	[Overcurrent]	 Parameters in the [SETTINGS] (SEt-) and [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menus are not correct. Inertia or load too high Mechanical locking 	 Check the parameters. Check the size of the motor/drive/load. Check the state of the mechanism.
PrF	[Power removal]	 Fault with the drive's "Power removal" safety function 	Inspect/repair the drive
SCF I	[Motor short circuit]	Short-circuit or grounding at the drive output	Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor insulation.
5 C F 2	[Impedant sh. circuit]	Carput	Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]
SCF3	[Ground short circuit]	Significant earth leakage current at the drive output if several motors are connected in parallel	 Reduce the switching frequency. Connect chokes in series with the motor. Check the adjustment of speed loop and brake.
5 O F	[Overspeed]	 Instability or driving load too high 	 Check the motor, gain and stability parameters. Add a braking resistor. Check the size of the motor/drive/load. Check the parameters settings for the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) function, page 232, if it is configured

Faults, which cannot be reset automatically (continued)

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
5 P F	[Speed fdback loss]	 Encoder feedback signal missing Signal on "Pulse input" missing, if the input is used for speed measurement 	Check the wiring between the encoder and the drive Check the encoder Check the wiring of the input cable and the detector used
Enf	[Auto-tuning]	Special motor or motor whose power is not suitable for the drive Motor not connected to the drive	 Check that the motor/drive are compatible Check that the motor is present during auto-tuning If an output contactor is being used, close it during auto-tuning

Faults that can be reset with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared

These faults can also be reset by turning on and off or by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault reset] (rSF) parameter, page 217). APF, CnF, COF, EPF1, EPF2, FCF2, LFF3, LFF4, ObF, OHF, OLF, OPF1, OPF2, OSF, OtF1, OtF2, OtFL, PHF, PtF1, PtF2, PtFL, SLF1, SLF2, SLF3, SrF, SSF and tJF faults can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH)parameter, page 228).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
APF	[Application fault]	Controller Inside card fault	Please refer to the card documentation
bl F	[Brake control]	Brake release current not reached Brake engage frequency threshold [Brake engage freq] (bEn) only regulated when brake logic control is assigned	Check the drive/motor connection Check the motor windings Check the [Brake release I FW] (Ibr) and [Brake release I Rev] (Ird) settings, page 160 Apply the recommended settings for [Brake engage freq] (bEn).
Enf	[Com. network]	Communication fault on communication card	 Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility) Check the wiring. Check the time-out Replace the option card Inspect/repair the drive
COF	[CANopen com.]	Interruption in communication on the CANopen bus	Check the communication bus. Check the time-out Refer to the CANopen User's Manual
EPF I	[External flt-LI/Bit]	 Fault triggered by an external device, depending on user 	Check the device which caused the fault, and reset
EPF2	[External fault com.]	Fault triggered by a communication network	Check for the cause of the fault and reset
FCF2	[Out. contact. open.]	The output contactor remains open although the closing conditions have been met	Check the contactor and its wiring Check the feedback circuit
LEF	[input contactor]	The drive is not turned on even though [Mains V. time out] (LCt) has elapsed.	
LFF3 LFF4	[Al2 4-20mA loss] [Al3 4-20mA loss] [Al4 4-20mA loss]	Loss of the 4-20 mA reference on analog input AI2, AI3 or AI4	Check the connection on the analog inputs.
0 b F	[Overbraking]	Braking too sudden or driving load	 Increase the deceleration time Install a braking resistor if necessary Activate the [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) function, page 139, if it is compatible with the application
OHF	[Drive overheat]	Drive temperature too high	 Check the motor load, the drive ventilation and the ambient temperature. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting.
OLF	[Motor overload]	Triggered by excessive motor current	Check the setting of the motor thermal protection, check the motor load. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting.
OPF I	[1 output phase loss]	Loss of one phase at drive output	Check the connections from the drive to the motor

Faults that can be reset with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared (continued)

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
OPF2	[3 motor phase loss]	Motor not connected or motor power too low Output contactor open Instantaneous instability in the motor current	 Check the connections from the drive to the motor If an output contactor is being used, parameterize [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Output cut] (OAC), page 221. Test on a low power motor or without a motor:In factory settings mode, motor phase loss detection is active [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Yes] (YES). To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment, without having to use a motor with the same rating as the drive (in particular for high power drives), deactivate motor phase loss detection [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [No] (nO) Check and optimize the following parameters: [IR compensation] (UFr), page 73, [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) and [Rated mot. current] (nCr) page 68 and perform [Auto-tuning] (tUn) page 69.
0 5 F	[Mains overvoltage]	Line voltage too highDisturbed mains supply	Check the line voltage
O E F I	[PTC1 overheat]	Overheating of the PTC1 probes detected	Check the motor load and motor size. Check the motor ventilation.
OFF 5	[PTC2 overheat]	Overheating of the PTC2 probes detected	Wait for the motor to cool before restarting Check the type and state of the PTC probes
OFFL	[LI6=PTC overheat]	Overheating of PTC probes detected on input LI6	
PEFI	[PTC1 probe]	PTC1 probes open or short- circuited	Check the PTC probes and the wiring between them and the motor/drive
PEF2	[PTC2 probe]	PTC2 probes open or short- circuited	
PEFL	[LI6=PTC probe]	 PTC probes on input LI6 open or short-circuited 	
5 C F 4	[IGBT short circuit]	Power component fault	 Perform a test via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu. Inspect/repair the drive
5 C F S	[Motor short circuit]	Short-circuit at drive output	 Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor's insulation Perform tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu. Inspect/repair the drive
SLFI	[Modbus com.]	Interruption in communication on the Modbus bus	Check the communication bus. Check the time-out Refer to the Modbus User's Manual
SLF2	[PowerSuite com.]	 Fault communicating with PowerSuite 	Check the PowerSuite connecting cable.Check the time-out
5 L F 3	[HMI com.]	Fault communicating with the graphic display terminal	Check the terminal connection Check the time-out
5 r F	[TORQUE TIME OUT FLT]	The time-out of the torque control function is attained	Check the function's settings Check the state of the mechanism
5 5 F	[Torque/current lim]	Switch to torque limitation	Check if there are any mechanical problems Check the parameters of [TORQUE LIMITATION] (tLA-) page 185 and the parameters of the [TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT.] (tld-) fault, page 230).
Ł JF	[IGBT overheat]	Drive overheated	 Check the size of the load/motor/drive. Reduce the switching frequency. Wait for the motor to cool before restarting

Faults that can be reset as soon as their causes disappear

The USF fault can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH) parameter, page 228).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
C F F	[Incorrect config.]	Option card changed or removed	Check that there are no card errors. In the event of the option card being changed/removed deliberately, see the remarks below
		Control card replaced by a control card configured on a drive with a different rating	 Check that there are no card errors. In the event of the control card being changed deliberately, see the remarks below
		The current configuration is inconsistent	Return to factory settings or retrieve the backup configuration, if it is valid (see page 247)
EF I	[Invalid config.]	Invalid configuration The configuration loaded in the drive via the bus or communication network is inconsistent.	Check the configuration loaded previously. Load a compatible configuration
dLF	[Dynamic load fault]	Abnormal load variation	Check that the load is not blocked by an obstacle Removal of a run command causes a reset
HEF	[Cards pairing]	The [CARDS PAIRING] (PPI-) function, page 236, has been configured and a drive card has been changed	 In the event of a card error, reinsert the original card Confirm the configuration by entering the [Pairing password] (PPI) if the card was changed deliberately
PHF	[Input phase loss]	 Drive incorrectly supplied or a fuse blown Failure of one phase 3-phase ATV71 used on a single-phase line supply Unbalanced load This protection only operates with the drive on load 	 Check the power connection and the fuses. Use a 3-phase line supply. Disable the fault by[Input phase loss] (IPL) = [No] (nO). (page 222)
U 5 F	[Undervoltage]	Line supply too lowTransient voltage dip	Check the voltage and the parameters of [UNDERVOLTAGE MGT] (USb-), page 225

Option card changed or removed

When an option card is removed or replaced by another, the drive locks in [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault mode on power-up. If the card has been deliberately changed or removed, the fault can be cleared by pressing the ENT key twice, which **causes the factory settings to be restored** (see page 247) for the parameter groups affected by the card. These are as follows:

Card replaced by a card of the same type

- I/O cards: [Drive menu] (drM)
- Encoder cards: [Drive menu] (drM)
- · Communication cards: only the parameters that are specific to communication cards
- · Controller Inside cards: [Prog. card menu] (PLC)

Card removed (or replaced by a different type of card)

- I/O card: [Drive menu] (drM)
- Encoder card: [Drive menu] (drM)
- · Communication card: [Drive menu] (drM) and parameters specific to communication cards
- Controller Inside card: [Drive menu] (drM) and [Prog. card menu] (PLC)

Control card changed

When a control card is replaced by a control card configured on a drive with a different rating, the drive locks in [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault mode on power-up. If the card has been deliberately changed, the fault can be cleared by pressing the ENT key twice, which causes all the factory settings to be restored.

User settings tables

Menu [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Code	Name	Factory setting	Customer setting
ECC	[2/3 wire control]	[2 wire] (2C)	
C F G	[Macro configuration]	[Start/Stop] (StS)	
bFr	[Standard mot. freq]	[50 Hz] (50)	
n P r	[Rated motor power]	According to drive rating	
U n 5	[Rated motor volt.]	According to drive rating	
n E r	[Rated mot. current]	According to drive rating	
F r 5	[Rated motor freq.]	50 Hz	
n 5 P	[Rated motor speed]	According to drive rating	
<i>EFr</i>	[Max frequency]	60 Hz	
PHr	[Output Ph rotation]	ABC	
I E H	[Mot. therm. current]	According to drive rating	
ACC	[Acceleration]	3.0 s	
d E C	[Deceleration]	3.0 s	
L S P	[Low speed]	0	
H 5 P	[High speed]	50 Hz	

Functions assigned to I/O

Inputs Outputs	Functions assigned
LI1	
LI2	
LI3	
LI4	
LI5	
LI6	
LI7	
LI8	
LI9	
LI10	
LI11	
LI12	
LI13	
LI14	

Inputs Outputs	Functions assigned
LO1	
LO2	
LO3	
LO4	
AI1	
AI2	
AI3	
Al4	
R1	
R2	
R3	
R4	
RP	
Encoder	

User settings tables

Other parameters (table to be created by the user)

Code	Name	Customer setting
<u> </u>		

Code	Name	Customer setting

Index of functions

[2 wire] (2C)	<u>40</u>
[2nd CURRENT LIMIT.]	187
[3 wire] (3C)	<u>40</u>
+/- speed	148
+/- speed around a reference	<u>150</u>
[AUTO DC INJECTION]	142
[AUTOMATIC RESTART]	218
[Auto tuning]	<u>42</u>
[AUTO TUNING BY LI]	203
Brake logic control	<u>156</u>
[CATCH ON THE FLY]	219
Command and reference channels	116
Deferred stop on thermal alarm	223
Direct power supply via DC bus	213
[DRIVE OVERHEAT]	222
[ENA SYSTEM]	<u>79</u>
[ENCODER CONFIGURATION]	100
[EVACUATION]	211
[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-)	245
[FAULT RESET]	217
[FLUXING BY LI]	<u>153</u>
Half floor	212
High-speed hoisting	167
[JOG]	144
Limit switch management	<u>154</u>
Line contactor command	188
Load measurement	<u>165</u>
[Load sharing]	84
Load variation detection	233
Motor or configuration switching [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]	200
Motor thermal protection	220
[Noise reduction]	82
Output contactor command	190
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[4. PASSWORD] (COd-)	252
PID regulator	172
Positioning by sensors or limit switches	<u>192</u>
Preset speeds	145
PTC probes	215
[RAMP]	136
[REFERENCE SWITCH.]	<u>134</u>
Rope slack	170
[RP CONFIGURATION]	98
Save reference	152
[STOP CONFIGURATION]	140
Stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch	<u>194</u>
Summing input/Subtracting input/Multiplier	133
Synchronous motor	<u>75</u>
Torque limitation	<u>184</u>
Torque regulation	<u>181</u>
Traverse control	204
Use of the "Pulse input" input to measure the speed of rotation of the motor.	231

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1/11 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 LI P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E E -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [.)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	[1.6 COMMAND] (<i>E t L</i> -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION]	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F [5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C 🛭 d -)
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A5C-					<u>114</u>						
<i>АЗС-</i>					<u>114</u>						
AC 2			<u>54</u>				138 151 178				
ЯСС	<u>43</u>		<u>54</u>				<u>136</u>				
ЯЧС							<u>142</u>				
A G C O									<u>240</u>		
Add									<u>240</u>		
ЯІІЯ		<u>51</u>			<u>93</u>						
AIIE					<u>93</u>						
AIIF					<u>93</u>						
A 1 15					<u>93</u>						
AIIE		-4			93						
A 15A		<u>51</u>			94						
A 12E					94 94						
A ISL					94						
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я ізя		<u>51</u>			<u>95</u>						
A 13E					<u>95</u>						
A I 3 F					<u>95</u>						
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A I3E					<u>95</u>						
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ЯІЧЕ					<u>96</u>						
A IYF					<u>96</u>						
A IYL					<u>96</u>						
A 145					<u>96</u>						
A 14F					<u>96</u>						
A IC I					<u>97</u>		<u>176</u>				
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япоя									<u>240</u>		
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AO IF					<u>111</u>						
AO IF					<u>110</u>						
A O S					<u>112</u>						
A O 2 F					<u>112</u>						
A O S F					<u>112</u>						
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AO3F					<u>113</u>						
AO3F					<u>113</u>						
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ASL2					<u>112</u>						
ASL 3					<u>113</u>						
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<i>bEE</i>			<u>65</u>				<u>161</u>				
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Ь ІР							<u>160</u>				
b Ir			<u>64</u>				<u>161</u>				

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br A							<u>139</u>				
br H O							<u>163</u>				
br H I							<u>163</u>				
<i>b</i>							<u>164</u>				
6 r H 3							<u>164</u>				
<i>ЬгНЧ</i>							<u>164</u>				
br O								<u>235</u>			
br P								<u>235</u>			
Ьгг							<u>164</u>				
brt			<u>64</u>				<u>161</u>				
ЬгИ								<u>235</u>			
65P					<u>91</u>						
65E							<u>160</u>				
ЬИЬ								<u>235</u>			
CCFG	<u>40</u>										
C C 5						<u>125</u>					
C d I						<u>125</u>					
C 4 2						<u>125</u>					
C F G	<u>40</u>										
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CHAS							<u>198</u>				
CHCF						<u>124</u>					
СНП							<u>203</u>				
C L 2			<u>60</u>				<u>187</u>				
C L I			<u>60</u>	<u>81</u>			<u>187</u>				
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C O F							<u>171</u>				

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C 0 P						<u>126</u>					
[Or							<u>171</u>				
CP I							<u>166</u>				
CP2							<u>166</u>				
CrH2					<u>94</u>						
[rH3					<u>95</u>						
Cr H4					<u>96</u>						
[rL2					<u>94</u>						
[rl3					<u>95</u>						
ErL4					<u>96</u>						
Γ5 E											<u>253</u>
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C F F				<u>70</u>							
4 A S							<u>135</u>				
E R b							<u>135</u>				
d A F							<u>195</u>				
d A L							<u>195</u>				
d A r							<u>195</u>				
d A S							<u>191</u>				
d b n							<u>183</u>				
d b Р							<u>183</u>				
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d5 I							<u>151</u>				
d 5 P							<u>149</u>				
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E b O							<u>209</u>				
ECC								<u>230</u>			
ECF								230			
EF I					<u>101</u>						
EFr					<u>101</u>						
EIL					<u>101</u>						
EnA				<u>80</u>	100						
EnC				<u>78</u>	100						
E n 5				<u>76</u>	100						
EnU				<u>78</u>	<u>101</u>			004			
EPL ErCO								<u>224</u>	240		
ELF								224	<u>240</u>		
FI				<u>71</u>				224			
F 2				<u>71</u>							
F2d			<u>66</u>	7.1							
F 3			<u>00</u>	<u>71</u>							
F4				<u>71</u>							
F 5				<u>71</u>							
FCP				<u>72</u>							
FESI										<u>247</u>	
FdE								<u>232</u>			
FFE			<u>66</u>				<u>140</u>				
FLI							<u>153</u>				
FLO									241		
FLOC									<u>241</u>		
FLOE									241		
FLr								<u>219</u>			
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F9L			<u>66</u>								
F 9 5		<u>50, 52</u>									
F9E								<u>232</u>			
FrI						<u>124</u>					
Fr 1b							<u>134</u>				
Fr2						<u>125</u>					
FrH		<u>50, 52</u>									
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Fr55				<u>75</u>							
FrE							<u>138</u>				
Fry-										<u>247</u>	
FSE							<u>140</u>				
FEd			<u>66</u>								
G F S										<u>247</u>	
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16 c A							<u>166</u>				
IdA				<u>74</u>							
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IntP							<u>185</u>				
IPL	<u>41</u>							222			
Ir d			<u>64</u>				<u>160</u>				
I E H	<u>43</u>		<u>55</u>								
79 <i>C</i>			<u>65</u>				<u>162</u>				
JF ₽			<u>66</u>								

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JFH			<u>66</u>								
J G F			<u>61</u>				<u>144</u>				
J G E			<u>61</u>				<u>144</u>				
7 D C							<u>144</u>				
JPF			<u>66</u>								
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L P C ≥				<u>86</u>							
L b C 3				<u>86</u>							
LbF				<u>86</u>							
L C 2							<u>187</u>				
LCr		<u>50, 52</u>									
LCE							<u>189</u>				
L d 5				<u>73</u>							
LE5							<u>189</u>				
LEE								224			
LFA				<u>74</u>							
LFF								237			
L F L 3 L F L 4								<u>227</u>			
LFΠ				<u>74</u>							
L 15 1		<u>51</u>									
L 152		<u>51</u>									
LLC							<u>189</u>				
LO I					<u>105</u>						
LO 1d					<u>105</u>						
L O IH					<u>105</u>						
L 0 15					<u>105</u>						
L 0 2					<u>105</u>						

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L O 2 H					<u>105</u>						
L 0 2 5					<u>105</u>						
L D 3					<u>106</u>						
L 0 3 d					<u>106</u>						
L D 3 H					<u>106</u>						
L 0 3 5					<u>106</u>						
L 0 4					<u>106</u>						
L 0 4 d					<u>106</u>						
LOYH					<u>106</u>						
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LPI							<u>166</u>				
LP2							<u>166</u>				
L 9 5				<u>73</u>							
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ПЯЗ							<u>135</u>				
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л П Я В									<u>239</u>		
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nrd				<u>82</u>							
n 5 L				<u>74</u>							
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n 5 E							<u>140</u>				
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o O 6		<u>50, 52</u>									
0 C C							<u>191</u>				
0 d F								<u>221</u>			
OF I				<u>81</u>							
OHL								<u>222</u>			
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PAH			<u>63</u>				<u>177</u>				
PAL			<u>63</u>				<u>177</u>				
PAS							<u>196</u>				
PAU							<u>178</u>				
PEr			<u>64</u>				<u>177</u>				
PE5							<u>166</u>				
PF I					<u>98</u>						
PFr					<u>98</u>						
PGA					<u>101</u>						
PG I				<u>76</u>	<u>101</u>						
PH5				<u>73</u>							
PHr	<u>42</u>			<u>69</u>							
PIA					<u>98</u>						
PIC							<u>177</u>				
PIF							<u>176</u>				

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1 n -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 Ll P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E E -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [.)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	[1.6 COMMAND] (<i>E t L</i> -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Un -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (E D II -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (<i>E D d -</i>)
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P IF 2							<u>176</u>				
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r 35					<u>104</u>						
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rEA							<u>191</u>				
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r 5 P 211 171 <td< th=""><td>г5П</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td><u>74</u></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	г5П				<u>74</u>							
r 5 L L 171 r 5 U 211 r L H 50,52 r L O 183 r L r 210 S H 2 135 S H 3 135 S H F 195 S H L 195 S H 2 195 S H 2 195 S H 3 195 S H 4 223 S C L 171 S C S I 142 S D C 2 59 S D 3 142 S D 3 196	r 5 N 5				<u>75</u>							
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5Fr <u>60</u> <u>81</u>	5 F d							<u>196</u>				
	5 <i>F</i> r			<u>60</u>	<u>81</u>							
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5 L L <u>229</u>	5 L L								229			
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Ł b E			<u>64</u>				<u>161</u>				
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tbr2									<u>240</u>		
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£ F O 2									<u>240</u>		
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